Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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THE READERS
of this paper may kindly communicate their address to us. They will then realize what enormous benefit it brings to them.
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Br. Cabinet's Reply To Hitler

Under Powerful Thumb Of Stalin!

HITLER'S POSITION UNDER RUSSO-GERMAN PACT

No Reason For Europe To Be Upset, Assures G. B. S.

Interviewed by our London Correspondent Mr. George Bernard Shaw said, he could not understand why people were upset about the Russo-German Pact, which, on the other hand, served to check the fast deteriorating situation.

UNDER STALIN'S THUMB

HERR HITLER WAS NOW UNDER THE POWERFUL THUMB OF M. STALIN, WHOSE INTEREST IN PEACE WAS OVERWHELMING.

ANY INFLUENCE THAT THE SOVIET DICTATOR HAD, WAS BOUND TO BE RESTRAINING ONE. HE WAS THE ONE MAN BEYOND SUSPICION IN THE MATTER OF PEACE.

Crisis News In Brief

NEW YORK—The German Embassy has protested to the State Department against the detention of "Bremen" announced by the North-German-Lloyd Office in New York.

* * * *

BUCHAREST — Rumania has begun to fortify her frontier facing Soviet Russia along the valley of the Diniester where in the past week additional Russian troops and a number of tanks have been observed from the Rumanian side.

* * * *

LONDON—The Foreign Secretary and Sir Alexander Cadogan spent sometime in consultation with the Premier at No. 10, Downing Street on Tuesday afternoon and later Mr. Chamberlain went to the Palace to report to His Majesty on the day's developments. Mr. Eden called at the Foreign Office on Tuesday evening and saw Lord Halifax for an hour.

* * * *

WARSAW.—Poland has accepted the offer of Queen Wilhelmina and King Leopold to use their good offices with a view to solving the crisis, according to an official communique.

* * * *

LONDON—Lord Halifax remained with Mr. Chamberlain for a hundred minutes. When leaving the Foreign Office he stated that the Cabinet will meet later in the morning.

* * * *

"No solution of the situation will be acceptable unless it strengthens the peace front and manifests that the attempt to extract concessions by force has failed," declared Mr. Anthony Eden broadcasting to America. Those thunderstruck by the Soviet-German Pact were not peace front nations but allies of Nazis.

* * * *

WARSAW, August 2.—According to the latest details, 17 persons were killed and 13 injured in the explosion at Tarnow.

* * * *

NEW YORK, August 30.—The authorities have ordered "Acquitania" "Transylvania" and "Normandie" to remain in harbour pending a search by customs authorities.

A Communique issued simultaneously with the appearance of posters calling up trained reserves draws especial attention to the entry of German troops to Slovakia.—Reuter.

STORM OVER ADDRESS TO SUBHAS

MADRAS: Aug. 30.

By 21 to 17 votes the Council of the Madras Corporation this evening decided not to present an address of welcome to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, thus rescinding its previous resolution to the contrary.

Uproarious scenes marred the proceedings of the Council to-day, when the question of the presenting an address to Mr. Subhas Bose came up for reconsideration, and feelings between the Congress Party and other parties in the House ran so high that the Mayor had to adjourn the House abruptly for a while.—United Press.

TO SHELTER FLOOD REFUGEES

TOKYO, Aug. 30.

The British Concession authorities in Tientsin have commandeered the Yokohama Specie Bank in order to shelter flood refugees, according to the Domie, Agency. The Japanese Consul General has protested.

The building had been evacuated by the Japanese at the commencement of the 'blockade.'—Reuter.

YEN-STERLING LINK TO BE MAINTAINED

TOKIO, Aug. 30.

Officials of the Finance Ministry, the Bank of Japan and the Yokohama Specie Bank at a joint meeting re-affirmed Japan's maintenance of the existing Yen-Sterling link on the basis of fourteen pence to the Yen, according to the Domei Agency.

Officials of the Ministry and the two Banks are expected to keep this attitude for the time being while carefully watching further developments in the International Currency situation.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR LEAVES FOR CHANGTU

CHUNGKING, August 30

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left here for Changtu by air this morning.

He may either proceed directly to Kunming 'en route' to India or return to Chungking first before leaving for India.—Reuter

CHUNGKING, Aug. 30.

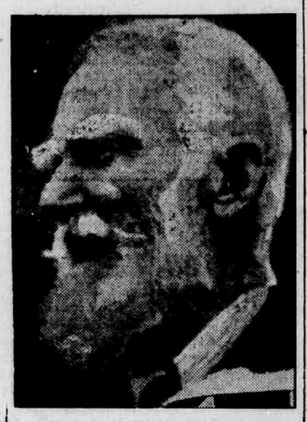
In consequence of a cable from the Congress authorities requesting him to return, Pandit Nehru will probably curtail his stay in China.

He left for Chengtu by air this morning in accordance with prearranged schedule and may leave for India from Chengtu.—Reuter.

Nazi Reaction To Belgian Mediation Offer

General Mobilisation In Poland: Warsaw & Paris Decrees

ACCORDING to the latest "inspired" statement from Berlin, political circles received the mediation offer of the Belgian and Netherland sovereigns "with the greatest sympathy. German efforts are being exerted in the same direction and Germany has already taken the initiative and the issue now depends on the decision in London."



G. B. S.

General Mobilisation In Poland

"No Intention Of Provocation": Sale Of Alcohol Restricted

WARSAW, Aug. 30.

Reports from Warsaw state that a decree for almost general mobilisation has been issued this afternoon, when placards made appearance all over the city.

The decree affects all trained reserves up to the age of 40 and those called up will have to report to-morrow. The order will not affect a great number of men as the majority of trained reserves are already with colours.

Orders have been given for the conscription of horses, motor cars, bicycles but this will apply only to owners who receive personal summons. The sale of alcohol is severely restricted.

It is stated, the measures have been taken with no intention of provocation and these have been called for by the recent measures taken by Germany.—Reuter.

NO GENERAL MOBILISATION?

LONDON, Aug. 30.

It is now stated that the Defence measures taken in Poland do not amount to general mobilisation, but are practically so.—Reuter.

POLAND AGREES TO EXCHANGE OF POPULATION

WARSAW. Aug. 30.

Approval of a suggestion for the exchange of German and Polish populations as a contribution to the solution of the crisis is made in the official "Gazeta Polska."—Reuter.

CONSUL IMPRISONED AND EXCHANGED

WARSAW, August 30.

The Polish Consul General at Marienwerder who was besieged in his Consulate has been handed over to Polish Consul General at Koenigsberg.

In retaliation the German Consuls at Lwow and at Teschen were confined in their Consulates and are now being brought to the embassy in Warsaw.—Reuter.

GERMAN NOTE IN BR. CABINET

LONDON August 30.

THE British Cabinet met at 11-30 a. m. to study Herr Hitler's reply. The Cabinet deliberated for an hour and 25 minutes.

No further meeting of the Cabinet has been arranged.

This may be due to the need for communication with other Governments.

It is learnt that the British Government have communicated the terms of the German Note to Colonel Beck this morning.

A further reply to Herr Hitler is probable. The matter is now being considered by the Cabinet. It is learnt that the German Note contained three and a half pages of typescript.

BRITISH CABINET'S DRAFT REPLY

LONDON, Aug. 30.

It is learned in authoritative circles that it is anticipated that the British reply to the latest note from Herr Hitler will be despatched to Berlin to-day, through the usual channels to Sir Nevile Henderson

It is understood that the British Government's reply will be of such a nature that further communication from Herr Hitler is not unlikely.

It is believed that the Cabinet had Draft Reply before them when they met this morning and this was prepared after examination of Herr Hitler's Note by experts, which began as soon as it was received. This examination continued until 04.00 (G.M.T.) today and was resumed for several hours before the Cabinet meeting.

Reports from Warsaw state that general mobilisation has been decreed this afternoon.—Reuter.

NEW JAPANESE CABINET

TOKYO, August 29.

In the new Cabinet General Nobuyuki Abe becomes the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs. General Shunroku Hata, Minister for War and Vice-Admiral, Zengo Yoshida, Minister for Navy.—Reuter.

An earlier telegram said:—

It is understood that none of the members of the outgoing Cabinet are likely to be retained in the new Government which is expected to be headed by General Nobuyuki Abe, a former Supreme War Councillor with General Rensuke Isogai, Chief of Staff of the Kwangtung Army in Manchukuo as War Minister, Vice Admiral Zengo Yoshida, Commander-in-Chief of the combined fleet and first fleet, Navy Minister and Mr. Shigemitsu, Ambassador in London as Foreign Minister.

KING INSPECTS ARRANGEMENTS

LONDON, Aug. 30.

His Majesty drove from Buckingham Palace to the War Office and Air Ministry this afternoon accompanied by the Duke of Gloucester.

His Majesty inspected various arrangements and dispositions.—Reuter.

Berlin Rumour

BERLIN: Aug. 30.

Important conferences have been taking place at the Chancellery all through the day. Crowds again began to collect in the evening to watch the coming and going of officials.

A rumour is circulating to-night that an important Government communication is imminent, but such a declaration has been expected for the past week.—Reuter.

Paris Decree

PARIS, Aug. 30.

A Decree is being published tomorrow requisitioning railways.—Reuter.

Evacuation Of School Children

PARIS, Aug. 30.

Eight thousand school children, each carrying two days' food and blanket in a small suit case evacuated to-day to children's colonies established in Orleans and other towns to the South-West of the Capital.

To mitigate the pain of parting, relatives accompanied the children as far as their new homes.—Reuter.

VON PAPEN FOR TURKEY

ISTANBUL, August 30.—Herr von Papen left unexpectedly for Ankara, it is stated upon instructions from Berlin.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGES 7 & 14)

Ban On City Papers Declared Illegal

High Court Criticises Device Of Turning P. R. O. Into 'Press Censor'

Order Under Section 144 Too Vague And Wide: Magistrate Cannot Delegate Personal Discretion To Third Party

Judgment was delivered on Wednesday by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court in the appeal, filed by Mr. A. P. Marzban, Editor, Printer and Publisher of "Jam-e-Jamshed" and Mr. Nassarwanji Engineer, Editor and Publisher of "Kom Sevak" against the orders of the Chief Presidency Magistrate prohibiting them from publishing articles about riots or the Property Tax, except with the previous approval of the Public Relations Officer to the Government.

Too Wide And Vague

In setting aside the orders as illegal, Their Lordships held that the order was too wide and vague and the Magistrate had wrongly delegated to a third party the discretion which is solely vested in him by law to decide the nature of publication that is prohibited by his order.

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION

The Chief Justice in the course of his judgment dealt with the preliminary objection raised by the Advocate General that since the order of the Magistrate had been cancelled by a subsequent order of August 9, the High Court had no jurisdiction to enquire into the legality or otherwise of the order.

On this point His Lordship gave the instance of cases in which an appellant had undergone the full term of his sentence, and still the High Court had set aside the sentence on proper materials being shown. On this analogy, His Lordship held that it was open to this court to set aside an order, if it thought that it ought not to have been made, even though the order might have ceased to be in operation.

It was further argued that the High Court had no jurisdiction to interfere in an ex-parte order, because under Section 144 (Cl. 5), it was open to the aggrieved party to move the Magistrate to have the order rescinded. But his Lordship did not accept this view.

If the Magistrate's order was illegal and must be set aside, the only court that could do, under section 439, was the High Court.

MATERIAL FACTS

Coming to the merits of the case, His Lordship observed that section 144 required that the material facts on which the order was based should be mentioned in the order. The only fact stated in this case was that a riot had occurred on August 1 in connection with the procession organised to protest against the Property Tax. But the procession was perfectly legal, and there was nothing mentioned in the order to show why the procession had become riotous or what connection there was between the riotous procession and the paper. Nor did the order show that the paper had made any unfair comments or advocated any unlawful activity. The paper in its career of over a hundred years had never published anything which might be treated as incitement to violence.

MAGISTRATE'S EXPLANATION

In his explanation to the High Court, the Magistrate had given no reasons why he had selected only five papers including the "Jame" for serving such an order, omitting the others. All he stated was that the papers he had selected were, in his opinion, likely to publish such matters as were likely to lead to a breach of the peace. But he had not attempted to answer the evidence which had been put in on behalf of the petitioner.

The reasons, if there were any, to justify such an order, must be strong ones. In a country where

(Continued on page 8, col. 6)

Rajkot Report Reactionary?

Parishad Leader To Lead Campaign Against Proposed Reforms

(From Our correspondent)

Rajkot, August 30

It is understood, the Rajkot Reforms Committee Report which will be published to-morrow will be retrogressive and contains seeds of communal discord. The privileges of the Praja Parishad, it is surmised are the target of attack by the Durbar which might gag all opposition to the Press.

Sjt. Dhebu, the Parishad leader it is said will defy the probable ban, taking the consequences.

The Janmashtami fair which the Durbar is holding against the wishes of the people is likely to be a turning point in the history of Rajkot peoples' struggle for democracy.

RAJKOT REFORMS: UNANIMOUS REPORT?

RAJKOT, Aug. 30.

Mr. Dhebar, President of the Rajkot Praja Parishad, told the Associated Press that he had written a letter to Durbar Virawala withdrawing his co-operation from the Reforms Committee. He refused to be drawn in further discussion at this juncture.

Durbar Virawala said that he had received Mr. Dhebar's letter and said that he might make a statement very shortly in that connection.

UNANIMOUS REPORT.

Durbar Virawala stated that the report of the Reforms Committee was ready and was being forwarded to the Thakore Saheb. He said that the Committee had been unanimous in drafting the report.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

Britain's Reply

LONDON: August 30.

The British reply to Herr Hitler was despatched to Berlin by telegram this afternoon, Reuter learns. It is understood that the reply leaves the door open for further negotiations.—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND DENMARK

LONDON, Aug. 30

It is announced that Britain has assured Denmark that so long as neutrality is observed by Germany, it will, of course, be respected by Britain.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted Graduates, Lawyers, Doctors, Engineers, Clerks and Overseers. Apply for terms to No. 12209, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Clerks, Overseers, Lawyers, Doctors and Engineers. Apply for "Terms" to Kapoor and Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (12094)

Wanted—For the Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Province, Bombay 1, a duly qualified Lady to serve as an Organising Commissioner for the Girl Scout Section. Applications should state age, qualifications and training experience and be accompanied by copies of testimonials. Lady Scouters with physical education training and a knowledge of the local languages will be preferred. Salary Rs. 75 to Rs. 100. (510)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

An Indian gentleman seeks any respectable job such as manager of any concern or Salesman or Agency work or as travelling Agent of a big concern M. A. experienced, possessing a good personality and references. Reply Box No. 12203 "Bombay Chronicle."

Civil Engineer—Indian, 36, brilliant career in theoretical, practical work in Europe, America, Africa, desires to return to India. Knows well English, French, German, Portuguese. Speaks, understands Hindustani, Spanish, Italian. Seeks responsible position in building enterprise, technical college. Will send "curriculum vitae" and credentials to those interested. Box No. 537, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

To Let—Airy single and Double-rooms in noiseless locality. Moderate rent with all comforts. Tardeo, Ganjawalla Buildings. (12178)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let Moderate Rent Luxurious Airy flats facing Sea Churchgate reclamation. With three bed rooms attached English and Indian Bath rooms, Drawing Dining, Kitchen and Servant Room. Bomb Proof Construction. Phone 34837. (12205)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Gonorrhoea Guaranteed cured through Electricity as in Germany and America. Visit personally, Electric Treatment Hospital, near Lamington Talkies, Lamington Road, Bombay, 7. (12176)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 5th and 6th September, 1939, (PARSI NEW YEAR) and THURSDAY, the 7th September, 1939 (GOKUL ASHTAMI), these days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

A. McCULLOCH.
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 26th August, 1939.
911.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for two posts of Station Officer in the provisional grade of Rs. 150-5-190 with free quarters in the Fire Brigade Department. They should be addressed to the undersigned on prescribed forms to be obtained from his Office on payment of 4 annas each and must reach him not later than the 28th September, 1939.

Applicants should be not more than 30 years of age, should have passed at least the Matriculation examination of any Indian University or a corresponding examination of any British University and be of sound physique and able to pass a test in Fire Brigade Work.

The two selected candidates will be on probation for a period of one year and will be subject to the Municipal Service Regulations in regard to leave, pay etc., and will be amenable to the benefits of the Municipal Pension Rules.

Candidates who are already in Municipal Service should submit their applications on the prescribed forms through the Heads of their Departments.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant for appointment.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.

N. COOMBS.
Chief Officer, Fire Brigade.
Fire Brigade Headquarters,
Byculla, Bombay.
26th, August, 1939.
904.

THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Iron and Steel Company, Limited, will be held on Wednesday, the 27th September, 1939, at 11-0 a.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, 12, Mission Row, Calcutta, to transact the following business:

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1939, and to declare a dividend on Ordinary Shares.
(2) To elect a Director in place of Mr. P. J. P. Thomas, who retires and is eligible for re-election.
(3) To elect a Director in place of Mr. K. L. Jatia who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
(4) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Carl Bendix who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
(5) To elect a Director in place of Sir P. P. Ginwala who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th September to 27th September, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 20th August, 1939.

NOTE.—If the Dividend on shares as recommended by the Directors is passed at the Meeting, it will be paid on or after 28th September, 1939, to those Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 27th September, 1939.

924.

Public Notices

NOTICE

THE JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
Ewart House, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for 21 ord. and 10 pref. Shares Nos. 110991, 111000, 968190, 124751 and pref. 45047/56, standing in the name of late Mahomad Suleman Patel, have been lost or mislead. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the above company within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued to Moosa Mahomad Patel, the son of late Mohamad Suleman Patel, who has applied the company for issue of such duplicate certificates and to transfer these shares on his name as the only son and surviving heir for the—Properties and credits of his deceased father, who died at Ranavav, Porbandar, on 28th March, 1921.

Dated this 31st day of August 1939.

LALJI NARANJI & CO.,
Managing Agents.
(12210)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAGANNATH BANWARILAL PODAR alias BANWARILAL JAGANNATH PODAR, has agreed to sell all his right, title and interest in the land and premises described in the Schedule below "and to obtain a perpetual Sub-lease thereof from our clients."

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share or otherwise in the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office at Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim or interest as aforesaid.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Junction of Ghell Street and Lamington Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2090 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 1902, part of Byculla Division and in the Book of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4093 (1), and Street No. 109, Ghell Street and known as Agripada West estate Plots Nos. 109 and 120, Scheme No. II and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Tyeballi Mahomedalli & Co., on or towards the West by Lamington Road, on or towards the North by the property of Indian Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and on or towards the South by Ghell Street.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1939.

LITTLE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
890.

PATHE
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
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CHARLES BOYER
SUN. 3RD SEPT. MORNING SHOW 10 A.M.
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SHOBHANA SAMARTH
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7th WEEK at
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Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

32
Theatres All Round INDIA, Screen Shree RANJIT'S
SANT TULSIDAS
Directed by JAYANT DESAI.
10 TENTH GREAT WEEK AT
OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 4, 7, & 10 p.m.

THRILLING THOUSANDS DAILY!
ALEXANDER KORDA presents
FOUR FEATHERS
IN TECHNICOLOR
With its DRAMA, SPECTACLE & FLESH & BLOOD EXCITEMENT
A United Artists Programme
EXCELSIOR
2-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Please note change in Matinee timing.

SOCIAL PROGRESS ON THE SCREEN!
For the First time on Indian Screen, Shree Ranjit Movietone have the honour of presenting a theme —which means social Progress on the screen!
SEE IN
Shree RANJIT'S
Soul Surging Social
"ADHURI KAHANI"
Starring:
DURGABAI KHOTE, PRITHVIRAJ, ROSE, K. DATEY. etc.
Direction: CHATURBHUJ DOSHI.
Dialogue: CASHYAP.
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Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

MINERVA'S "PUKAR" OR
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THE GRANDEST SHOW IN TOWN!
"PUKAR" BEING SHOWN SIMULTANEOUSLY AT
CENTRAL
and
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DAILY 4, 7 and 10
HOLIDAY MATINEES AT 1-30
SOHRAB MODI, CHANDRAMOHAN and NASEEM
ENRICH
"THE GREAT MOGHUL"
An Evergreen Release

REFORMS IN MYSORE

Recommendations Of Committee Very Inadequate

(From A Correspondent)

BANGALORE. (By Mail).

"That the cabinet may consist of the Dewan and not less than four Ministers, two at least of whom should be non-officials", is no information handed over to us by the Mysore Reforms Committee, but it is only a confirmation of a long prevailing rumour, probably even before the constitution of this Committee itself, in the official circles. It is strange that the Committee has voiced forth in majority the official view of the future constitution, and not the popular feeling in the State.

MYSORE TO-DAY

As we all know, Mysore State is surrounded on all sides by the British Indian Provinces, which are administered by the Popular Ministries. Mysore is otherwise well-known for so many things. The cultural and industrial advancement made by Mysore, have earned encomiums from all over the world. Mysore is called a Model State by some, while others call it a Modern State. Yet some one has called it a "Ram Raj". Princes from the North, come to Mysore for their administrative training. With all these attainments, regarding the selection of a non-official member to the Executive Council, the Reforms Committee opine that "it is out of question that the leader of the majority party in either house, should be sent for, and asked to join the Ministry. The political conditions in the State, at present, do not warrant such a course". Even the suggestion made by some of the members of the Committee "that they should be appointed from out of panels elected by the selected members of each house, if not, directly elected by the elected members thereof", has been rejected by the majority. Because the Committee feel that for the appointment of members to the Executive Committee, in the earlier stages, it is imperative that general capacity, and worth and aptitude for administrative work, if not actual experience ought to be the primary considerations in judging fitness rather than success in elections, which may depend on other qualities.

ELECTED MINISTERS

People all over India, have anxiously watched the progress of the Popular Ministries in the British Indian Provinces for these three years, and it is too many to enumerate the number of advancements made by them in the short space of time. The introduction of Prohibition in Salem and other Districts and Bombay City, by statute, is enough to declare what the Popular Ministries are capable of doing, a thing which was once in the dream land. Have the members of the Mysore Reform Committee ignored all these things? Did not they know the present Premiers, and other positions before they came to the helm of affairs? Who sat in judgment, if any of these Premiers had general capacity, worth, or aptitude for administrative work? Yet the progress made by them are greater than that made by the preceding ministries. We all know that most of the present Premiers and Ministers were ordinary citizens pursuing different avocations in life. Selection of a non-official member from the elected members of the House, will certainly not amount to fettering the discretion of the Ruler; on the other hand, it amounts to sharing the burden of administering the State to a greater decree with the Ruler.

HIGH COURT JUDGES

The Committee ought to have included the case of High Court Judges, who retire or resign from service, and enter the bar to practise. Such judges ought to be allowed to practise as it is very unhealthy. It is not consistent to the dignity of a High Court Judge, who once adorned the High Court Bench, to be moving about the Court premises holding small briefs. Further, when they appear before the lower subordinate judiciary, they are likely to place them in an embarrassing situation, which might sometime end in misdirecting the clients, or the judiciary, or in miscarriage of justice.

CIVIC RIGHTS

The Committee's declaration that the fundamental rights of the people may be recognised by the Government in such a manner as the Government may consider suitable, is no recommendation. The right of free expression of opinion, as well as the right to assemble peacefully and without arms, and to form associations and unions, for purposes, not opposed to law, is no kind guarantee, as this right can be taken away at any time, at one opposed to law. What the Committee could have recommended, was to have all the repressive provisions of law, which greatly take away the fundamental civil rights of a person, repealed.

COMMUNAL ELECTORATE

The recommendation of the Committee for reservation of seats for the Muslims, the Indian Christians and the Europeans and election to them by separate elections from various constituencies, will not receive much support even from the reasonable and enlightened public opinion in the country. Communal tension between the Hindus and the Muslims, is not much prevailing in the South, and establishment of separate seats for these communities and separate constituencies, will rapidly foster communal feelings in the people of the State.

RECOMMENDATIONS INADEQUATE

The recommendations made by the Committee are very inadequate, and they do not keep pace with the times, and consistent with the public opinion, both within and outside the State. The Government should either refer back the scheme to a more properly representative committee or introduce it after radical changes, so that it is acceptable to people of all shades of opinions and views and the original peace and contentment, for which Mysore has been famous all these years, with its present Maharaja, be restored.

Weather Report

(From Our Correspondent.)

POON, August 30.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st June.	Rainfall Difference from Normal
Agra	100	82	—	14.8	—4.6
Amraoti	84	74	—	20.4	—1.2
Akola	84	75	T	22.3	+1.5
Ahmedabad	86	72	0.2	17.0	—6.5
Ajmer	97	79	—	6.7	—8.7
Ahmednagar	83	70	—	10.2	—0.7
Ambala	100	80	—	16.7	—1.8
Allahabad	91	77	0.9	31.6	—3.2
Benares	93	78	0.7	24.6	—3.2
Bareilly	99	82	—	20.6	—9.8
BOMBAY	84	73	0.4	48.3	—7.6
Bangalore	82	65	—	9.2	—3.1
Bhopal	84	73	—	39.0	—
Barodz	85	77	T	23.5	—
Belgaum	94	67	0.5	36.6	—22.9
Bahawalpore	94	89	—	1.7	+2.0
Bijapur	84	73	—	9.5	+1.6
Bellary	83	73	—	5.3	—0.6
Bhavnagar	84	76	0.4	23.7	+7.9
Cuttack	82	81	4.0	28.5	—6.6
Cawnpore	98	82	T	20.2	—4.7
Calicut	88	70	T	82.1	+2.5
Cocanada	85	77	0.1	14.7	—1.3
Cochin	84	76	—	74.2	+10.2
Dehra Dun	92	70	0.5	67.2	+4.7
Delhi	101	83	—	10.6	—7.1
Dehra I. Khap	105	83	—	0.3	—4.4
Desa	91	76	2.4	8.6	—11.0
Dalhousie	—	—	—	40.4	—10.9
Fort Sandeman	97	72	—	3.3	—1.5
Gorakhpur	98	83	—	37.3	+3.0
Hyderabad (Dn.)	84	71	0.3	11.6	—5.5
Hyderabad (Sd.)	107	81	—	—	—5.4
Indore	83	72	T	20.4	—3.0
Jhansi	92	80	0.1	27.0	+0.2
Jubbulpore	86	74	3.7	41.5	+0.2
Jacobabad	103	87	—	—	—2.1
Jaipur	97	78	—	6.1	—11.9
Karachi	85	77	—	0.1	—5.4
Kodaikanal	66	53	—	11.1	—4.7
Khandwa	85	73	—	17.7	—2.6
Lucknow	98	80	1.0	27.3	+0.8
Ludhiana	103	84	—	10.6	—6.8
Lahore	103	84	—	7.4	—5.0
Lyallpur	100	83	—	5.4	—2.9
Multan	106	86	—	2.6	—
Mysore	80	66	—	5.9	—2.8
Madras	97	79	0.1	3.3	—7.0
Marmagoa	80	74	2.5	66.3	—
Malegnon	83	72	—	15.5	+3.3
Mussoorie	74	62	0.1	41.3	—20.1
Mahableshwar	64	60	2.3	195.3	—28.3
Murree	75	06	—	19.4	—10.9
Mount Abu	77	69	T	14.4	—33.6
Masulipatam	91	76	—	11.3	—6.4
Mandalay	91	77	—	70.4	+7.5
Mangalore	88	73	2.1	93.5	—2.4
Meerut	—	—	—	11.3	—9.3
Mercara	69	62	1.1	75.3	—16.9
Nagpur	88	73	0.1	29.5	—4.5
Ootacamund	60	50	—	21.2	+0.3
Patna	92	79	0.2	38.4	+5.2
Peshawar	100	81	—	1.1	—2.7
Poona	80	70	—	13.5	—1.8
Pachmarhi	78	68	0.6	70.8	+14.6
Port Blair	84	72	0.1	42.5	—9.6
Quetta	99	64	—	0.6	—
Ranchi	83	71	1.4	37.4	+0.1
Rawalpindi	97	75	—	11.1	—7.7
Rangoon	87	75	0.2	62.7	+3.8
Ratnagiri	82	76	0.3	111.0	+30.0
Rajkot	86	76	—	4.8	—16.0
Sialkot	99	84	—	12.0	—7.0
Srinagar	87	60	—	2.7	—3.4
Sholapur	88	70	—	8.8	—4.4
Shillong	81	67	0.2	44.3	—0.5
Simla	74	62	0.1	35.8	—5.3
Surat	82	77	0.3	27.2	—5.2
Salem	93	74	—	14.6	+1.1
Trichinopoly	95	78	—	7.4	+0.7
Trivandrum	84	77	—	26.7	+2.0
Vizagapatam	85	79	T	8.5	—5.6

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

TOTAL RAINFALL STILL 7.61 INCHES BELOW NORMAL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Despite the wet weather that prevailed in the city during the last several days, the rainfall as recorded at Colaba is still 7.61 inches below normal and 16 inches below the total received up to the same day last year, which was an above the average year.

But there is every reason to believe that the deficiency will be made up in the next few days. Every depression formed over Bengal, since the turn of the monsoon has brought its own generous quota of rainfall and Tuesday's weather report states that the new depression which was formed in the north and the Bay of Bengal developed into a storm. This may indicate the continuation of wet weather for a few more days in the city.

The following is the rainfall figures for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Wednesday morning with the corresponding figures for the same day last year:—

	This year	Last year.
Colaba	27 cents	37 cents.
Fort	40 cents	25 cents.
Byculla	45 cents.	54 cents.
Matunga	43 cents.	48 cents.

The total rainfall received upto date this year and last year is as follows:—

	This year	Last year
Colaba	48.23 inches	64.06 inches.
Fort	48.56 inches	65.42 inches.
Byculla	51.50 inches	69.59 inches.
Matunga	44.39 inches	67.77 inches.

The maximum temperature reached on Tuesday was 83 degrees which is three degrees below normal, and the minimum was 74.2 degrees, one degree below normal.

RAINFALL RECORD

POONA, August 30.

Yesterday's cyclonic storm near Sandheads crossed the coast near Balasore and moved west-northwestwards and lies this morning as a deep depression with its centre near Pendra. The monsoon has been vigorous in east Central Provinces and strong in south Bengal, Orissa, west Central Provinces. It has been active in Chota Nagpur, Bihar east United Provinces, east Gujarat and Konkan. Rainfall occurred locally in Assam west United Provinces, east Central India, Bombay, Deccan and Mysore while a few falls were reported from Kashmir, west Gujarat, south Hyderabad, Malabar, southeast Madras and north Madras Coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall were:— Raipur five inches, Cuttack, Jubbulpore, Khandalla four; Narayanganj, Pendra three; Deesa, Mangalore and Marmagoa two, Ranchi, Tezpur, Kanker and Jagdalpur one and half; Hazaribagh, Lucknow, Seoni, Mercara one; Benares and Allahabad three-quarters.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely to continue in east Central Provinces and extend to west Central Provinces, Berar and Central India in the next 48 hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 30-8-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.022 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.8 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.0 degrees 2.1 (below normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.2 degrees 1.5 (below normal).
Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 96 p.c.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 225 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 32 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.
Rain in 24 hours 0.27 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 10.50 inches.
Total rainfall during the year 48.26 inches.
Weather Remark—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 30-8-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.73 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

TONGAWALLAS ON HARTAL

Protest Against Poona Municipality's Bus Service Scheme

POONA, Aug. 30.

Tongawallas of Poona, numbering over 700, are on hartal from to-day 12 noon as a protest against the Poona Municipality's scheme for the institution of a Bus service in the city.

The Tongawallas have announced a mass march on the Municipal Building this evening when the General body of the Municipality will meet to give formal sanction to the scheme.

The service, which is expected to start operating in the course of September, will be run by a private firm, but with the permission and under the control of the Poona Municipality.—A.P.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

"No More Anti-Indian Films"!

Producer Korda Tells Baburao Patel He Will Respect Indian Sentiments

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The man who made "Drum" and the man who kicked a hole right through it and got it banned in several provinces in India came face to face at the London Films Studios at Denham, England. The British Film Institute arranged this meeting between Baburao Patel, editor of "Filmindia" and President, Film Journalists' Association of India, who is on a world tour, and Alexander Korda, the prominent British film producer.

NOTHING RIGHT

"What was wrong with my "Drum"? was almost the first question Korda asked and it took Baburao Patel several hours to tell him that there was nothing right with it. At length Baburao Patel explained the political and psychological situation in India, why people resented such Imperialist themes as "Drum." Korda expressed regret if he had injured Indian sentiments and pleaded that he had merely produced the picture as entertainment and not as propaganda. "Even as that," retorted Patel, "you ended by slandering my people."

In the end, however, Korda saw the point of the Indian's argument and has promised to be extra careful about Indian sentiments in future. Mr. Patel regards it as a graceful gesture on the part of Producer Korda.

Baburao Patel was very cordially received at the London Film Studios where he was entertained by Alexander Korda and June Duprez, the new star who appears in "Four Feathers" and "Thief Of Baghdad," and Sabu, the Indian boy star of London Films.

Baburao Patel left England by S.S. "Normandie" on 23rd August for New York 'en route' to Hollywood.

"What was wrong with my film 'DRUM'?" asked Alexander Korda and Baburao Patel is trying to tell him that there was nothing right with it!

Around The Courts

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

About 16 persons were rounded up yesterday by the Bhoiwada Police at Kesaribhagh and were produced before Mr. G. A. Sabnis Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, to-day.

All the accused were remanded into police custody for a fortnight.

Chhotu Saherali, who was arrested near the Alexandria Docks on August 26, for possessing opium without a permit, was sentenced today by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court to 14 days rigorous imprisonment.

Fakir Mahomed Ali Khan was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment on a charge of possessing opium without permit.

While carrying a bag of wheat on his back Namoo Tatyaba Kharade, a labourer, fell down and died on the spot at Princess Dock.

A verdict that death was caused by fracture and dislocation of vertibral column due to his having accidentally fallen down was recorded by the City Coroner.

The jury added that the bag itself fell on the deceased's body when he fell down.

At the inquest held on Lalkhan Sarbaz, the Bombay City Coroner's jury retunred a verdict of death due to a homicidal stab wound in the abdomen inflicted by means of a sharp weapon by some unknown person.

Mr. Hewson, Inspector, Dongri Police station, stated that the deceased while in Hospital could not give the name of any one whom he suspected. The deceased, however, told him that he was stabbed by some one from behind while he was just entering a building at Imam Wada Road.

The police have been unable to trace the culprit so far.

"A SILLY JOKE."

Holding that they had no dishonest intention and that they only tried a silly practical joke in stripping naked an astrologer, the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, acquitted Costano Fernandez, an artist, and two others of a charge of theft preferred against them by the astrologer.

The Magistrate was of the opinion that the accused, being young men, tried a practical joke, though very silly on an astrologer, as his predictions did not come true. It was clear that they had no criminal intention.

Bahadursingh Makansingh, the complainant deposed that on July 11, he went to the studio of the first accused, when the latter asked for the return of two rupees, which had been given him two days before for reading the accused's hand. He refused to return the money whereupon the first accused threatened him. With assistance of the two other accused, the first accused was alleged to have taken the complainant's clothes one by one and made him completely naked. He was then given a rag and the complainant had to go to the Police station only with a rag covering his nakedness.

The accused pleaded not guilty.

INQUIRY INTO STRANDING OF S. S. "JALARAJAN"

A Marine Court of Inquiry presided over by the Chief Presidency Magistrate met to-day at the Esplanade Police Court to inquire into the stranding of the s.s. "Jalarajan," off Mutton Lighthouse on June 24. The assessors are Captain T. Fitchet and Captain F. Harrison.

Mr. N. K. Pettigara, Public Prosecutor, giving a statement of the case, said that the inquiry was held under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act. The vessel s.s. "Jalarajan left Calcutta for Bombay on June 14, with a crew of 73, and about 7,124 tons of coal cargo. There were no passengers in it.

On June 24 at about 3 a.m. the vessel was in full speed of about 7½ knots. The weather was moderate. The master of the ship heard shouts of fishermen, who did not exhibit any lights. The helm was put hard over to the starboard with the intention of clearing them, when the vessel struck a rocky obstruction, which the master concluded was Crocodile Rock.

The vessel sustained considerable structural damage and eventually reached Cochin on June 25.

Mr. Fredrick D. Chamond, master of the vessel, then gave evidence.

Two persons were arrested by the Nagpada police yesterday on a charge of assaulting a man.

Billankhan Mukarabkhan and Fathekhan Billankhan were placed before Mr. D. S. Babreker, Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagaon Court, to-day and were ordered to be released on bail.

Fined For Possessing Liquor

Alfonso De'Mello, convicted by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, to-day at Mazagaon Court, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25 in default one week's rigorous imprisonment, on a charge of possessing of country liquor .

DR. E. STANLEY JONES IN BOMBAY

To Deliver Lectures On "Present Order" And "Kingdom Of God"

Dr. E. Stanley Jones will deliver a series of five addresses in Bombay, from September 7th to 12th, 1939, as detailed below.

Sept. 7th (Thurs.) 6-30 p. m. Public Address at the Taj Mahal Hotel, on "The Present Order, Fascism, Communism and the Kingdom of God," under the Chairmanship of Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor, University of Bombay.

Sept. 8th (Fri.) 6-30 p.m. Public Address at the Taj Mahal Hotel, on "Is the Kingdom of God the Answer?", under the Chairmanship of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.

Sept. 9th (Sat.) 6-30 p.m. Public Address at the Taj Mahal Hotel, on "Is the Kingdom of God Idealism or Realism?", under the Chairmanship of Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, Principal, Government Law College.

Sept. 10th (Sun.) 4-30 p.m. Public Address at the Taj Mahal Hotel, on "What Christ means to me," under the Chairmanship of Right Rev. Philip Lloyd, Bishop of Nasik.

Sept. 12th (Tues.) 6-30 p.m. Public Address at the Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla, on the "New Life Movement for Christians," under the Chairmanship of Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle.

In addition to the above public meetings, there will be held at the Robinson Memorial, Byculla, special meetings for Christian leaders, guided by Dr. Stanley Jones, each morning at 8-30 a.m., from the 7th to 9th and 11th to 13th September. On Sunday, 10th September, at 10 a.m. there will be a special service at the Hume Memorial Church when Dr. Stanley Jones will preach.

A cordial invitation is given to people of all creeds and Communities to attend these addresses. Many University students and others in Bombay already know Dr. Jones through his previous visits and through his books. Among his writings many thousands have read "The Christ of the Indian Road," "Christ of the Round Table," "The Christ of Every Road," "Christ and Human Suffering," "The Christ of the Mount," "Christ's Alternative to Communism" and "Victorious Living." To those who have not yet heard Dr. Jones it may be said that he is a man with a real message for the needs of our day and generation and that his speaking is of a kind that offends no man's religion or conviction. Dr. Jones is admittedly one of the ablest public speakers, whether it be in the United States, England, S. Amercia, India, China or Japan.

THE QUEUE HABIT

Indian Railways To Launch Campaign To Educate Public

On the invitation of the Central Publicity Officer, Indian State Railways, an informal meeting of representatives of the Press in Bombay and of the Safety First Association, Passengers and Traffic relief Association, Bombay Steam Navigation Company, the G.I.P. and B.B. & C.I. Railways and leading cinema houses and organisations in the City was held in the office of the General Manager, G.I.P. Railway, on Monday, to consider the best means of inculcating among the passenger public the habit of queueing up when purchasing tickets.

Among the suggestions made were the display of pictorial posters in a prominent manner at all important railway stations, the erection of rails near the ticket-windows, the stationing of a uniformed policemen or volunteer near these windows so as to instruct the passengers to form queues, incorporation of lessons bearing on the queue-habit in school books, broadcasting of discourses on the subject through the radio and illustrated booklets and so on.

It is understood that the State Railways are contemplating the starting of an active campaign to educate the travelling public in the queue-forming habit and there is no doubt that some, if not all the suggestions made at the meeting, will be put into effect gradually all over the country, so as to lessen the congestion and consequent obstruction to traffic that occurs very often at railway stations owing to behaviour of the passengers during rush hours.

The opening ceremony of the Sandhurst Road branch of the Devkaran Nanji Banking Company Ltd., was performed on Monday morning. A group photo of the Directors and Manager of the Bank, taken on the occasion.

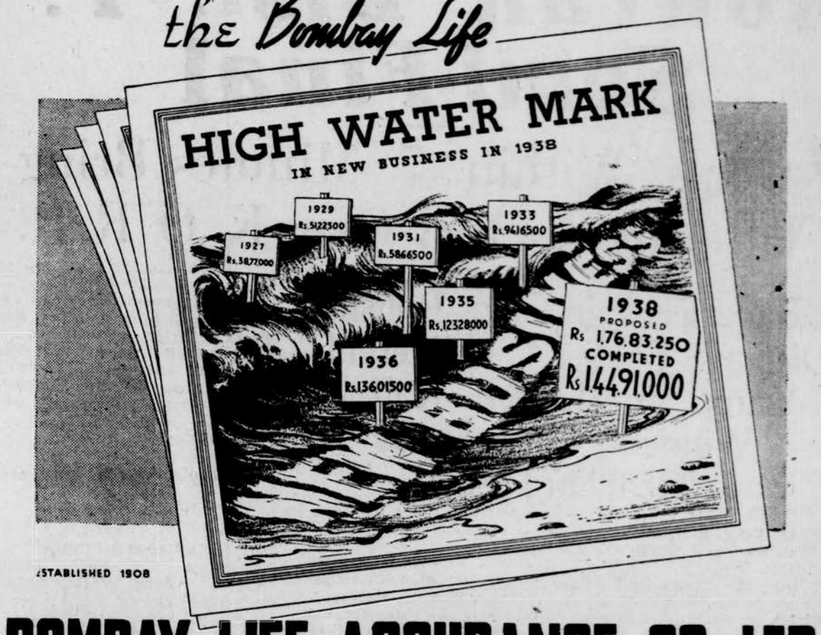
FAMOUS SCIENTIST TO VISIT INDIA

Prof. Millikan Will Arrive In November

Prof. Robert A. Millikan, whose book on "Cosmic Rays" is to be published in the autumn by the Cambridge University Press, will leave Pasadena on August 15 for New Zealand, Australia and India where he will make experiments to get information about cosmic rays by sending up numbers of balloons in specially favourable places. These experiments will be conducted under the auspices of the Carnegie Corporation and the British Meteorological Society.

Dr. Millikan expects to arrive in India on 15 November, and will conduct experiments in the Madras area, in Agra, Lahore and Bombay. He will also send up some balloons at Port Said and at Genoa, before going to London, which he expects to reach in the middle of January.

Reflecting Increasing Confidence in the Bombay Life



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NO NEED FOR COURT OF INQUIRY

C. P. Premier's Reply To Ruikar

NAGPUR, Aug. 29.

That most of the grievances redress for which was sought by a deputation of workers have already been redressed and that the issues on which agreement was not reached relate to rationalising in the Textile industry which does not require the appointment of a Court of Enquiry is the substance of a letter received by Mr. Ruikar, President of the Nagpur Textile Union from Hon. Pt. Ravishankar Shukla, Premier of the Central Provinces.

This is with reference to a deputation of textile workers which waited on the Premier at Nagpur and Pachmarhi in April and May last seeking redress for some standing grievances of the workers in the industry.—United Press.

Free Distribution Of Chitrakut Asthma Medicine

The Secretary of the Chitrakut Sevasram states that it was decided under the advice of Shree Paramhansa Kalyandas Maharaj, the president of the meeting, to arrange free distribution of the Asthma medicine on 28th September. Public should note this change of date and communicate in advance with the Secretary, Chitrakut Sevasram, Chitrakut P. O. Banda District.

ROVERS CUP (QUARTER-FINAL)

Howrah Dist. F. A. In Semi-Final

3 Goals Within 7 Minutes Bring Flattering Victory Over K O R. R.

K. Banerji Again Gives Polished Display: Soldiers' Indifferent Game In Latter Half: Winners' Chances Of Reaching Final

HOWRAH DIST. R. A. - - - - - - - - - - - - 3
(Narsima 2 and S. Mitter)
K. O. R. R. - - - - - - - - - - - - Nil.

Scoring three goals within seven minutes with dramatic suddenness early in the latter half, the Howrah Dist. F. A. XI registered a creditable, if somewhat flattering, victory over much-fancied military opponents, 1st Bn. the King's Own Royal Regt. (Madras), in their quarter-final encounter in the All-India Rovers Tournament, played on the Cooperage ground last evening. The winners incidentally earned the distinction of being the first team to enter the semi-finals of the present tournament, where their opponents will be either the 3rd Field Brigade R. A. or the Young Mohammedans F. C. (Quetta)—pending the decision of this evening's quarter-final between the latter teams.

Howrah's Chances Of Reaching Final

In any case, if present form is any criterion the Bengal team should have a comparatively easy passage into the final—making suitable allowances, of course, for upsets. Cooperage form speculators are even, and with good reason, envisaging the possibilities of an All-Calcutta final. If, as is likely, the Bangalore Muslims win Saturday's re-play, the Holders will almost certainly be meeting the Calcutta Rangers in the second semi-final—as the Rangers should have things pretty much their own way against the Suffolks, the latter, in spite of a creditable third round victory over a strong Karachi XI. having failed to impress much as a match-winning combination.

Prospects Of Other Teams

A Rangers-Bangalore Muslims encounter should provide excellent fare for local soccer fans. Ground conditions normal the Rangers should just about scramble through, even though the Holders are, it is reported, to be strengthened by the inclusion of Atkinson one of their permanent 'stars,' who, it is learnt, had hitherto, been busy with a Hockey Tournament in Bangalore. D'Cruse and Boosey will speak perspiration before they can get Jardine on the wrong side, and R. Lumsden won't exactly give Kaderavelu a nice time!

K. Banerji, Real Hero

Speaking of the evening's soccer, it was unexpectedly enough a singularly tame affair. The King's Own, fresh from their great victory over the Meakin Cup holders, the redoubtable 'Kosbies,' took the field with the odds slightly in their favour, particularly in view of the softish ground and also the fact that sporadic flashes and individual performances apart, Howrah had not revealed much calibre in their last two encounters, specially the immediately preceding one against the Delhi Young Men when K. Banerji alone saved the day for them.

Incidentally the same player, dependable and brilliant as he is again played the most important role in the Bengal team's victory last evening. Had it not been for the Howrah right-anchor's marvellous anticipation and spirited tackling, there can be no gainsaying the fact that the soldiers would have crossed over with at least a couple of goals on their book. As things turned out, however, the Mohan Bagan 'star' was in revelation form and collaring attack after attack by the military quintette. In the earlier half, with exemplary confidence and determination, before it had time to spell danger, this one player alone steered his side through a period of ominous possibilities from Moris and his men. In the 13th and 25th minute of play, particularly, K. Banerji's fine anticipation and disarming presence of mind alone prevented Morris from finding the net.

3 Goals In 7 Minutes!

Even though they had enjoyed definitely a larger share of the territorial advantage in the first half, the soldiers, obviously as the result of a series of determined, almost desperate efforts reduced to nought; began to crack up during the latter half, which had begun with a blank score-card.

In direct contrast, the civilians who had all along been annoyingly lukewarmish before recess—having throughout resorted to futile, dry ground, tap and dribble tactics—soon braced up and rallied vigorously. After Roberts had rather risky smothered a first-timer from Narsima in the very first minute after resumption, S. Mitter put in a magnificent solo spirit only to send over when nicely worked up. Play was now transferred to Howrah's zone and in the 4th-minute the soldiers forced a corner which, however proved abortive. Rahman cleared and Osman redirecting to Narsima saw the latter soon running down the centre in fine style with Lyons at his heels. A corner against the K. O. R. R. resulted but proved futile. Howrah continued to press hotly and were soon rewarded, though in a distinctly inelegant manner. During a scrimmage in the military goal-mouth, Hitchins unsuccessfully tried to check Narsima, and apprehensive of the possible results of the scuffle Roberts excitedly rushed out, leaving the ball to quietly roll off the civilian spearhead's foot into an empty charge, in the 39th minute of the game (1—0). Hardly had the soldiers recovered from this unfortunate and undeserved reverse, when 6 minutes later Ranganath taking a free kick, well outside the P.A. dropped the ball dangerously close to the 'destiny' line for Narsima, standing unmarked to again do the needful with a neat flick which literally caught Roberts napping (2—0). Even this wasn't all. Right from the resultant kick-off, S. Mitter, picking up a stray pass from the centre broke away in hectic style and eluding defender after defender in cavalier fashion, ran well up and beat Roberts all ends up with an absolutely unmanageable angular drive into the extreme-right corner of the net. (3—0). Three goals within 7 minutes! Enough to throw any side off the balance. And this is what precisely happened. For from now on, the King's Own gradually fell away and their subdued methods in the concluding stages of the game right up to the final whistle—were a complete antithesis of the brilliant and determined tactics which only a few days earlier had stood them in good stead against the 'Kosbies'. Howrah emerged flatteringly easy winners, the three clear goals' margin hardly indexing correctly the relative strength of the contestants.

RESULT:
HOWRAH DIST. F. A. 3 goals.
K. O. R. R. Nil.

The teams were:
HOWRAH DIST. F. A.: B. Sarkar, K. Banerji (Captain) and Rahman, Ranganath, Osman and Jumman, Krishna, A. Jones, Narsima, S. Mitter ond P. Banerji.

K. O. R. R.: Roberts. Jenkins (Captain) and Aston, Carnley, Lyons and Hitchins, Abbott, Woods, Morris, Rogers and McLoughlin.

REFEREE: Mr. Hibbert.

To-day's Match (Rovers Cup

(COOPERAGE)
QUARTER-FINAL

5-35 p.m.: 3rd Field Brigade R.A. v. Young Mohammedans F.C. (Quetta).

THANA TABLE-TENNIS

The semi-finals of the above tournaments were played on Tuesday, the 29th inst. with the following results:—

CARROM (DOUBLES)
E. Pereira and G. Pereira beat A. Remedios and B. Aguiar 29—22, 29—23.

TABLE-TENNIS (SINGLES)
E. Pereira beat A. Remedios 21—18, 21—7.
P. Rebello beat J. Serpes 21—3, 21—9.

The following finals will be played on the 7th September:—

CARROM (DOUBLES)
E. Pereira and G. Pereira v. B. D'Penha and J. D'Souza.

TABLE-TENNIS (SINGLES
E. Pereira v. P. Rebello.

A Review
"THE FIELD" (MADRAS)
Re-appears In Attractive Form

"The Field—Madras", edited by Mr. C. V. Nagaraja Sastri and published by the Madras Publishing House, Ltd., 19, Mount Road, Madras.

We cordially welcome the re-appearance of the "Field—Madras" after a lapse of six months. Its publication was unavoidably suspended due to a prolonged strike at their Press. It has now come out in a more attractive form. Several engaging articles from the pens of such well-known sports critics as G. P. Hughes, D. R. Stuart, James Buchanan and others adorn its pages. We wish the magazine greater success and an unbroken career of utility in the future.

J. C. MAITRA.

WRESTLING IN LAHORE
"King-Kong" To Meet Either Gunga, Hamadia Or Imam Baksh

(From Our Correspondent.)
LAHORE, (By Mail.)

"King-Kong", the Heavy-weight Hungarian wrestler, who is at present in Solan, will meet here during the Winter, either Phailwan Gunga, Phailwan Hamadia or Phailwan Imam Baksh in a catch-can-catch or in Indian style wrestling bout.

Mitchell Gill And Tony Lanarro's Challenge

Mitchell Gill, Champion Heavy-weight wrestler of Yorkshire and Tony Lanarro, Heavy-weight Champion wrestler of Italy, who are now in Lahore, have challenged some of the Punjab Heavy-weight Phailwans for a contest either in a catch-can-catch or Indian style.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

M. C. C. Visit Impossible This Year

(BY LOOKER-ON)

Since I wrote last week the European situation has gone from bad to worse. And it seems that a world conflagration is imminent. In the circumstances, the M.C.C. visit to this country is impossible this year. No definite announcement in this respect has been made yet. On the other hand, a note from the Honorary Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India has been published in the press which intimates the acceptance by the M.C.C. of the various alterations suggested by the Board of Control in respect of the itinerary, appointment of the Indian manager, etc. It may be that the M.C.C. would wait till the war has been actually declared to intimate cancellation of the tour.

PITY OF IT!

It is a matter of extreme pity that the world should be involved in a bloody war so soon. The horrors of the last one are still fresh in our memory. It certainly requires a brute—not a human being—to forget it so easily and think of another drama of annihilation and destruction so short a time. The misfortune of it is that the sportsmen of the world, who are even to-day shaking hands of one another in a true spirit of friendliness, will be engaged in the destruction of their own fraternity for the benefit of nobody in particular. It will only bring woe and misery to all.

ROVERS PROGRESS

Despite the monsoonish condition of the weather at home and the cloudy atmosphere of Europe, the Rovers Cup Football Tournament is continuing its career in the usual course. The next few days will see its culmination. Although the tournament has reached its quarter-final stage it is rather difficult to spot the winners yet. The Bangalore Muslims, the holders, do not seem to be as impressive as before. They have lost the services of some of their stalwarts due to the restrictions imposed by Rule 33 of the A.I.F.F. On Tuesday they were really very lucky to survive against the 28th Field Regiment, Royal Artillery from Mhow, who are by no means regarded as the prospective champions. If the present weather conditions persist, I am afraid the chances of the Bangaloreans are not very bright.

FITNESS OF GROUND

This brings me to the question of fitness of the play ground under monsoon conditions. There are people who have condemned the W.I.F.A. for allowing the match between the Young Mahomedans and the Bangalore Blues to be played on a ground which might be termed 'atrocious.' According to them the ground was 'unplayable' and, therefore, the engagement should have been postponed. I believe the real strength of the objection lies in the fact that the Blues were mostly barefooted, in consequence of which they were more handicapped their rivals who were completely shod. Of course the booted team won—and won by the substantial margin of four goals to nil!

FACTS BELIE

Now the question is, was the ground playable? From the run of play it was apparent that it was. The bare footed players who were supposed to be handicapped had the better of the exchanges and missed three olden chances of scoring rather miraculously. If their efforts had fructified the result of the match might have been different. As the game progressed, the conditions overhead and underfoot became much worse with increasing rain. I did not, however, notice any of the players appealing to the referee for stopping of play. It was only towards the end the Bangalore custodian appealed against light. But then they were down by four goals and the appeal seemed frivolous. It must be remembered that the referee is the sole judge on this point. And he was perfectly justified in ruling that the match should proceed.

ONLY ALTERNATIVE

All the same I have my full sympathy for the Blues. As a team, they were far superior to their opponents in every department of the game. In fact they appeared better than even the great Bangalore Muslims. But being a barefooted team to the core their superiority lay on the dryness of the ground. They were helpless under wet conditions. Had they accustomed themselves to booted play as well like their stable-mates, they would have overcome their Quetta opponents with ease. It is, therefore, no use blaming the authorities for the handicaps which they had imposed on themselves. Knowing that soccer is a monsoon game and has to be played under its uncertain conditions, one has to arm himself properly. Those who do not must thank themselves for the reverses they meet with on its account.

FINAL PROSPECTS

In the quarter-finals of the tournament, four civilian and four military teams are now left. Before these lines are in print the fate of the match between the Howrah District Association and the King's Own Royal Regiment will have been decided. The military team's recent success against the Kosbies', the Meakin Cup Winners, and the weather mark them out as the victors of this contest. If however the Indian side manages to scrape through, they have every chance of reaching the final round. The Calcutta Rangers have so far created the best impression among the visitors. Unless something very unforeseen happens they should overwhelm the Suffolk Regiment, their next opponents with comfort. The Bangalore Muslims, even if they survive against the Gunners, are not likely to lower the colours of the Rangers whom they would meet in the penultimate round. Will it be an all-Calcutta final, I wonder! But strange things happen in sport, and events might prove its truth ultimately.

AUSTRALIAN SUCCESS IN DAVIS CUP

As was expected, Australia has overpowered Yugo-Slavia in the Inter-Zone Final of the Davis Cup and has claimed the right of fighting the United States of America, the holders in the Challenge Round. The surprise of the contests was the defeat of John Bromwich, the Australian Ace, at the hands of Franjo Puncec the Yugo-Slavian leader. Evidently, the machine-like accuracy of the Continental player was too much for the Australian. If the Australians had failed to pull the doubles match out of the fire, they would have found it very difficult to snatch away the deciding match from the hands of the tenacious Puncec. Having won the Doubles Championship of America, the Australians may look forward with hope to their ultimate success in the Tournament. Only Rigg, the World champion, may upset their calculations in the long run.

Veil Raised On Mogal Paintings

(From A Correspondent.)

A scholarly and historical classical discourse was given by Dr. Moti Chandra M.A., Ph. D. Curator, the Prince of Wales Museum on 'Survey of Mogal Paintings' in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Bhaijiwanji Lane, Bombay on Sunday, last under the auspices the Pathare Prabhu Social Samaj when Prof. Vasant D. Rao M.A., LL.B., of Ramnarain Ruia College presided.

History without Art, Dr. Moti Chandra declared, is mere dry bones without flesh and blood. Tracing further the importance of Art in the study of history, he showed how it is impossible to know history without knowing its finer sides He traced the evolution of Indian painting from pre-Mogal days till the 18th century making his lecture more interesting and instructive by showing number of plates with the aid of Epidiescope.

ON THE AIR

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
8-0 a. m. Keep Fit 8-10 News in Hindustani 8-20 News in English 8-30 Shankerrao Mohite 8-50 Shivdayal Batish 9-0 Sarhad Ka Saz 9-5 Rajkumari Banareswali 9-35 Violin Duets 9-45 B. R. Deodhar.
12-30 p. m. Film Songs 12-50 Marathi Bhavgeets 1-0 Market Rates 1-10 Mutual Understanding 1-25 Dum Dum Studio Orchestra 1-30 Music 2-30 Musical Prelude 2-35 Indian History 2-50 Some Indian Ragas 3-0 Kasumbo by Prof. B. B. Vyas (Gujarati) 6-0 Ahmed Dilawar 6-20 Jaltarang solo: Gat Dhani 6-30 B. R. Deodhar 6-45 Film-ke-Sitare 7-0 Gujarati Books by Khandubhai Desai 7-15 Hamid Husain 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 Rajkumari Banareswali 8-15 Ap ka Khat Mila 8-30 Wings of a Theatre (Gujarati play) by Jayantkumar M. Bhatt, 8-50 Kyun Nahin Ae! 8-55 Talk of Town 9-0 News in Hindustani 9-15 News in English. 9-35 Maneck Bamboat: Vocal 9-45 Matters of Moment by Rt. Hon. Margaret Bondfield, (from B B C) 10-0 Sigfrid Grunders: Piano forte 10-5 A I R Symphonic Strings 10-30 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)
8-0 to 10-0 a. m. & 12-30 to 3-15 p. m. As in Bombay 1.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
6-0 to 9-35 As in Bombay 1. 9-35 Radio Orchestra 9-45 Ahmed Dilawar 10-5 B. R. Deodhar 10-15 Shankerrao Mohite 10-30 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
7-30 a. m. Morning Melodies 7-40 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 7-55 Lachhi Ram
12-0 noon Ap ki Farmaish.
1-0 p. m. Who's hooper? 6-10 Mehboob Jan 6-30 Laxmibai of Baroda 6-45 Lachhi Ram 7-0 B. S. Rawat 7-10 From Khayal S. Rawat 7-10 From Khayal to Geet 7-30 Faiyaz Muhammad 7-45 For Villagers 8-30 Lachhi Ram 8-40 Mehboob Jan 8-50 Faiyaz Muhammad 9-35 B. S. Rawat 9-45 Matters of Moment by Rt. Hon. Margaret Bondfield, (from B B C) 10-0 Khayal, Thumri aur Ghazal 10-10 Faiyaz Muhammad 10-20 Lachhi Ram.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)
7-30 to 8-30 a. m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.
60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)
6-0 to 6-10 As in Delhi 1 6-10 Radio Orchestra 6-15 Faiyaz Muhammad 6-30 to 6-45 As in Delhi 1. 6-45 Sut Mind: Purbi 6-50 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 7-0 Pakhawaj Recital 7-15 Melodies from mountains 7-45 Pankaj Mullick 8-0 Lachhi Ram 8-15 Haider Husain: 8-20 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 8-30 to 9-45 As in Delhi 1 9-45 Faiyaz Muhammad 10-0 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)
7-30 to 8-30 a. m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
6-0 to 7-45 As in Delhi 1. 7-45 to 8-30 As in Delhi 2. 8-30 to 9-45 As in Delhi 1. 9-45 to 10-0 As in Delhi 2 10-0 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
6-0 p. m. Qawwali 6-20 Hasani of Patiala 6-35 Alap and Gat shudh sarang on the sarangi 6-45 Dev Raj Manaktala 6-55 Onkar Parshad 7-10 Mubarak A. F. Ali Qawwal and Party 7-30 Hasani 7-45 For Countryside 8-15 Alap Eman Kalyan on Surbahar 8-25 Mubarak A. F. A. Qawwal and Party 8-45 Hasani 9-35 Wardha Scheme. by Pars Ram 9-50 Mubarak A. F. A. Qawwal and Party 10-10 Gageshwari on Banjo 10-15 Hasani.

Peshawar Programme

(Broadcasts on 200 m. (1,500 kc/s) from 7-0 to 10-30 p. m., relaying Delhi programmes from 8 p. m.)

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)
2-0 p. m. Tanjore Lakshminarayana Bhagavatar: Vocal 2-15 M. S. Subbalakshmi: Vocal 2-30 Songs for two 2-45 S. Narayana Iyengar Gottuvadyam 6-0 For Villages 6-30 H. Ramachandra Sastri Flute 7-0 Concert Programme 8-30 Interlude 8-45 H. Ramchandra Sastri: Flute.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).
370.4 metres (810 kc/s)
10-30 a.m. Radha-Krishna.
12-30 p.m. Variety. 1-30 For You, Madam! 1-45 Musical Interlude. 1-55 News and Views by Didibhai. 2 Kathakatha. 5 Listeners' Selection. 6-10 For Countryside. 7 Renuka Roy. 7-20 Bina Chowdhuri. 7-40 Rites and Rituals in Hindu Home, 3. 8-5 Art Gallery for India, by O. C. Ganguly. 9-10 Gilbert & Sullivan, 2, by C. F. Hooper. 9-30 Musical extravaganza. 10-15 Paran Biswas: Dhole Solo.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)
10-30 a.m. to 11-30 and 12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta 1.
61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)
5 p.m. to 6-10 As in Calcutta 1. 6-10 Jogendra N. Chakravarti. 6-25 Geeta Ganguli. 6-40 Ivy Banerjee. 7 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Leon Michael: Baritone. 9-45 John Phillips' Orchestra.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)
6 p.m. Kali Das Rahut. 6-15 Messengers of Love. 6-25 Akhtaribai Faizabadi. 6-50 Urdu Readings. 7 Kali Das Rahut. 7-15 For Rural Areas. 7-45 And Thereby Hangs A Tale (Hindustani). 8 Film Songs. 8-20 Kali Das Rahut. 8-40 Akhtaribai. 9-40 Queen Victoria, by S.N. Das Gupta. 9-55 Variety.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)
4 p.m. Music. 4-3 Things of Interest (Tamil). 4-6 Great Teachers of World. 4-16 Something Light. 4-20 Group Singing. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-10 K. Gopalaswamy Chetty: Voice. 6 Shrimati S.K. Kannammal, Veena and Voice. 6-45 He Came from a Village (Malayalam Feature). 7 Shrimati S.K. Kannammal, Veena and Voice. 7-15 Modern Muse. 7-30 K. Gopalaswamy Chetty: Voice. 8-10 Interlude. 8-25 Sethur Sundaresa Bhattar: Violin. 8-55 Semi-Dramatized Version of History in Making. 9-30 Sethur Sundaresa Bhattar: Violin.

Madras—II Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s)
4 p.m. to 4-30 As in Madras 1.
60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)
5 p.m. to 6 As in Madras 1. 6 Harishchandra (Telugu). 6-45 to 10-30 As in Madras 1.

B B C Programme

7-30 p.m. Bridge Building and Ship Surgery. 7-45 Lucky Dip (Thirty-second Ed.) 8-30 Recital by Esther Coleman (Contralto). 8-50 Music for Dancing. 9-30 News. 9-45 Matters of Moment, by Rt. Hon. Margaret Bondfield. 10 Frank Biffo's Brass Quintet. 10-20 and 10-55 Sports. 11 At Black Dog. 11-30 News. 11-45 Mr. Ponsonby's Fairy.

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THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.
There will be NO SAILING to BHAVNAGAR on SATURDAY the 2nd September, 1939.
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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 2, 1595.
Muslim: Rajab 15, 1358.
Parsi: Aspandad 20, 1308.
Hightide: 0-30; 12-45.
Lowtide: 6-19; 18-51.
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 55m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
S.S. "Ranpura" with mails from London due at 4 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

TAIRSEE—Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee, breathed his last, 30th August at his bungalow—"Bombay View"—Walkeshwar Road, Uthamna ceremony at his Fort Residence—29, 31, 33 Bora Bazar St. Fort, Bombay on Friday, 1st September at 3-40 p.m. (S.T.).
Deeply mourned by daughters, sons-in-law, brothers and a host of friends. "IN LIFE AS IN DEATH, HE WAS A GREAT FIGHTER".

DUBASH—Daralshaw Bomanjee father of Rustomji, Cursetji, Phirozshaw, Bomanje, of Darabshaw B. Cursetjees' Sons and Amy Cursetji R. B. Jeejeebhoy. Died at his residence, Rehmat Manor, Warden Road.
FUNERAL—To-day at 8 a.m. at the above place.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST DAY!

"THE HARDYS RIDE HIGH"
M-G-M's laugh hit with
Lewis STONE • Mickey ROONEY
Cecilia PARKER • Fay HOLDEN

TO-MORROW!

1,000 NEW THRILLS!

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Jesse James." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Little Princess." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Hardys Ride High." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Four Feathers." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Pukar." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Algiers". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Adhuri Kahani." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sapera." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sadhana." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pukar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Frankenstein". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Netaji Palkar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Raja Shriyal." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
BANDRA TALKIES—"You Can't Take It With You." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10. p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

An "At Home" and a musical entertainment will be given at the Town Hall, to-day (Thursday), at 5 p.m.

BLAVATSKY LODGE

Miss Jean Glean-Walker will lecture in English at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Theosophy and a Vision of To-morrow.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Thursday), at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Mr. M. R. Bade, B.A., B.Sc., Life Worker, Social Service League, Bombay, will deliver a lecture on "Reclamation of the Criminal Tribes" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

PURNAPRAGNA SEVA SANGHA

Sri Raghavendra Swami Punyathithi will be celebrated to-day (Thursday), at Vani Vihar Vidyalaya, Choksey Bhuvan, Bhimani Street, Matunga, G.I.P. Puja at 7 a.m. and a lecture on the life & teachings of Sri Raghavendra Swami will be delivered by Mr. M. R. Gopalachar, M.A., at 8-30 p.m.

TECHNOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Technological Association, University of Bombay, Mr. G. C. Mitter, M.Sc., F.I.C., will deliver a lecture on Gold: Its distribution and Production in India to-day (Thursday), at 5 p.m. in the lecture-room of the Department of Chemical Technology, University of Bombay. The Col. A. J. Ransford, the Mint Master, will preside.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

A meeting of the Society will be held in the Society's Room to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m. when the revised reading of two Kavi Grants of (1) Jayabhatta III, and (2) Govindaraj (Ras), By Dr. D. G. Vyas, D.O.M.S. (Lond.), M.B.B.S. will take place. The copper-plates will be exhibited. The lecture is open to the public.

YOUNG MEN'S MUSLIM ASSOCIATION

The 17th annual general meeting of the Young Men's Muslim Association was held on the 27th August, when the report of the activities of the Association and the statement of accounts were read and adopted. The following office-bearers were then elected for the ensuing year:—
Mr. M. M. Killedar, (President), Mr. A. H. Ismail (Vice-President and Treasurer), Mr. A. A. Shaikh (General Secretary), Mr. Adamjee Peerbhoy (Sports Secretary) and Mr. Ali Mohamed Chotani, Ghulam Husain Adamjee and Yusuf A. Patel members.

NATIONAL STRUGGLE WEEK

Programme Of Meetings In City

POLITICAL PRISONERS DAY, TO-DAY (THURSDAY)
PLACE: Nappoo Hall, Matunga.
TIME: 9 p.m.

PRESIDENT: Com. Yusuf Meheralli.
SPEAKERS: Messrs. B. T. Ranadive, C. K. Narayanswami, J. C. Maitra and Nathalal Parekh.

POLITICAL PRISONERS DAY

Under the auspices of Local Left Consolidation Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at Nappoo Hall, Matunga at 9 p.m. Mr Yusuf Meherally will preside. The speakers will include Messrs. Ranadive, C. K. Narayanswami, J. C. Maitra, Nathalal Parekh and others.

To-morrow (Friday)

WORKERS AND PEASANTS DAY.
PLACE: R. M. Bhat High School, Parel.
TIME: 6-30 p.m
PRESIDENT: Mr. B. T. Ranadive.
SPEAKERS: Messrs. Lalji Pendse, K. N. Joglekar, Varaskar, J. C. Maitra and Oak

Saturday 2nd Sept.

ANTI-WAR DAY
PLACE: Jinnah Hall (Girgaum Back Road).
TIME: 6-30 p.m
PRESIDENT: Sjt. K. F. Nariman.
SPEAKERS: Dr. Adhikari, Mr. C. K. Narayanswami and others.

Sunday 3rd Sept.

ANTI-FEDERATION DAY.
PLACE: Vanamali Hall, Dadar (B.B. and C.I.R.).
TIME: 9 p.m
PRESIDENT: Dr. G. Adhikari.
SPEAKERS: Messrs. D. S. Vaidya, P. K. Kurane, B. T. Ranadive, C. K. Narayanswami and Lalji Pendse.

Monday 4th Sept.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH GOODS DAY
PLACE: Framji Cawasji Institute (Opposite Metro Cinema) Dhobitalao.
TIME: 6-30 p.m.
PRESIDENT: Sjt. Nathalal Parekh.
SPEAKERS: Mr. B. T. Ranadive, Dr. G Adhikari, Mr. Meheralli and others.

Tuesday 5th Sept.

STATES PEOPLES' DAY.
PLACE: Hirabaug. Bhuleshwar C. P Tank.
TIME: 9 p.m.
PRESIDENT: Mr. Yusuf Meheralli.
SPEAKERS: Messrs. K. F. Nariman Vithal Chowdhari, Narbheram Popat, Ram Pratap Shukla and others.

NAGPUR, August 29.

The Berar Provincial Congress executive at its last meeting decided to expel Dr. Shivaji Rao Patwardhan, organiser of the 'Forward Bloc' in Berar from Congress for a period of one year for having participated in the demonstrations of July 9 last, according to a local paper.—United Press.

INDIA'S NATIONAL ART

Result Of Fusion Of Hindu And Muslim Cultures

"Muslim and Hindu Art of the Mahomedan Period," was the subject of a lecture, delivered on Wednesday evening by Dr. Herman Goetz, former Conservator of the Kern Institute, Leyden University, under the auspices of the Bombay University.

Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the University presided.

The speaker observed that architecture was expressive of the religious ideals as well as other characteristics of the period in which developed Art was eternal and continually recreated itself. It was wrong to say that original art had no foreign elements.

The Hindu art changed from time to time. With the advent of the Muslims in India, it assumed many of the characteristics of the Mahomedan art. The Mahomedan art in India also reacted according to the spirit of the time and the circumstances in which it found itself. The result of this intermingling was the creation of national art.

The speaker then described with the help of lantern slides the various monuments, tombs and minarets of the Moghal and other periods, showing their particular characteristics.

CHANGE OF FILM AT REGAL

From to-day, (Thursday) the Regal will replace "A Girl Must Live" with Shirley Temple's first all-Technicolour film entitled "The Little Princess". As an added attraction the latest copy of the "March of Time" under the title of 'Japan And The Orient" will be shown. This is a very interesting documentary film which surveys all the problems facing Tokyo's Government to-day—problems, still unsolved arising from the invasion of Manchuria in 1931, as well as those arising from the present invasion of China.

FREE HINDI CLASSES:

A free Free Hindi Alphabet class has been started in the Sharda Sadan School, Sanzgiri Mansion, opposite Ambewadi Post office, Girgaon, and is being held on every Sunday morning between 8-45 and 10 a.m. where Hindi is taught right from Alphabets.

BOMBAY HINDI VIDYAPEETH.

Hindi Prachar Prathama and Madhyama examinations will be held on September 10, 1939 and Prachar Uttama and Hindi Bhasha Ratna examinations on 9th and 10th September 1939. Hall tickets can be had from the Hindi Pracharaks of the different classes or from the office of the Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth, 1st floor, Marwadi Vidyalaya building, Sandhurst Road, every day between 8 and 9 a.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

As the East Gulf Mail Steamer s.s. "Bankura" is now due to sail on 31-8-39 after the arrival of English Mail Steamer s.s. "Ranpura" which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 31-8-39 at 2 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G.P.O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 2 p.m. on 31-8-39
Registered correspondence upto 1-30 p.m. on 31-8-39.
Parcels correspondence upto 11-0 a.m. on 31-8-39.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the posting in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

'F' WARD CONGRESS

An ordinary meeting of the Council of Management of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, will be held to-day (Thursday), at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Offices of the Committee, Wahidana Mansion, Poibavdi, Parel, Bombay 12.

Wednesday 6th Sept.

NATIONAL DEMAND DAY.
PLACE: Blavatsky Lodge.
TIME: 6-30 p.m
PRESIDENT: Sjt. K. F. Nariman.
SPEAKERS: Dr. Adhikari, Messrs. B. T. Ranadive, Yusuf Meheralli, C. K Narayanswami and others.

CEYLONESE MUSICIAN

MR. SARANAGUPTA AMARSINGHA

On Saturday night Mr. Saranagupta Amarasingha, will give folk-songs, lullabies and ditties at the Byculla branch of the local Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Amarasingha is a lecturer in music at the Colombo Training College, and a familiar figure on the radio and the stage of Ceylon. He specialises in songs of the people—the boatman drawing the boat, the black smith bending over the anvil, the mendicant with the beggar bowl, etc.

Mr. Amarasingha says that his songs are the very life and soul of the simple people of Ceylon, and have nothing to do with the sophistry and modernism of the big city.

It is his desire not only to portray Sinhalese art to India, but in the near future, to Europe and America.

With this view he is collecting a band of Indian musicians and dancers.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Election Of Members On Local Board

The nineteenth local meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India was held on Wednesday evening, under the presidentship of Mr. J. F. MacDonald.

Mr. F. F. Stileman and Sir Byramji Jeejeebhoy were re-elected as members of the Local Board.

Dr. Herman Goetz's Lecture

Under the auspices of the University of Bombay, Dr. Herman Goetz, Ph.D., former Conservator of the Kern Institute, Leyden University, will deliver a lecture (with lantern slides) in the Lecture Theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology, First Floor, Indo-Muslom Architecture in its Islamic Setting to-day Thursday.

"Hindu Art in Mohammedan India."

Hon Mr. Justice H. V. Divetia, will preside.

The lecture is open to the public.

Sir Richard Temple's Engagement

Sir Richard Temple, a Director of the Bombay Talkies Limited, has been engaged to Miss Henderson of the Sir J. J. School of Arts.

ADVANCE BLOC OF E. I. ASSOCIATION.
(From A Correspondent.)

An Advance Bloc of the Bombay East Indian Association was formed at a meeting held in Bombay. Mr. John De Mello, I.S.O. J. P. presided.

The meeting elected the following office-bearers:
Mr. John De Mello, I.S.O., J.P. (Leader.)
Mr. J. W. Gomes, B.A., Bar-at-Law (Deputy Leader).
Mr. C. C. Mendes (Secretary and Treasurer).
Mr. Cyril D'Abreo (Publicity Officer).

KARNATAKA NATIONAL FESTIVAL IN BOMBAY

At a meeting held on Sunday last in the hall of the R. M. Bhatt High School, Parel, representatives of a number of Karnataka Associations in Bombay decided to celebrate the Karnataka National Festival, (Nada Habba) this year on a big scale, with all the Karnataka Associations participating. Nyaya Vidwan M. R. Gopalacharya, presided.

For this purpose it was decided to form a Nada Habba Committee, composed of one representative from each association and institution, catering to the needs of the Kannada-speaking people resident in Bombay.

Efforts are to be made to gather together all Kannadigas, in a great rally in the grounds of Gokhale Park (Kamgar Maidan) opposite the K.E.M. Hospital, Parel, on Sunday 15th October, when under the presidency of a well-known Kannadiga gentleman, the festival will be celebrated in a fitting manner.

The first meeting of the Committee is fixed to be held on Wednesday (6th September) at the Bazargate High School, Fort, Bombay at 4 p.m.

CITY'S WATER SUPPLY

Anxiety Relieved: Four Lakes Overflow

The torrential rains of the past few days have relieved the anxiety of water supply to the City as all the lakes except Vehar are now overflowing. Last week the Tansa Lake was short by about ten million gallons of water to fill it to the full capacity. It was overflowing last Saturday due to the heavy rain in that area. The Tulsi and Powai lakes are also overflowing.

The Vehar lake's capacity is 2,120 million gallons and at the end of the week on Saturday last it had 6,408 million gallons only. It is hoped it would be overflowing also shortly.

CITY'S HEALTH RETURNS

The health returns of Bombay during the 24th week of 1939, i.e. the week ended 26th August, 1939, were as under:—

The total mortality 614 was 8 more than in the last week and the death rate registered was 27.4 on the Census population of 1931 which compares favourably with that for the 34th week of 1938, viz. 693 and the death rate 31.0 The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 619 and the death rate 27.7.

Out of the total deaths, 164 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, smallpox caused 5 attacks and 2 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. There were 9 deaths from Typhoid. Cerebro-Spinal Fever caused 5 attacks and one death.

The number of live births registered during the week was 734 which compares favourably with that for the 34th week of 1938, viz. 640 and 617 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1938.1938).

NEW MAGISTRATES TAKE CHARGE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Owing to the creation of a temporary appointment of an additional Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, the following postings have been made at Girgaum, Dadar and Mazagaon.

Mr. D. S. Babrekar, LL.B., will preside in the court of the Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Additional Court, Mazagaon.

Mr. G. A. Sabnis, LL.B., will preside in the court of the Presidency Magistrate 1st additional court, Dadar.

Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, Bar-at-Law, will preside in the court of the Presidency Magistrate, 5th Additional court, Girgaum.

The new Magistrates assumed charge of their office to-day.

Zenana Show Of "Durga" To-day

By popular request, Bombay Talkies Ltd., have arranged a second special show for ladies and children, of their current film "Durga" at Roxy Talkies at 1-30 p.m. to-day (Thursday). Intending visitors are informed that four-anna tickets will not be available at the Zenana show.

KNEE STIFF AS A POKER

Middle-aged Man Who Could Hardly Walk

TAKES KRUSCHEN—AND DOES 14 MILES A DAY

He thought he had injured his knee in some way and that it needed massage and treatment, but he got no relief. The truth was that he was suffering from uric acid in the joint. Now he tells how Kruschen Salts have made him walk as well as ever, although he is already middle-aged:—

"A few years ago I developed a very sore knee joint and it stiffened up. I had treatment for about 3 months. I could hardly walk it was so sore and painful. I also had it X-rayed but there appeared to be nothing wrong with the knee. I heard of Kruschen Salts so I got a bottle. After I had taken a portion of the bottle the stiffness left me, so I now take Kruschen every morning, and can walk 12 or 14 miles a day. I am middle-aged."—A.M.

Kruschen Salts clear your blood of the mischievous uric acid which settles in your joints and muscles, causing them to swell, grow stiff and unbearably painful. And when poisonous uric acid goes, there is no doubt about these old rheumatic aches going, too! The most stubborn cases of rheumatism have shown astonishingly quick improvement with this Kruschen treatment.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Ladies' Ideal!

SO THERE'S A
ZENANA SHOW
1-30 p.m. TO-DAY
DEVIKA RANI
IN
BOMBAY TALKIES'
'DURGA'
with
RAMA SHUKUL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 10 P.M.
ROXY
Four Anna Tickets not available at ZENANA SHOW.

TO-DAY LAST DAY
CAPITOL AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
THE RITZ BROS.
In the great Mystery Comedy Hit.
"THE GORILLA"

Frances Hodgson Burnett's great classic
THE LITTLE PRINCESS
comes to life in glorious Technicolor!

with
RICHARD GREENE · ANITA LOUISE
IAN HUNTER · CESAR ROMERO · ARTHUR TREACHER · MARY NASH · SYBIL JASON · MILES MANDER · MARCIA MAE JONES

REGAL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Also latest MARCH OF TIME:—
"JAPAN & THE ORIENT"

HERE IS A PICTURE
WITH A PURPOSE AND A MORAL—
COMRADES
OR
JIWAN SATHI

Starring:
SURENDRA & MAYA
with
JYOTI, HARISH, SANKATA ADVANI, WAHIDAN, JILLOO, KAYAMALI, JAMU PATEL
Directed by:
NANDLAL JASHVANTLAL
SAGAR PRODUCTION
IT'S SAGAR
SAT. 2ND SEPT. AT PATHE

Talk Of The Suburbs

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

On Tuesday, despite the area being 'dry' the Suburbs celebrated the Cocoanut Festival with the usual solemnity and devotion.

From the very early hours of the morning nearly every Suburban sea-side was full of devotees praying and offering their usual offerings to the sea.

In the evening there was quite a large and interesting programme of entertaining items gone through.

The Juhu Beach facing Danda village witnessed general fights staged by some of the Suburbs' best wrestlers. In Danda village was held a fair, of course, this year much smaller than the past.

NIGHT DRIVING DANGEROUS

Night driving is still very dangerous in the Suburbs. Yesterday I happened to be motoring along Ghodbunder through a heavy shower when I nearly broke my neck.

The reason was a number of stray cattle roosting right in the centre of the road-way at Khar.

Suburban Police would, therefore, do well to at least free this main road from this nuisance before it is too late.

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Post Box 222 Registered No. B. 1565

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1939

HITLER CORNERED

Mr. Chamberlain, while firmly standing by Britain's obligations to Poland, took care not to reveal the British Note to Herr Hitler. Nor do we know yet anything about Herr Hitler's reply which has by now been fully studied by the British Cabinet. What is to be the upshot of it all? Peace or War? Herr Hitler, as we noted yesterday, has changed his mood from one of threatening defiance to one of verbose talkativeness. His Press is also less militant and provocative. As a matter of fact, "the possibility and desirability" as a Reuter's report says, "of an Anglo-German understanding on a wide basis has suddenly come to the fore in Berlin." This change is, of course, due to a number of factors, the Russian attitude, Britain's firmness, American opinion and Signor Mussolini's delicate nerves. All these have helped to disillusion Herr Hitler.

But the important question is whether he has not gone much too far to retreat to a position essential for averting war. Britain apparently is in a very welcome, and an unequivocally resolute and insistent, temper. In this connection the comments of the London "Times" provide a significant foot note to Mr. Chamberlain's speech. "Anglo-German relations must ultimately depend on the complete abandonment of methods of menace by force in Germany's dealings not only with ourselves, but also with others. . . . Germany's methods towards Poland, therefore, constitute a test case . . . ." That means that the first thing that Britain calls upon Germany to do is to surrender her present demands on Poland in respect of Danzig and the Corridor and, of course, implement this surrender by, among other things, withdrawing Nazi troops who are already in Danzig. Otherwise—and this is the only meaning of the British attitude unless Mr. Chamberlain has Poland's betrayal up his sleeves—Germany must fight Britain. Will the Fuehrer agree to surrender?

Swadeshi In Government Stores

Indigenous industries can be helped to a large extent and in a variety of ways by the Indian Stores Department of the Government of India. It may be readily conceded that the Department is now-a-days doing much more to encourage Swadeshi enterprise than it did before. But there is a great deal more that it needs to do. The report of the Department for the year 1938-39 presents an advance over previous records in many directions. The value of orders placed during the year increased from Rs. 789 lakhs to Rs. 877 lakhs, that is, by about 11 per cent. But there has not been any substantial increase in the value of engineering and miscellaneous goods other than textiles and leather of indigenous manufactured. 53 per cent of the engineering and miscellaneous goods continue to be imported. It is curious that the value of purchases on behalf of Provincial Governments decreased from Rs. 82 lakhs in 1937-38 to Rs. 74 lakhs in the year under review, and the report gives no explanation for this decrease. The report assures the public "that every possible endeavour was made to substitute supplies of indigenous manufacture without sacrifice of economy and efficiency." We do not know if considerations of economy weighed much when British goods were preferred to Japanese or German ones.

It is possible for the Department to help indigenous manufactures even apart from the purchase of Swadeshi goods. For instance with its resources of expert technical knowledge the Department can do much to assist Indian manufacturers by improving the quality of their products through technical advice in the course of inspection and purchase. The report states that every effort has been made in this direction, but we do not know how far Indian manufacturers will endorse this claim. Among the Swadeshi articles to which special attention was devoted during the year, the following are particularly mentioned: Insulators, train lighting lead acid cells, anti-waste cocks, hose pipes, pillar letter boxes, handcuffs, cotton tapes, heaters, grass mowers, barbed wire, scissors and military pattern knives. It is, however, not clear from the report how much of the Department's patronage goes to concerns which are predominantly European, though they manufacture goods in India.

The policy of the Department cannot be substantially Swadeshi unless its personnel is completely or almost completely Indianised. It is true that at present 52 of the 79 officers in the Department are Indians, but we believe that almost all the higher controlling posts are filled by non-Indians. With the advance of Indianisation in the Department in recent years, there has been distinct economy and increased efficiency. But the progress of Indianisation is not rapid enough. We trust competent business bodies in India will make available to the public a searching criticism of the Department's working and also offer constructive suggestions for improvement therein.

A Lovable Personality

The death of Mr. Laxmidas Rowjee Tairsee removes a remarkable personality from Bombay's public life. He could be distinguished from any crowd as much by his jovial manner and ever-smiling face as by his tall stature. He began his public life about forty years ago as a militant social reformer and, being "harsh as truth," made as many enemies for himself in the orthodox circles as he enlisted admirers among reformers. But soon enough his worst opponents learnt to admire his kindly heart that sought to relieve distress in every form. Until a few years ago there was no movement in Bombay for the relief of suffering and promotion of social well-being in which Mr. Tairsee did not play a notable part. He was an institution in Bombay. He was often eccentric in his ways and flippant in his talk but behind all that was a nature most lovable. Mr. Tairsee was a versatile man, a discriminating book-lover, ready with a French quotation for any occasion, a shrewd businessman and he distinguished himself as much in the Municipal Corporation and the Port Trust as in the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Hindu Gymkhana. In politics, too, he was a force to be reckoned with, both when he was in the Congress and outside it. It is unfortunate that during the last decade of his distinugished life he became an embittered politician who saw little that was good in the Indian National Congress of which for several years he was a devoted servant. But wrong as his judgment was about the Congress in his latter days, he continued to remain a true Nationalist at heart the ruling passion of whose life was to serve his country and the underdog. However, he will be best remembered as a man full of the milk of human kindness.

Britain's Dapper Diplomats

(A serious indictment brought against the British Diplomatic Service by A. J. Cummings, one of Fleet Street's most highly-reputed journalists).

Sir Francis Lindley, formerly British Ambassador in Tokio, has set me thinking about British Ambassadors in general. Since he retired in 1934 Sir Francis Lindley seems to have occupied a good deal of his leisure in writing letters to the "Times" on British foreign policy. In his latest contribution to the correspondence columns of the "Times" on July 16, he tells us who are to blame for "our present ills." "They are," he says, "in order of demerit, the League of Nations Union, the Socialist and Liberal leaders, and the successive Governments who feared the electoral results of speaking the truth."

In other letters he has urged at different times the granting of belligerent rights to General Franco. he has attacked the League of Nations and the policy of sanctions; he has protested against "hysterical outbursts" at what he describes complacently as "the long-expected seizure of Austria by Germany"; and has roundly asserted that the "insane and inhuman policy" of the Chinese Government "has caused infinitely more suffering and damage in China than have the Japanese.'

Sir Francis Lindley is presumably receiving a pension as a retired Ambassador. When in the Diplomatic Service he was under an obligation of secrecy. Now, of course, he is free to express his views on public affairs; but he is still under a moral obligation to be reasonably discreet; and one may be permitted to ask whether he is performing any useful service in his retirement in attacking the Chinese Government.

Like the Prime Minister, Sir Francis Lindley is a fisherman; and he has played host to Mr. Chamberlain, who is a personal friend. It is regrettable, to say the least, that a well-known diplomat, who is also known to be the Prime Minister's friend should indulge in public his dislike of the Chinese Government at a time when our interests lie with the Chinese and our policy is to resist the Japanese encroachment on Chinese liberties and on British interests.

The obvious foreign comment, particularly Japanese comment, on these crude expressions of opinion in the "Times" is that they probably reflect the personal views of his friend the Prime Minister.

★

It seems to me that the time is due for a complete re-examination not only of the British technique of diplomacy, but of the method of appointing British Ambassadors . . .

On various occasions I have visited our Embassies and Legations in Europe; and the first thing that has impressed me about these institutions is the extraordinary ignorance which prevails among the staff, from the top to the bottom, political and economic conditions.

Since the Government at home relies very largely on the "expert" information and guidance of its Ambassadors, there is no need to enlarge upon the seriousness of diplomatic ignorance in the capitals of the world.

Our ambassadorial staffs often do little more than engage in the social round, gossip with other members of the Diplomatic Corps and with acquaintances in the foreign Government, and transmit official messages to Whitehall.

They are indolent, prejudiced in favour of the ruling class, and take little trouble to make contact with any other class or to gain a comprehensive understanding of the internal situation.

★

These are hard words. But it remains an unfortunate fact that the professional diplomatic vintage of to-day is a poor one. It is narrow in outlook. It is imperfectly educated. It comes from one class. It is intellectually incapable of discerning the significance of the violent changes in thought and policy which are so different from the Victorian tradition. It is incapable of seeing beneath the surface. It is comparatively useless, therefore, as a guide either to the immediate present or to the future.

Who would have the assurance to claim, for instance, that Sir Neville Henderson, our Ambassador in Berlin, gave any useful guidance to the British Government in the crisis of last September?

What service of any value to the Czechs or to ourselves was performed by Sir Basil Newton, the British Minister at Prague, at that time?

I should like very much to obtain a frank opinion from the British Foreign Office of the activities of Sir Robert Craigie, our present Ambassador in Tokio.

I wish one could be sure that Sir William Seeds, our Ambassador in Moscow, put his heart and his mind into the negotiations with Soviet Russia.

Certainly it can be said that not one of these officials (and very few of our senior diplomats in any part of the world) is of the right class or of the right calibre to handle the enormously important problems in which the British Empire is everywhere involved.

I have heard this matter discussed frequently of late in high political circles. The opinion is growing that there should be a much wider field of choice in making these ambassadoral appointments. . .

The diehard extravagances of men like Sir Francis Lindley are revealing. They are also completely out of date. They demonstrate the mentality common to the type of professional diplomat generally employed to represent Britain abroad. These men are Tories to the backbone.

We can no longer afford the luxury, in these highly-charged times, of a tribe of well-groomed Tory diplomats to report on what is happening in other lands or to give us their advice on how to handle the explosive material which litters every Continent.

About War News

By D. F. KARAKA

Stressing the necessity on the part of the Press to exercise the utmost restraint, Mr. Chamberlain said in his last House of Commons speech: "It is, I think, very unfortunate that journalists, in the exercise of their profession, should take such responsibilities upon themselves—responsibilities that affect not only themselves—but the inhabitants, perhaps, of all countries in the world."

This was cheered in the House of Commons according to the official news, and it becomes necessary, therefore, to say that it is more unfortunate that politicians and statesmen, in whose hands the destiny of Europe lies to-day, have necessitated the shifting of responsibility from the offices of Government to the press.

It has now become evident that stifling of the Press by the authorities has led to many a crisis and many irrevocable acts, which could otherwise have been avoided. The abdication of Edward the VIII, the betrayal of Abyssinia and the Czechs, the whole political crisis of 1938-39 could have been avoided, if the Press had been given the opportunity and the liberty of publishing at the right time the relevant news. Mr. Chamberlain cannot, therefore, blame the Press now for shouldering the responsibility of letting the man-in-the street know of what is really happening in the Capitals of Europe.

* * * *

It is apparent that Mr. Chamberlain's Government is finding the home-truths of the Press somewhat difficult to swallow. From the man-in-the-street's point of view there is little difference between what is happening in this crisis and that which happened in the previous one. The speeches of the chief Government spokesmen read so much the same. As if it was a mechanical reproduction of a record, we hear now, as before, that Britain stands by its pledges but the door of negotiation is not yet closed. What does that mean? These cryptic words are platitudinous in diplomatic circles. What we want to know is how far Britain is going to open that door of negotiation to allow Hitler to enter "to negotiate." That is the real news and if the Government thinks it necessary to suppress the truth from the people, it naturally falls on the Press to infer and surmise it from the actions and behaviour of the chief actors—and, above all, from their past record.

Looked at from this angle, Mr. Chamberlain has a regrettable record. We are conscious of the fact that, under Mr. Chamberlain, Britain has not honoured its pledges. We have the evidence of Benes, the ex-Czech President, who told Douglas Reed that constantly he asked Britain for a clear statement of its intentions and that he would have acted differently had he known that Britain and France were going to let down the Czechs at the eleventh hour. Therefore, Mr. Chamberlain's speeches at the moment are of little value. What is really important is the contents of the notes exchanged between the British Cabinet and Herr Hitler and this will not be revealed to the public until it is obviously too late.

* * * *

The barrage of news, much of which is really unimportant, that floods the air and the official press, these days, has, therefore, constantly to be interpreted for the ordinary man. Whether Sir Nevile Henderson flew at 5 p.m. or not is not important, unless an interpretation can make it so. Likewise, the journalist finds himself in the awkward situation of having to make sense out of two seemingly contradictory pieces of news. A recent example of obvious contradiction is to be found in the two Reuter messages regarding the ratification of the Soviet-German non-aggression pact. Yet to a student of politics, they appear to be consistent. Ratification implies the legal and technical sanction which gives an international document its validity and legality. The position now is that the Soviet Parliament is withholding its consent to that formal ratification, which was scheduled to take place in Berlin, until such time as the situation over Danzig becomes more peaceful.

* * * *

To interpret this news, which is regarded as a "Bombshell" only because, to the average man, most actions of major importance are bombshells, it is necessary to go back a few months to the speech of Stalin, wherein he laid down the basis of Soviet policy. While he said that Russia was not going to pull other people's chestnuts out of the fire, he laid down that one of the essentials of Soviet foreign policy was to promote peace.

When England and France approached Soviet Russia with a idea of a military alliance to prevent Hitler's aggression into Poland, the Soviets were consistent in accepting the idea. It was to

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 3)

Frankly Speaking

Weygand's Mission

It is reported from Damascus that large numbers of Druze chiefsmen have been demonstrating "to fight on behalf of France and Democracies"—having perhaps forgotten their terrible experiences at the hands of the French! Syria being French this essentially propagandist report is not surprising. Has it not been proclaimed to the world that Palestine Arabs and Indian Muslims are with Britain and the Democracies because Nashashibis and Sikandar Hayats say so? Such suggestions are much more dangerous than helpful to the Anglo-French cause itself. The better and wiser move is the one that France has taken by sending General Weygand to Syria—if the "special mission" does mean an honest wish to conciliate the Arabs by the only straightforward method of conceding their demands. Britain and France can win the Near East if they realise the necessity of immediate honest dealing. And the goodwill of the Near East will be invaluable to them.

Reuter's Failure

Reuter's conclude the report of Tuesday's proceedings in the House of Commons thus "Mr. Gallacher (Communist), who was received with impatience and interruptions, was the only other speaker, and the House adjourned until next Tuesday, with powers to meet earlier if necessary.". As an instance of Reuter's own patriotism this dismissal of Mr. Gallacher with an account of how he was received by other M.P.'s is quite interesting and admirable. But what was a greater duty was to inform the world of what Mr. Gallacher said. In this duty Reuter's have failed. And, we are sorry to have to say it, this is only the latest in a series of regrettable failures. In connection with the two Pacts between Russia and Germany one of the most important things, from the point of view of a news agency's fundamental duties, was to report reactions of Socialists and Communists both in Russia and outside. How did Reuter's discharge this duty? We have had a few lines about "Izvestia's" comments and another few lines about the perplexed feelings of the "Daily Worker". That is all! We are afraid we do not think much of Reuter's voluntary self-imposed censorship.

Plea For Discipline

Indiscipline and violent demonstrations in our public activities are deplorable, whoever may be responsible for them. They mar the entire tone of public life and their commonness in Western politics is no justification for them. We, therefore, wholeheartedly endorse Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose's condemnation of the ugly demonstrations against him at Bankipore. It may be that they were a sort of retaliation against the nasty treatment meted out to the Congress President at the recent A.I.C.C. meeting at Calcutta and the insulting language applied to him by a section of the Bengali press these many weeks. But these considerations are no justification for the rowdy scenes at Bankipore. Responsible Congress leaders should see to it that by example as well as precept they maintain perfect discipline in the Congress organisation and our public activities in general. Rajen Babu himself has severely condemned the rowdiness and has publicly apologised for the insult offered to a distinguished guest in his own province. It is now up to those who were guilty to apologise both to Mr. Bose and Rajen Babu.

Needless Resignation

Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar, an ex-President of the Congress, has been practically out of Congress politics for nearly a decade, yet his resignation from his primary membership is regrettable, though it may not dislocate Congress work in his province. The reasons he has stated for the resignation do not justify it. He unduly exaggerates the defects in the present Congress policy and they can be best removed by Congressmen working to that end within the Congress. He seems to think that his ex-officio membership of the Provincial Congress Committee, following automatically from his primary membership, prevents him from criticising Congress policy under the present rules or practice. But whatever restrictions may have been put on Congress Committees as bodies or office-bearers, persons in Mr. Iyengar's position are free to criticise any policy of any Congress body.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The latest about the Italian boat "Conte Biancamano", which was due in Bombay a few days back, is that she is heading non-stop for Batavia in Dutch East Indies.

* * * *

"I am not a rebel; I am a soldier of the Congress"—Subhas Babu's latest.

Only "I" don't obey its orders.

* * * *

"For both Britain and India the time is one for big decisions—decisions which require big minds".

We hail this momentous discovery by our acute contemporary, the "Times of India."

But does Imperial Britain possess the "big minds" capable of taking the Big Decision?"

* * * *

In his speech in the Commons Mr. Chamberlain gave a detailed description of British preparedness which must have thrilled supporters and partly sobered Herr Hitler. But he also did a disservice to the cause of eleventh hour peace by a vital omission.

He did not announce that the Royal Indian Navy (loud and excited cheers please) was being mobilised—painted sinister dark grey, that is—forthwith. That would have given a decisive 'coup de grace' to the Fuhrer's belligerency.

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MUSLIM SUPPORT

Punjab Parliamentary Secretary's Views

—Anglo-India.

The reference is to that great Muslim leader Sardar Bahadur Ujjal Singh.

* * * *

More Data For Sir Abdulla Haroon

The Druse tribes of Syria, at least so reports Reuter from French-mandated Damascus, are clamouring to fight for the "democracies".

* * * *

"ISTANBUL, Aug. 30.—Herr von Papen left unexpectedly for Ankara, it is stated upon instructions from Berlin."

—Reuter.

He is accompanied by our earnest and prayerful good wishes—for Turkey.

* * * *

A Slovakian (!) Government proclamation declares "German troops have entered Slovak territory in order to defend Slovakia if necessary."

All that Germany desires as a matter of fact is similar opportunity to defend Poland—if they would let her.

* * * *

BUKHAREST, August 29.

Rumania has begun to fortify her frontier facing Soviet Russia along the Valley of the Dniester where in the past week additional Russian troops and a number of tanks have been observed from the Rumanian side.

—Reuter.

What? Has ratification of Non-Aggression been held up for something more positive?

* * * *

'Now, then, young man,' demanded her father irritably, when he called for the tenth time, 'what do you want with my daughter?'

'Wi-with her, sir? Well, you know best what you can afford.'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The more some people tell you the less you know.

No man ever becomes too shiftless to give advice.

Some men are truthful at all times except when their wives ask for money.

Too great a command of language sometimes lessens a woman's matrimonial chances.

A woman seldom objects to a self-made husband unless he insists upon her wearing self-made dresses.

If wives were as nice to their husbands as female clerks are to their male customers, few matrimonial failures would be recorded.

Jamnadas Mehta Expelled

Assembly Sensation: Sequel To Allegations Against Chair

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).
POONA: August 30.

With Monday's almost entire Opposition walk-out still fresh in their minds, discussion clause by clause, of the Bill to amend the Finance Act, designed primarily to penalise those who dissuade persons from paying the Urban Immovable Property Tax, was taken up to-day in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

IT WAS MR. JAMNADAS MEHTA'S TURN TO-DAY AND THE DEBATE INTERMITTENTLY SWITCHED FROM PERSONALITIES TO IRRELEVANCIES.

Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, the Speaker, who was in the Chair, tried to stop this drift from the outset. He made an appeal to Mr. Mehta to that effect and Mr. Mehta thought it was easily said than done. The Speaker argued why it could not be done by members, if they wanted to raise the level of debate.

While the debate was kept on the high plane, proceedings were marred by an incident in which Mr. Jamnadas Mehta used tone and language derogatory to the Chair and to the dignity of the House, as the Speaker subsequently remarked, for which he (Mr. J. Mehta) was expelled on having refused to withdraw the allegations.

Mr. Mehta then walked away in a huff repeating "the House is not legislating the Speaker is legislating," the Speaker all the time calling him to order.

This is the second time that a democratic Swarajist—this time its leader—is expelled from the House, while in an innocuous body like the old Council expulsions of two members are being recalled.

Mr. Mehta's attitude to the Chair needs little analysis and research.

UNDIGNIFIED THRUST

Members recall his arguments with the Chair during discussion of the Trades Disputes Bill last year when the Speaker appealed for restraint. Mr. Mehta bandied words at that time till about eight in night when the House finally adjourned.

To-day he started by indulging in personalities and then by arguing decision given by the Chair on a demand for a Division on Khan Bahadur Jan Mohommed's motion for referring the Bill to a Select Committee and finally with his undignified thrust at the Chair.

The Chair explained the position but Mr. Mehta said in muffled tone "It is Martial Law" and the Chair presumably having heard him called him to order.

When later the Chair asked Mr. Mehta whether he had concluded reading carefully the Congress Party amendment, Mr. Mehta replied in the negative and when the Chair stated that sufficient time had been given him Mr. Mehta flared up and betrayed frayed temper by making the allegations he did against the Chair.

When the Speaker asked him to withdraw the allegations or leave the House, Mr. Mehta declared he would do so for the whole session if he so wanted. But he would not withdraw one word from what he had said. Then he left the Chamber continuing to repeat the allegation and immediately the House got down to further business.

One notable contribution to the day's proceedings was a comprehensive and exhaustive statement made by the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai with regard to the governmental measures in the drought areas.

DETAILS ON PAGE 9.

Precautions At Jamshedpur

Tata Works To Be Protected Against Air Raids

JAMSHEDPUR, Aug. 30.

In view of the international situation, the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Jamshedpur has taken in hand certain air raid precaution measures.

The factory area has been placed under the control of the existing organisation in the works and the urban area has been divided into sub-controls, each sub-control being under a senior air raid warden assisted by the requisite number of warden.

Co-operation of doctors, nurses, and hospitals has also been enlisted.

It is proposed to try delayed lightings and other experiments very shortly, with a view to effecting a complete "black-out" of Jamshedpur.—United Press.

CALCUTTA PRECAUTIONS

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

It is understood that orders have been passed to the effect that no merchantman can leave the Calcutta Port without the express permission of the principal officer of the Indian Marine Department.—United Press.

CAWNPORE WATCH ON PLYING BOATS

CAWNPORE, Aug. 30.

In view of the tense international situation precautionary measures are being adopted by the authorities. Besides the registration of and surveillance on foreigners all strategic points are being guarded. Police guards have been posted at both ends of the Ganges Bridge, while boats plying in the river are being watched, when they proceed towards the cantonment area.

The German residents here are getting prepared to leave the country.—United Press.

'STATESMAN'S' 'EMERGENCY' APPEAL

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

Under the caption, "The Highest Service" the 'Statesman" makes a passionate appeal for unity at this critical juncture in to-day's editorial. If under the stimulus of national and world peril, the paper adds, India can burn her dress in the fire of sacrifice, the richness of reward will be incomparable, and she will emerge with unity achieved, a conscious greater India in the sense never known before her age-long quarrel between the Hindus and Moslems.

The paper believes that a provisional Government can be formed at once if the Princes, the Muslim League and the Congress —and Mahatma Gandhi can speak for the Congress are ready for it. Technicalities about Federation have no importance at the present time.

The paper concludes: "What India can to-day forthwith create is far beyond what is in the act. If this is no time for Indian bargaining, equally it is no time for British bargaining. If martial classes defended India in the past, they earned the right to provide a minister responsible for India's defence in the greatest emergency of all. If India sent representatives to the League of Nations for 20 years, she can now produce her own minister for external affairs. To change the aspect of the Act to meet the realities of the situation all that is required is a common impulse on part of the British Government, the Viceroy and the leaders of India. Forthwith, India would have made great advance to full responsible Government. Let us do it now."—United Press.

ST. LEGER FINAL ACCEPTORS

St. Leger final acceptors with jockeys are:

QUICKRAY (Gordon Richards).
PHARIS SECOND (Elliott).
HELIOPOLIS (Perryman).
FAIRCHANCE (Maher).
WHEATLAND (T. Burns).
TAMWORTH (No Jockey).
MONSIEURMUTUEL (No Jockey).
BOLD DEVIL (No Jockey).
BLUEPETER (E Smith).—Reuter.

TELEGRAMS TO FRANCE AND ALGERIA

No Use Of Codes And Cyphers

"Code and cypher languages are prohibited in private telegrams for France and Algeria, Coast and aeronautical stations are closed."

GERMAN FIRMS' ADVT. CONTRACTS

Consul-General Undertakes Payment

It is reported that the German Consul-General in Bombay has informed an up-country newspaper that in case of war, he is responsible for the advertisement bills of all German firms in Bombay, and the newspaper was asked to get the accounts up to date.

Since the firms have signed contract with the newspaper concerned for a large space, the newspaper has demanded that the Consul should pay for the whole contracted space, or pay up the surcharge if the firms are unable to consume the space. The Consul refused to do this, and now the newspaper has agreed to receive payment only for the total space consumed.

ABOUT WAR NEWS

(Continued from Page 6)

bring peace to Europe, more than to crush Germany, that the military alliance aimed at. Consistently, therefore, the Soviets pressed for reciprocal privileges from Britain and France, which Britain in particular was not prepared to give. Also, as the Russian Foreign Minister has pointed out, the break-down of the Anglo-Soviet talks was obvious when Poland refused to allow Russia (its proposed military ally) to send its troops to Poland. How else could an Anglo-Soviet-Polish military alliance operate?

There followed, and logically, a trade and a non-aggression pact with Germany. It is, to all intents and purposes, a Peace pact and consistent with Russian foreign policy. It is unreasonable to blame Russia for signing this pact, when Britain had the same opportunity and was unwilling to avail itself of Soviet help on equal terms. At the same time, Soviet Russia is not so foolish as to believe that Hitler and his Nazi Government, after all he has said about Bolshevism in the past, have signed a "peace" pact with Russia. And consistently with their policy, the Soviets now refuse to ratify this pact, when Hitler has so soon and so obviously made it clear that the non-aggression and peace pact with Russia was only made in order that he may make war with other nations. It is, therefore, very creditable that the Soviets should refuse to ratify a peace pact, which will lead to greater chaos and to a certain war. Herr Hitler has found a match in his new friends, who seem to have caught him well in the palm of their hand. Russia has, therefore, contributed more towards peace than all the utterances and the flights of Neville Chamberlain. And if the Press takes the responsibility of saying so, it is justified in so doing.

* * * *

Another important factor in this shouldering of responsibility by the Press, is that the official interpretation of news is never satisfactory. Nor is the official summary of the news. The B.B.C. news reports consists of much, which is really unnecessary and which is irrelevant at the moment. What is so important and what the people are never told is whether the British Cabinet wants to exterminate the Nazi menace from Europe or to perpetuate it as a safeguard against the onslaught of communism and a peoples' resolution. Instead we hear on the air that the following Ministers went to Buckingham Palace and some to 10, Downing Street, where they stayed for such and such a period of time, that His Majesty the Queen returned from Perth to join the King, and that Mr. Chamberlain walked in the park as usual with his wife. When such is the official summary of the news, which people are thirsting at the moment to receive, Mr. Chamberlain cannot blame the journalists for relying upon other sources for their information. It is possible that the Press may be wrong in its assumptions, but it is equally possible that among its many guesses, some may be right. When Douglas Reed forecasted the end of Czechoslovakia, he was proved right; when recently some news agencies gave out the news of the £100 million loan offer to Germany as a result of the Hudson-Wohltat talks, in spite of official contradiction, there is not enough reason to disbelieve that this loan offer did take place and that the Government of Great Britain are still regrettably pursuing a policy of appeasement, in spite of contradictions issued by them from time to time.

We, therefore, feel that the man-in-the-street can more safely rely on the Press to-day than he can on the statesmen.

German Boats Go To Goa

Nazis In City Confabulate: Move To Liquidate Obligations

On Monday afternoon Germans in Bombay met together to discuss the latest political situation.

What transpired at the meeting is not known, as it was held in closed doors and the conversation took place in German. But, it is understood that all Germans were asked not to keep any deposits, securities, or any such things in any British, or French Banks.

They were also instructed not to undertake any liability in this country, either with private firms or parties or newspapers, but to be ready to liquidate all previous obligations at a moment's notice.

It is rumoured that some German firms in the city, holding small stocks of goods are trying to sell out their holdings and transfer the money to the Amsterdam branch of a certain Continental Bank.

The Germans in India, are of the opinion that Portugal will not come into conflict with Germany in case of war in Europe, hence they have decided to use Portuguese Indian territory for their business and other dealings. In compliance with this decision many German firms in Bombay have transferred their stock of German goods to Goa, and German and Italian Boats will go to Goa instead of Bombay.

The German Hansa Line boats, "Drachenfels" and "Ehrenfels" which were due in Bombay have changed their course and gone to Goa, while the Italian liners "Hilda" and "Vinimale" are also in Goa.

The Nazi liner "Ehrenfels" came to Bombay on Friday from Karachi but before it was berthed in the Alexandra Docks, the Captain of the boat changed his mind and steamed off to Goa.

It is rumoured that all German and Italian boats are equipped with anti-aircraft guns and other arms, and the fear that the contravention of the mercantile rule will bring them into trouble with local authorities and subsequent "arrest" of the boat made them to go to Goa.

Goa and Afghanistan are the two places which the Nazis visualise as their future sanctuary in case of war.

"DROP MARKETS AND DEALERS' BILLS"

Bihar Congress Executives Suggestions To Govt.

PATNA, August 30

The Working Committee of the Bihar P. C. C., which met this morning under the presidency of Mr. Satya Narain Singh, M.L.A. (Central) in the absence of Mr. Rajendra Prasad, the President, who is ill appointed an Election Tribunal consisting of three.

The Working Committee considered the legislative enactment and proposed measures of the Bihar Government and expressed the opinion that money-lenders advancing a total loan of Rs. 500, annually should not be exempted from "Damdupat", compound interests and the rate of interest as laid down by the Bihar Money-lenders Act. With regard to the exemption of banks from the same alwt he Committ desired further consideration of the matter. The Committee held that the Markets and Dealers' Bill should be dropped as likely to restrict free development of indigenous markets.

The Committee desired that the M. L. A.'s on the Committee should examine the Lac Bill before the Committee as a whole had considered it.

The sitting adjourned at noon and will be resumed this afternoon when the question of taking disciplinary action against Congressmen participating in the anti-A.I.C.C demonstrations on July 9 will be considered.—A. P.

QUIT ORDER ON KATHIAWAR FOREIGNERS

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJKOT, Aug. 30

Under the Foriegners Act, 21 Europeans are reported to have been served with notices to quit Kathiawar.

Authorities of Kathiawar ports have been instructed to keep military imposts and to report to the Agency any suspicious aeroplane movements.

NAGPUR, August 29.

It is understood that the Provincial Government is considering the question of dissolving the Umrer, Raipur and Arwi Municipalities on account of mal-administration. The Jubbulpore, Kamptee and Multan Municipalities have already been dissolved for the same reason.—United Press

UNITE IN COMMON INTEREST

Call To Millowners To Sink Differences

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Aug. 30.

A fervent appeal to forget personal differences of opinion that existed among members was made this evening by Seth Haridas, President of the Millowners' Association addressing the special general meeting. He stressed the necessity of strengthening the Association, because if they wanted their voice to be effective, they must all join hands for the common interest, and hoped that differences would come to an early termination.

Continuing, the President said that the majority among them were of opinion that the arbitration method had done good. The Managing Committee has examined the various proposals and now has recommended the acceptance of the principles of arbitration. Their endeavour will be to bring down wages on level with those in other centres, and he appealed to the Textile Labour Association to give its support in the problem of wages adjustment, so that industrys prosperity might be maintained in years to come.

Regarding the curtailment of overproduction he said that stoppage of one day more in a week which would curtail sixteen percent was the best solution which he recommended to all concerned. The meeting decided to register the Association under the Industrial Disputes Act and after discussing the question of arbitration, the meeting adjourned for further discussion something next week.

UNION GOVT. AND SALE OF GOLD

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 30.

The Union Government has decided to appropriate all proceeds from the sale of gold above 150 shillings an ounce and also not to sever South African Pound from Sterling.—Reuter.

"NORMANDIE'S" SAILING POSTPONED

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.

"The Normandie's" sailing is indefinitely postponed by cabled orders from Paris.—Reuter.

BELGIAN FRONTIER DEFENCES

BRUSSELS, Aug. 30.

Measures for the reinforcement of the army are proceeding smoothly. Troops are actively carrying out fortification works to complete the frontier defences.—Reuter.

TRAINS FAIL TO ARRIVE

BERLIN, Aug. 20.

Danzig messages state that a number of regular trains have not reached Danzig since yesterday, being stopped by Poles on the frontier.

The Danzig Government have strongly protested to Wasaw.—Reuter.

GOLD PRICES ADVANCE

LONDON, Aug. 30.

Gold advanced by eighteen pence to 158 shillings 6 pence. Buyers were much more numerous. Better feelings on the Stock Exchange were well maintained, but higher prices were occasionally checked by profit-taking.—Reuter.

Guarded Hopefulness In Br. Political Circles

LONDON, Aug. 30.

In the absence of authoritative information, political circles tonight are drawing conclusions of guarded hopefulness. There is no doubt that the nature of the British reply to Berlin has been communicated to the Opposition Leaders, but as the latter have not asked for recall of Parliament, it can be assumed that they are satisfied with the course being taken by the Government. Meantime, in every section measures for Insurance are being taken with the greatest expedition and thoroughness.—Reuter.

F. A. SHERWANI DEAD

Pioneer Sugar Industrialist

ETAH, Aug. 30.

Mr. F. A. Sherwani, the youngest brother of the late Mr. T. A. K Sherwani, died at Neoli at the age of 41.

The deceased was a pioneer sugar industrialist of the United Provinces. He was Director of the Indian Sugar Syndicate and a member of the Sugar Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. He was recently nominated as a member of the joint Sugar Control Board of the United Provinces and Bihar.—United Press.

"Conte Biancamano" Heading Towards Batavia?

PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO BE SHIPPED BACK BY ANOTHER STEAMER

That the Lloyd Triestino boat "Conte Biancamano" must now be somewhere south of Ceylon proceeding full steam towards Batavia, the principal Dutch Port of Java, is the latest report regarding the mysterious movements of this ship.

The Lloyd's Triestino are being pestered with frantic telephone calls from anxious relatives of the passengers on Board and from newspapers. They have only one stolid reply: "No news; absolutely no news."

But private inquiries go to show that it was quite true she closely approached Bombay harbour but was advised not to enter the Port and was advised to proceed to Java.

This report rendered is more plausible by the fact that the "Lindenfels," a cargo boat of the Hansa Line, which was due to arrive at Calcutta also did not touch Port and consignees of cargo were advised that their cargo would be transhipped to them from Java.

Similarly the consignees of cargo in another cargo boat "Alberto Trevis" which was due in Madras with a cargo of heavy machinery have been given to understand that there might be some delay in the arrival of the cargo. It is gathered that this boat has also been directed to proceed to Batavia.

It is reported that the passengers and cargo bound for India will be landed at Batavia and will be transported to Singapore by Dutch ships and from there they will reach home by the B.I.N. steamers.

Perils Of Travelling In Foreign Ships

A "Chronicle" representative who made enquiries late last night about the whereabouts of the s.s. "Conte Biancamano" was informed by an official of the Lloyd Triestino Company, in Bombay, that no further light could be thrown, beyond the reports that had appeared in the evening newspapers on Tuesday.

It has been brought to the notice of the sea-travelling public by responsible authorities that they run a grave risk of being taken prisoners of war while travelling in vessels belonging to countries that are likely to be hostile.

The safest course, therefore, is either to travel by British owned boats or in those ships which do not belong to Powers that may at any moment be involved in a war with Britain.

S. O. S. To India Govt.

Maharashtra Chamber Urges Action For Safety Of Br. Subjects On "Conte Biancamano"

The Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce have sent the following telegram to the Secretary, Home department, Government of India, Simla:—

"Committee, Maharashtra Chamber, Bombay, draw attention of the Government of India to the great anxiety caused to the people by the non-arrival of "Conte Biancamano" and the non-disclosure by the authoritiesof concerned of its whereabouts and request the Government to move in the matter so as to assure the people about the safety of the British subjects on Board the said Liner."

RADIOGRAMS FROM 'CONTE BIANCAMANO'

We have secured the following from the Indo-Burma Trading Co., Ltd.

Mr. A. V. Deshpande, the Managing Director of "The Indo-Burma Trading Co., Ltd.", Bombay has received Radiograms from Passengers on board s.s. "Conte Biancamano", whose whereabouts are unknown. The contents of the Radiograms are "All Well"—"Quite Well." The Radiograms were sent from the steamer and were received by the Colombo Radio Station.

Further as the relatives of some passenger were anxious to send a Reply Radiogram Message to him on board the "Conte Biancamano" the Indo-Burma Trading Co., Ltd. made inquiries at the Central Telegraph Office and they were told that messages could be accepted for transmitting to the above steamer.

MYSORE YUVARAJA SAFE AT THE HAGUE

BANGALORE, Aug. 30.

The Associated Press is informed by the Mysore Palace that H. H. the Yuvaraja of Mysore and party are safe at the Hague (Holland).—Associated Press.

TENACIOUS FIGHTER IN COUNTRY'S CAUSE

Bombay Municipal Congress Party's Tribute To Kapadia's Memory

The Secretary of the Bombay Municipal Congress Party writes:

A meeting of the Bomoay Municipal Congress Party was held on Wednesday evening at the Congress House, with Sjt. Mathooradas Tricamjee, Leader, in the Chair.

After passing the following resolution touching the sad and untimely death of Sjt. Gunvantlal V. Kapadia, Secretary of the Party, the meeting adjourned without transacting any business as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased:

"That the Bombay Municipal Congress Party places on record their deep sense of sorrow at the sad and untimely demise of Sjt. Gunvantlal V. Kapadia, Secretary of the Party. By the death of Sjt. Kapadia the Party and the Congress have lost an enthusiastic worker and a tenacious fighter in the cause of the City and Country, and who by his sacrifices in the cause of the country won the esteem of all who came in contact with him.

That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of Party's sympathy in their sad bereavement.

That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the meeting do now adjourn without transacting any business this day."

Late Gunawantlal Kapadia

A condolence meeting of the Managing Council of the Byculla District Congress Committee will be held at Byculla in the Committee's office to-day Thursday at 9 p.m. to mourn the loss of late Sjt. Gunawantlal Kapadia, the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C.

BENGAL CONGRESS DEPLORES ACTION AGAINST BOSE

Kiron Roy And Dr. Ghosh Mobbed After Meeting: Police Intervene

CALCUTTA, August 30.

After about three hours' heated discussion, a meeting of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee adopted a resolution deploring the disciplinary action taken by the Congress Working Committee against its President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, and the decision of Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, declaring the proceedings of the requisition meeting of the B. P. C. C. on July 20 as "null and cold".

The resolution was opposed by members of the Khadi and Ray groups 'en-bloc'.

RESULT OF VOTING

The attendance of members began to increase as the meeting continued and when the resolution was taken up for voting it rose to over 350.

On poll being demanded the resolution was carried by 213 to 138 votes.

At the conclusion of the meeting when Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghosh member, Congress Working Committee, and Mr. Kiran Shankar Ray were coming out they were mobbed by the crowd that had assembled outside, and the police had to intervene.

One man was arrested.—A. P.

SUBHAS BOSE IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose returned to Calcutta this morning from his Bihar tour.—United Press.

NAGPUR, August 29.

Vaidyaraj W. K. Dani, Bhishagacharya of the Bharatiya Hindu Dharma Mission of Poona, a Hindu missionary, has arrived here 'en route' to Calcutta on a missionary tour after a short tour in Andhra.—United Press.

Central Assembly

Congress Party's Absence Tells

DISCUSSION ON PACIFIC LOCOMOTIVE REPORT

M. L. A.'s To Go 'Congress-Hunting' In Speeches

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA: August 30.

A strange feeling of quiet and a general atmosphere of emptiness could be felt to-day when the Central Assembly met for the Autumn session. Complete collapse of the session from non-official point of view was saved by to-day's decision of the Muslim League and Congress Nationalist members to attend the session, but the absence of a large 'bloc' of the Congress Opposition had its inevitable effect on the proceedings.

When Sir Andrew Clow began debate on the Pacific Committee Report, there were only 17 elected Indian members present in the House.

Lobby comments, though they were largely absorbed by morning's cables, which seemed to indicate a slightly favourable turn in the European situation, as a result of London-Berlin talks, did not seek to minimise the seriousness of the situation, arising from the Congress boycott.

Apparently no letter has been sent by Sit Bhulabhai Desai to the President explaining the reasons for his Party's decision. At any rate, the President made no reference to the subject before opening the proceedings to-day.

SWARAJIST WALK-OUT RECALLED

Senior members recall a similar situation which took place 13 years ago at the time of the Swarajist walk-out. Then President Patel appealed to Government saying "the fact however remains that the House ceases to be representative in the sense in which it was intended to by the Government of India Act and it is for Government to consider how far they should continue this House or not."

VICEROY TO REVIEW SITUATION

He also expressed the hope that Government would not bring any measure of a highly controversial nature except such as were necessary for discharge of their responsibility and carrying on of administration.

The hope is expressed in Assembly circles that the Viceroy would review the situation in the light of recent events in consultation with leaders.

Sir A. Clow practically monopolised the attention to-day—and whose Hitlerite curl on his forehead evoked some amused comment—had a long speech ready on the Pacific Committee Report. Both Sjt. Aney and Mr. Jinnah were present in the House seated next to each other. Sir Yamin Khan annexed the front Opposition bench sharing it with A. C. Dutt.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

The autumn session of the Central Assembly began this morning with Sir Abdur Rahim in the chair. Barely a dozen persons sat in the public galleries. Congress members were absent, and their benches were occupied by the members of the Muslim League Party. The questions lasted fifteen minutes.

The President announced the disallowance of all the adjournment motions so far tabled.

Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi's motion relating to compensation for Indian sufferers in the Burma riots was disallowed by the President on the statement made by the Leader of the House, Sir Zafrullah Khan, that efforts had been made and were being continued by the Government of India to secure compensation and the subject was still under correspondence between the two Governments.

On Mr. A. C. Datta's motion relating to the Majdia train disaster, Sir Andrew Clow explained that the matter was subjudice. Four men had been placed on trial on charges relating to the responsibility for the accident.

The chair disallowed the motion.

Sardar Sant Singh's motion on the dispatch of troops from India was disallowed by the Governor-General

The same member did not press his second motion to discuss the special reservation of posts for Anglo-Indians.

Sardar Sant Singh said as Sir Henry Gidney, the representative of Anglo-Indian in the House, was absent owing to indisposition, he would not move his motion today (laughter).

Mr. Nauman's motion on the wholesale discharge of Muslim employees on the Eastern Bengal Railway was disallowed by the chair.

Sardar Sant Singh's third motion to censure the Government on their issue of Ordinances was disallowed by the President on the ground that no motion could be moved in the House in respect of any action of the Governor-General who had issued the Ordinances.

PACIFIC LOCOMOTIVE REPORT.

Sir Andrew Clow moved that that the report of the Pacific Locomotive Committee be taken into consideration.

Sir Andrew Clow began by paying a warm tribute to the Committee and their work. He believed that the report would generally be regarded as a contribution of lasting value on the problems with which it dealt.

The Committee had found that the choice of Pacifics was justified, and it was the most popular type in the world for fast passenger trains.

But as regards vehicles, the Committee found that the original design was unsuitable for high speeds. They were satisfactory, so long as the track was good, but were extraordinarily sensitive to track irregularities.

FLING AT CONGRESS.

After Sir Andrew's speech, a number of members suggested that further discussion of the report be adjourned. This was eventually agreed to.

Sir Yamin Khan proposing adjournment of the debate to the Delhi Session expressed regret at the absence of the Congress Party and said that though he did not agree with that Party's decision, he felt that the House would be enhancing its reputation if in order to enable Congress members to take part in the debate it agreed to postpone consideration of this highly technical and important document.

Sir Mohd. Zafrullah Khan, Leader of the House, opposing the motion said that if business was to be postponed purely on the ground that some members abstained from attending the session, then the business of the Government would become impossible. All business whether official or unofficial placed on the Order Paper was important, and should be disposed of during the session.

Sardar Sant Singh supporting the proposal pleaded for time for members to study the report with the assistance of the Technical Staff of the Railway Board.

Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi denounced the proposal, declaring that the House should take no notice if the Hitlers and Mussolinis of the Congress Party decided to keep away.

Mr. F. E. James was agreeable to a brief adjournment of a few days, but not postponement to the Delhi Session.

He regretted the decision of the Congress Party to abstain at the behest of an extra-constitutional body. He referred in particular to Mr. Satyamurthi's absence. But regrettable as the Congress Party's absence might be the members knew that the report was coming up for discussion and should have been prepared. It was not much use attempting to master the technicalities of locomotives and if Sardar Sant Singh wanted to "go hunting on XB engines" in order to study technical niceties he could do so, but the speaker would not accompany him (laughter).

Messrs. Abdul Ghani and Azharali supported the motion.

Mr. Jinnah supported the plea for time to study the report Non-official members, he said, had other work to do besides that relating to the Assembly and unlike members on the Government benches had no army of Secretariat Staff to assist them. The House need not stop its business because some Party was not present, but postponement for a few days would help members to take useful part in the debate.

Sir Andrew Clow said if the House desired a slightly later day for discussion he would agree, but made it clear that only half a day could be given.

At ten minutes to one p.m. the House adjourned till to-morrow.—

DUTIFUL MAN

By VIC YARDMAN

Kid Melrose stood at the window of his prison cell and watched Ruthie, the sheriff's four-year-old daughter, playing in the yard outside. Sometimes Ruthie would disappear from view around the corner of the Sheriff's house. But mostly she was in plain sight.

An evil plan developed in Kid Melrose's mind. Ruthie was going to be his means of escape. Either that, or he was going to shoot her dead.

If it weren't for the fact that Sheriff Hubbard was a dutiful man, Kid Melrose would not be alive to-day, planning his fiendish deed. Folks in the countryside around about were somewhat perturbed at Sheriff Hubbard, because he had not shot the kid dead at the time of his capture. Certainly the Kid deserved to die. He had ruthlessly murdered eight men and three women in his day. It would have been a blessing if Sheriff Hubbard had shot him.

But Sheriff Hubbard was a dutiful man. Despite what folks might think and what he himself thought Kid Melrose was entitled to a fair trial in a court of law, and Sheriff Hubbard was determined that he should have it. Some men are like that. Unhesitatingly he would have risked his own life in the performance of his duty.

And right there was the crux of Kid Melrose's plan. Hidden in the mattress of his bunk was an automatic which one of his cronies has smuggled in to him. The only reason Kid Melrose had not used this gun to shoot down the Sheriff and make good his escape before now was that deep in his heart he had too much respect for the speed with which Hubbard could unlimber the heavy .45 six-shooter which always swung at his hip. Kid Melrose was a coward. He figured there was a way to beat Sheriff Hubbard that involved no element of risk to his own hide. Ruthie presented that way.

Kid Melrose knew from his observations that Ruthie was the hard-boiled Sheriff's very life. She was the one weak link in his tough makeup. If, for example, Kid Melrose stood here by the window and trained his gun on Ruthie's small body and advised Sheriff Hubbard that unless he turned around and dropped his belt to the ground he'd plug her full of holes—well, Kid Melrose figured Sheriff Hubbard wouldn't be so tough.

At any rate it was the only plan Kid Melrose could think of that seemed feasible. Moreover, he was pressed for time. To-morrow Sheriff Hubbard was taking him to the State pen, and at the State pen the Kid doubted if he'd get a chance to shoot any little girls.

So just before it was time for Sheriff Hubbard to come in with his supper tray, Kid Melrose removed the automatic from the mattress on his bunk and shoved it inside his shirt. When he returned to the window, Ruthie had disappeared. But this didn't worry the Kid any. Even if she didn't reappear before the Sheriff came, he knew she'd be around the corner of the house where she always was. Sheriff Hubbard, of course, wouldn't know this, because even now Sheriff Hubbard was in the kitchen part of the jail getting his prisoner's supper.

Certainly the Kid deserved to die.

Five minutes passed. The yard outside remained deserted. Long shafts of sunlight were streaming down through the trees in the street beyond the jail yard. Kid Melrose's hand closed over the butt of the automatic. He cocked his head, then suddenly he stiffened as he heard the Sheriff's footsteps coming through the jail office and along the corridor.

Kid Melrose drew out his automatic and laid its blunt nose on the cement sill of the cell window. He wished Ruthie would reappear, but now it made no difference whether she did or not. A key was rattling in the cell door.

The Sheriff came in, kicking open the door with his foot as usual, carrying the tray in one hand, the other resting on the butt of his six-shooter.

He got one step inside the cell and stopped.

"Right there's far enough, Sheriff. I got this gun trained on your kid in the yard outside. One tricky move, and I shoot her full of holes."

The Sheriff blinked. His body stiffened. But he made no move.

"What do you want me to do?" he said.

Ah, that was better! Kid Melrose felt relief surge through his blood. He hadn't miscalculated. The Sheriff was forgetting his duty for the first time in his life. Ruthie meant more to him even than duty.

"Turn around. Unbuckle your belt and drop it to the floor."

The Sheriff hesitated, and for a minute Kid Melrose was afraid his crazy ideas on duty were going to triumph over the protective instincts for his child.

Then the law officer made a barely perceptible resigned shrug and started to turn. He got halfway around, then something happened. Kid Melrose didn't live long enough to find out what. His last conscious picture was that the heavy six-shooter was in the Sheriff's hand, belching fire and smoke and giving off a tremendous roar.....

Sheriff Hubbard went and stood over the body of the dead man. He thought: "Well, folks around about will be glad and I reckon this come in the line of duty." Then he went out, unconsciously locking the door behind him and headed for the house to see how Ruthie was. A half hour ago his wife had summoned him to examine a rash on Ruthie's skin that looked suspiciously like measles.

BILLS INTRODUCED IN CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, Aug. 30.

The following Bills were introduced:

The Arbitration Bill, the Census Bill, the Indian Tea Cess Act Amendment Bill, the Medical Diplomas Bill, the Civil Procedure Code Amendment Bill, the Indian Salt Act Amendment Bill, and the Indian Railways Act Amendment Bill.

The Indian Salt Act Amendment Bill introduced by the Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman seeks to divide the charge of the Commissioner of Northern India, Salt Revenue, into two, namely, Central Excises and Salt Department North-Eastern India and Central Excises and Salt Department, North-Western India and to place them under two collectors. This is in view of the increase of the charge beyond the capacity of one officer.—A.P.

CONGRESS NATIONALISTS TO ATTEND ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, August 30.

The Congress Nationalists at a meeting this morning with Mr. M. S Aney in the chair passed the following resolution: In view of the present world situation and imminent peril of war and the emergency measure that are likely to come up before the House in this session, the Congress Nationalist Party considers it necessary that the members of the Party should attend the session in order to do their duty in the Assembly.—A. P.

Sir Andrew Clow moved that the report of the pacific locomotive committee be taken into consideration.

SECURITIES DEMANDED

Nagpur Magistrate's Order Sequel To Communal Trouble

NAGPUR, Aug. 30.

Various securities were demanded under Sec. 110 Cr. P. C. from forty-four Hindus and forty-three Muslims to maintain peace and to be of good behaviour by Mr. B. P. Pathak, Magistrate, in connection with the recent Hindu-Muslim trouble in Guddigudam Mohalla.

HANDLOOM WEAVERS.

A huge procession of weavers paraded the thoroughfares of Nagpur last evening arrying placards advocating "use handloom cloth, boycott mill cloth." The procession terminated in a meeting. The meeting demanded the opening of a branch of the All-India Charkhasangh in Nagpur.—A.P.

Press Ban Held Illegal

High Court's Judgment In 'Jame' And 'Kom Sevak' Appeals

(Continued from Page 1).

there was liberty of the Press, it was a strong measure to prohibit publication of certain news except with the approval of the authorities. Every paper was entitled to publish anything so long as it did not exceed the limits of the law.

"PRESS CENSOR"

"Nor am I impressed," said the Chief Justice, "with the expediency or introducing into a judicial order of this kind the device of turning the Public Relations Officer into a sort of a Press Censor. The duties of this Officer, as defined in the Government resolution, was to advertise the benevolent activities of the Government.

"My own experience of this officer," said the Chief Justice, "was when I received an order from him asking me to take part in the political demonstrations of August 1. I received the order a week after that demonstration. But it is within my knowledge that other judges of the High Court had received similar orders from him on or before August 1.

"I must confess," added the Chief Justice, "that the Public Relations Officer, who knows so little about the constitutional proprieties as to imagine that the judges could be ordered by himself or by anybody else to take part in political demonstrations, is not the person on whose discretion the Magistrate can safely rely."

DELEGATION OF DISCRETION

That led His Lordship to another point, which His Lordship thought, was a ground why the Magistrate's order was illegal. It was for the Magistrate to indicate in his order, in precise and definite language, what it was that he directed the petitioner to refrain from doing. It was for him, not for a third party, to say what was the nature of the articles which the paper was to refrain from publishing. Instead, the Magistrate had delegated his own discretion to the Public Relations Officer.

On these grounds, His Lordship held that the Magistrate's order was illegal and set it aside.

Mr. Justice Sen concurred.

A similar order was made by their Lordships in the appeal of the "Kom Sevak" weekly.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad appeared for the "Jam-e-Jamshed" and Mr. Harivadan D. Thakore for the "Kom Sevak." Mr. M. C. Setalvad, Advocate General, represented the Crown.

GROUNDS OF PETITION

The petitioner stated that during the whole career of the paper extending over a hundred years, the paper had never been charged with any offence against the Government or against the public peace On occasions when it had differred from the policy or measures of authorities, it had consistently followed a constitutional method of agitation and had never incited the public to resort to disorder or illegal acts.

"NO INCITEMENT TO RIOTING"

The petitioner further stated that recently the paper had been criticising the Prohibition policy of the Government and had been also giving expression to the strong public opinion against the Property Tax. but it had never printed anything which could be construed as incitement to rioting or violence. The paper had absolutely nothing to do with the riots which occurred on August 1.

Dealing with the Magistrate's order, the petitioner stated that it had been made "ex-parte" without giving him any opportunity to offer his explanation

The original order of August 1 as well as the modified order of August 3 were both illegal and unauthorised by Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The order related not only to comments or expressions of opinion, but also to news of riots, no matter what the nature and circumstances of the riots might be.

It was submitted that the order was too wide and vague to be a legal order under Section 144.

It was the duty of a newspaper to publish news of public interest, and it was its privilege, if not duty, to give expression to public opinion upon matters of public importance and interest.

"UNREASONABLE DISCRIMINATION"

Section 144, it was submitted, was never intended to stifle publication of such news and of honest expressions of opinion.

If authority for the publication of news about riots was considered necessary, it would extend to all papers. There could be no justification for selecting, for such restriction, only a few of the papers which might have been prominent by their criticism of the Property Tax and the Prohibition policy. The order had been served only on five papers, viz., "Jame," "Kom Sevak," "Insaf," "Al Hilal" and "Inquilab."

The petitioner further submitted that there could not have been sufficient material before the Magistrate to justify the Order under Section 144 and such facts as were stated in the Order did not justify the Order. The Section did not justify any order to submit an article or writing to the Public Relations Officer as a condition precedent to its publication.

The Order, original as well as modified, was beyond the scope of the section and did not comply with its requirement.

The order, it was further submitted, involved considerable hardship on the petitioner as it prevented him from performing the normal functions of a newspaper and it was calculated to result in loss to his business.

PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, who appeared for the petitioner, stated that the petitioner made his application on August 7. Two days later the Chief Presidency Magistrate cancelled the whole order.

At this stage, the Advocate General, intervening, raised two preliminary objections.

He said that as the Order had already been rescinded, the Court had no jurisdiction to deal with it in revision.

Secondly, he submitted that if the petitioner was aggrieved by the Order, his only remedy was to go to the Magistrate and ask for a revision or cancellation of the Order. Unless he had exhausted that remedy, it was not competent to him to approach the High Court.

Sir Chimanlal then advanced further arguments, to which the Advocate General replied.

Their Lordships then delivered judgment.

TOO HEAVY A STAKE ON FEDERATION

Gwalior Revenue Minister's Arguments

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail.)

"From the point of the All-India Unity, a unity which is of paramount importance at the present time, I am absolutely a pro-Federationist" said Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachariar, Revenue Minister, Gwalior State, addressing a public meeting at the Intermediate College Hall under the auspices of the Mysore Journalists Association.

NEED OF UNITY.

Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachariar said he was a pro-Federationist, not from the point of view of any particular Indian State but from the point of view of the great need for all-India unity, particularly because of the existing international situation. A strong Federation and a strong Central Government were urgently needed. They could visage to themselves what a difference it would have made to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's recent mission to Ceylon if he had been the representative not only of non-official India but also of official India.

INDORE FAMINE RELIEF

Praja Sangh Leaders Tour Famine-Stricken Area

(From A Correspondent.)

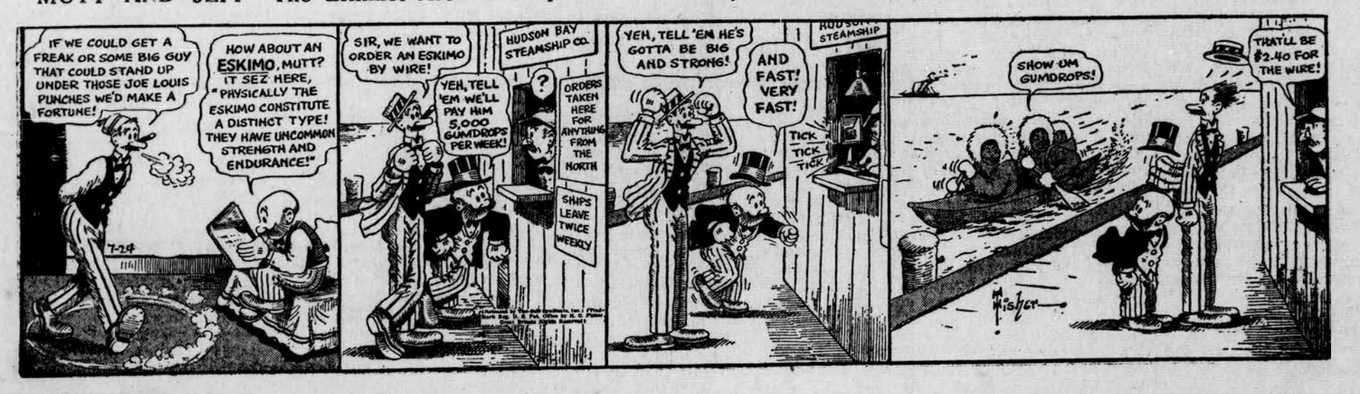
INDORE, August 28.

In order to gather first-hand information of the plight of the famine-stricken people, Rajya Praja Sangh has deputed its president and secretary to tour the famine-stricken area in Nemar District. The Praja Sangh intends taking suitable measures to relieve the peasantry

SIMLA, August 30

The autumn session of the Central Assembly began this morning with Sir Abdur Rahim in the chair. Barely a dozen persons sat in the public gallearies. Congress members were absent and their benches were occupied by the members of the Muslim League Party. The questions lasted fifteen minutes.

MUTT AND JEFF—The Eskimos Are Not Only Fast But They Like Their Gumdrops By BUD FISHER


IF WE COULD GET A FREAK OR SOME BIG GUY THAT COULD STAND UP UNDER THOSE JOE LOUIS PUNCHES WE'D MAKE A FORTUNE!
HOW ABOUT AN ESKIMO, MUTT? IT SEZ HERE, "PHYSICALLY THE ESKIMO CONSTITUTE A DISTINCT TYPE! THEY HAVE UNCOMMON STRENGTH AND ENDURANCE!"
T-24
SIR, WE WANT TO ORDER AN ESKIMO BY WIRE!
HUDSON BAY STEAMSHIP CO.
YEH, TELL 'EM WE'LL PAY HIM 5,000 GUMDROPS PER WEEK!
ORDERS TAKEN HERE FOR ANYTHING FROM THE NORTH
SHIPS LEAVE TWICE WEEKLY
YEH, TELL 'EM HE'S GOTTA BE BIG AND STRONG!
AND FAST! VERY FAST!
TICK TICK TICK
SHOW 'UM GUMDROPS!
THAT'LL BE $2.40 FOR THE WIRE!

JAMNADAS MEHTA OUT OF HOUSE

Speaker Deprecates Conduct

PROPERTY TAX AND PENALTY CLAUSE

POONA, Aug. 30

Mr Jamnadas M. Mehta Leader of the Democratic Swaraj Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, was ordered by the Speaker, the Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, to withdraw from the House following certain observations made by Mr. Mehta which the Speaker held were derogatory to the dignity of the House and to the Chair.

Amendments Thrown Out

Little progress was made to-day in the Assembly when further discussion of the Finance Act Amending Bill was taken up. A motion for the circulation of the Bill for eliciting public opinion thereon upto a fortnight was thrown out by the House 69 voting against 45.

Another motion for referring the Bill to a Select Committee was also rejected by the House.

Latthe's Assurance

Amendments for exempting Trustees of Charities and Waqfs from the operation of the Penalty Clause in the Bill were later withdrawn by the movers on an assurance by the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, the Finance Minister that Government would take particular care to see that they did not suffer any hardships. He also assured the house that before framing the rules in accordance with the act he would consult the members of the House.

Penalty Clause Amendments

An important Amendment which was moved on behalf of the Government and accepted removes the retrospective character of the Penal Clause. Another amendment which is to be moved by Government to a subsequent Clause also reduces the penalty to one fourth of the tax payable instead of the amount to tax payable as at present contained in the Bill:

NO STATEMENT ON WALK-OUTS

After question hour in the Bombay Assembly to-day the Hon. Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Revenue Minister, made a comprehensive statement on the scarcity conditions obtaining in certain parts, the present situation and the steps taken by Government for affording relief.

Before the House resumed discussions on the Finance Act Amending Bill, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi (Leader of the Opposition) sought the permission of the Speaker to make a statement on the walk-out incident on Monday. He submitted that there was an allegation made against the Opposition with regard to their conduct towards the chair. He desired to make a public statement on the subject.

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, the Speaker, said that statements on walkouts were not allowed but, however, asked Sir Ali Mohamed to see him in his Chamber and discuss the matter.

FINANCE BILL

When the Finance Act Amending Bill was taken up Mr. S. L. Karandiker moved that the Bill be circulated for eliciting opinions thereon upto 13th September, 1939.

The motion pressed to a division was lost 69 voting against 45.

MOVE FOR SELECT COMMITTEE LOST.

A motion to have the Finance Act Amending Bill referred to a Select Committee with instructions to submit its report within five days was moved by Khan Bahadur Shaikh Jan Mahomed. He said that the numerous amendments tabled were itself a sufficient indication that the Bill should be thoroughly scrutinised.

The motion was put to the House and declared rejected.

PENALTY CLAUSE.

The Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe then moved that the Bill to amend the Bombay Finance Act, 1932, be read for the second time.

Opposing the second reading of the Bill Mr Jamnadas M. Mehta pointed out that the Penalty Clause in the Bill sought to recover another Rs. 25 lakhs which was unjust.

Mr. Latthe observed that the penalty would not be levied on everybody. The Clause was sought to be merely a weapon in the hands of Government to prevent wilful and deliberate default.

The House passed the second reading of the Bill whereafter discussion on the various Clauses was taken up.

AN AMENDMENT WITHDRAWN.

Mr. D. J. Ferreira moved an amendment to Clause three of the Bill which prescribed penalty for default in payment of the Urban Immovable Property Tax.

Mr. Ferreira's amendment wanted that fresh notice demand should be served on parties after the passing of this Act. He explained that when a demand was made, the penalty should also be made known to the parties.

The Finance Minister assured Mr. Ferreira that all notices served on taxpayers would contain a Clause with regard to penalty for default and that no penalty would be levied before persons concerned were informed before hand.

Mr. Ferreira withdrew his amendment.

TRUSTS AND WAQF

Khan Bahadur Shaik Jan Mohamed moved an amendment which sought to exempt a Trustee or a Mutawalli of a Charitable Trust of Waqf from the operation of the Penalty Clause.

Mr. Ali Bahaur Khan moved an amendment to the amendment which defined the Trust or Waqf as including "beneficiaries of which are students, widows, orphans, religious institutions."

Mr. S. M Mitha and Mr. G. K. Phadke moved two other amendments to the amendment in order to widen the scope of exemption from the operation of the Penalty Clause

Dr. J. A. Collaco supported the amendments moved, while Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi supported the original amendment only.

Mr. S. D. Saklatwala on a point of information inquired of the Finance Minister whether in view of his assurance that he was prepared to give grants to such genuine charitable trusts, he, (the Finance Minister) would sanction a grant of Rs. 20 lakhs required for such grants. Another point on which he required information was whether Government would exercise some control over the institutions for which such grants had been made.

Mr. S. L. Karandiker opposed all the amendments.

LOUD CRITICISM, BUT—

The Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, the Finance Minister, said that it appeared to him most of the speakers had forgotten to see what the Clause under discussion was and where the amendments led to. If the amendments were accepted then, it would mean, that even if some wilfully defaulted, Government had to keep quiet. The penalty would come in only if there was wilful default. He made it clear that if there was wilful attempt on the part of a trustee—no matter what great useful purpose that charity served—penalty would surely be levied. Government was not afraid of the consequences that might follow.

Referring to the points raised by Mr. S. D. Saklatwala the Finance Member said that it was not possible for him to give an assurance of a grant of Rs. 20 lakhs. It was, however, necessary that Government should have some control over trusts which claimed any grants because they were put to a loss on account of the property tax. Such control would only be to the extent for seeing that the trusts were carrying on their work honestly, efficiently and for the object for which it was intended.

Alluding to the criticisms that several charitable trusts would suffer, the Finance Minister reaffirmed the Government's promise to make suitable grants. But he was surprised, though there was loud criticism, few Trusts had applied for the grants explaining what public utility or purpose they served. Wild allegations, he said, would lead nowhere!

He further assured the House that in framing the bye-rules to the Act, Government would provide sufficient safeguards so that charitable trusts might not suffer on account of the Penalty Clause.

In view of the assurances given by the Hon. the Finance Minister the mover of the Amendment, Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed, sought the leave of the House to withdraw his amendment

Leave was granted.

GOVT. AMENDMENTS

A dozen other amendments tabled to the same Clause were not moved in view of an amendment put forward by the Government which made an important alteration to the Clause removing its retrospective effect. The amendment 'inter alia' contained: "If the notice of demand in the levy and collection of the urban immovable property tax has been served on any person before the coming into force of the Bombay Finance (Second Amendment) Act, 1939, no sum shall be recovered as a penalty under Sub-Section (1) unless the person on whom such notice has been served wilfully fails to pay the amount of the tax due within a period of 15 days from the date of the coming into force of the said Act or within the period mentioned in the notice, whichever period expires later."

"Sums recoverable under this Section shall be recovered in the manner provided in Section 24 for the recovery of the urban immovable property tax'."

With regard to the later portion of the amendment, namely, the penalty to be imposed which is the sum payable as tax it would be only onefourth of the tax payable. An amendment to this effect would be moved to the subsequent Clause in the Bill.

The Hon Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, the Speaker, read out the amendment to the House and after a short pause declared it carried.

JAMNADAS MEHTA ORDERED OUT

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta told the Speaker that no opportunity was given to the House to discuss the amendment. The Speaker explained that he had read the amendment to the House, put it to the House and declared it carried only after allowing sufficient time to enable any member to stand and speak on it.

ORDERED

QUESTION HOUR

Govt. Move To Prevent Pollution Of River Water

POONA, August 30.

Repurchase and restoration of certain forfeited and old lands during the Non-co-operation and Civil Disobedience Movements in the Ratnagiri District was the subject of an interpellation by Mr. S. L. Karandikar in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Revenue Minister replied that there was no such case in the Ratnagiri District during the Non-co-operation Movement. Four persons were convicted and fined for taking part in the Civil Disobedience Movement and their lands were sold for non-payment of fines. Government did not propose to take any action as the lands were not forfeited for non-payment of land revenue or any other Government dues but the right, title and interest of the persons concerned in the lands were sold for the recovery of fines imposed on conviction by a court of law for offences connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement. The Minister submitted a statement giving details of particulars of all the four cases. It was shown that in three cases, their lands were now held either by their father, nephew or wife respectively of the persons concerned.

Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister in reply to a question by Mr. S. H. Jhabvala on the system of consumers' credit, stated that in rural areas Government had approved the formation of multi-purpose societies which when developed would act as consumers societies. The question of providing similar facilities in mill areas or urban areas was under consideration. He added that if such societies were started, Government would be glad to give such assistance as might be possible.

"Government have under consideration a Public Health Act in which it is proposed to include provisions for the prevention of pollution of river water" said Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, in reply to a question on the alleged want of precautionary measures for preventing pollution of river water used for drinking in villages. The Minister also informed the House that 341 and 94 villages situated on the banks of the rivers were attacked by cholera during 1938 and 39. When a cholera outbreak was reported in a riverside village the villages downstream were warned of the possible danger of contamination of river water. There was no practical method of purifying the water of an infected river. The villagers were advised to boil the water or at least to treat it with potash permanganate in vessels in which the water was drawn from the rivers.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta wanted to move his amendment to enhance the period from fifteen days to four months. He submitted that in view of the Clause having been radically changed he was not in a position to alter his amendment accordingly.

The Speaker allowed Mr. Jam-

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 3).

LATHI CHARGE ON STUDENTS

Sequel To Protest Against Drill For Governor's Visit

RANGPUR, Aug. 29.

A lathi charge was made by the police at about 4 p.m this afternoon on a number of school and college students near the Kailashranjan School, where they had assembled in order to protest against mass drill by school students organised on the occasion of the visit of H. E. the Governor.

As a result a number of students received injuries.

His Excellency passed through the place of occurrence a few minutes after the incident.

Subsequently seven students received treatment at hospital, but no one was admitted as indoor patient.

HOW TROUBLE STARTED

With reference to yesterday's incident between the police and the students, enquiries show that a campaign was being carried on for the last few days with the object of preventing students from participating in the mass drill an attempt was made to hold an anti-demonstration with Black Flags and to force the way to the main road from a bye-lane which was closed against all traffic. A constable seized a Black Flag and a scuffle followed. The constable was hit in the head with a flagstaff and during the struggle that ensued the crowd was pushed back with Lathis. Some of the students and the constable received slight injuries.—A. P.

PROGRESS OF INDIAN GLOBE INSURANCE

The eighth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Indian Globe Insurance Co., Ltd. was held at the Company's registered office on Wednesday at 4 p.m., when Sheth Vithaldas Kanji presided.

While submitting the report for the year ending 31st December, 1938, with audited Revenue Account and Balance Sheet they stated that the total premium income received during the year under report, after deducting reinsurance premiums amounted to Rs. 1,71,326-13-6, which shows an increase of Rs. 9,613-12-6 over figures of the previous year. The total insurance in force at the end of the year amounted Rs. 34,72,845-15-0 and shgs. 5,000, out of which Rs. 5,85,600 is reinsured. The life fund at the commencement of the year was Rs. 2,70,-657-5-5 which is now increased to Rs. 3,30,254-1-10. This shows an increase of Rs. 59,596-12-5 over that of the previous year, which should be considered encouraging.

'Youths Have A Mission And Duty'

Bose's Message To Muzaffarpur League

MUZAFFARPUR, Aug. 29.

The following message was given to the Muzaffarpur District Youth League by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose:—

"Youths always form the vanguard in every movement which stands for progress or liberty. This is why they are called the torch-bearers of liberty. Youths in India have, therefore, a mission and duty which they should fulfil. The problems before our country are firstly to win our freedom. Secondly to take proper steps to preserve it, and thirdly to build up a happy and prosperous India on the proper basis.

"If students and youths desire to fulfil this three-fold task they should at the very outset equip themselves in every way possible. If they are properly equipped and trained, they will undoubtedly be able to discharge their onerous responsibility. I hope that the youths of India will realise what is expected of them and acquit themselves accordingly."—United Press.

CHANDKARAN SARDA AT AJMER

Out To Organise Arya Volunteer Force

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, Aug. 30.

Mr. Chandkaran Sarda, who has been entrusted with the work of organising an Aryan Volunteer Corps on all India basis by the Aryan International League was here during the course of to-day and yesterday was entertained to a dinner. He addressed two public meetings also.

In his speeches, Mr. Sarda said that he agreed with the National Congress in everything except its attitude towards the Communal Award and the Muslims. He said he was co-operating with the Congress in respect of Swadeshi, removal of untouchability prohibition, adult education etc. He is touring in Rajputana to organise Volunteer Corps.

'Apology Without Stint' For Patna Incidents

CONGRESS PRESIDENT DEPLORES ROWDYISM AT RECEPTION TO SUBHAS BOSE

RANCHI, August 30.

"Political ideas and convictions cannot be maintained by suppressing the other side in any democratic organisation like the Congress", says Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President in the course of a press statement on the incidents at Patna.

Dr. Prasad adds: "Any stone, shoe or other missile thrown by any one who felt like that was not thrown at Subhas Babu or Swami Sahajanand, but at me, and whether it struck the target or not it certainly hit me. Were they retaliating for some insult or wrong done me? If they felt like that they did me a grievous injury. The word retaliation should not be found in the dictionary of Satyagraha and they pay lip homage thereto who forget its fundamental cardinal principle when the time comes to face it. Was there provocation that could justify violence on rowdyism on the part of those who shouted Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai? Violence in any form is the surest means of frustrating and defeating all that Mahatmaji live and worked for. Nor is our non-violence to be reserved only for the British Government and its agents.

APOLOGY WITHOUT STINT

"It is intended as much for our political opponents."

Proceeding he says: "Let us realise once for all that mud cannot be washed off with mud. It can be washed only with clear water So violence or rowdyism in Patna can be no remedy for violence or rowdyism in the past or future in another place. It will only add thereto to make the atmosphere more murky. We owe an apology and should offer it without stint. At any rate I do it openly and publicly.

RIGHT METHOD

"Those who wanted Subhas Babu to visit Patna were perfectly entitled to do so. Those who wanted to organise a reception were equally entitled to do so. Those who did not like to give him a reception were equally entitled to express their opinion but should have thought a hundred times before they decided to stage anti-demonstrations. Such anti-demonstrations serve no useful purpose. Were they afraid of his presence or that his speech would demolish their or other belief and convictions? If that is so then their convictions must be very poor convictions indeed. There is nothing to be lost and every thing to be gained by listening to the other side. It helps to clarify ideas and strengthen our convictions if they are sound."—A. P.

NEXT CONGRESS R. C. DECISIONS

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAMGARH (Hazaribagh).

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee of the 53rd Indian National Congress was held on the 21st and 22nd August, 1939, at Ramgarh. Sri Rajendra Prasad presided. Among those present were Prof. Abdul Bari, M. L. A., Acharya Badrinath Verma, Sri Atul Chandra Ghosh, Sri Ramnarayan Singh, M. L. A. (Cent.), Sri Mathura Prasad, Sri Devkinandan Prasad, M. L. A., Sri Mahamaya Prasad Sinha, Sri Badri Narayan Sinha.

Amongst others the following decisions were made. That huts for the delegates and visitors should be so constructed as to afford ample protection against rain and cold.

Gaddas with date-palm leaf mats and hay should be provided. Failing this cots should be arranged.

Rs. 10,000 was provided for decorations and pictures. That the delegates should be charged at the rate of Rs. 4 and visitors Rs. 5 for the session.

Rates of charge for stall and advertisement prepared by the stalls and Advertisement Sub-Committee were approved and sanctioned.

Disciplinary Action In Assam

FAUHATI.

The Working Committee of the Assam Provincial Committee adopted a resolution debarring Mr. Nandinath Saikia from being a Congress member for three years for having proposed a non Congressman for the Chairmanship of the Jorhat Local Board.—A. P.

Death Of Prominent Aryasamajist

NAGPUR,

Pt. Purshottamji Gyani, a prominent Arya Samajist of C. P. passed away on Saturday. The Pandit was aged 72 and recently courted arrest in connection with Arya Satyagraha in Hyderabad. His last rites were performed according to Vedic rituals.—A. P.

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Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee Dead

Courageous Social Reformer And Champion Of Down-trodden And Masses

CLOSED HIS BUSINESS WITH BRITISH AFTER JOINING SWADESHI MOVEMENT: EMINENT SERVICES RENDERED TO CITY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee which occurred at his residence at Walkeshwar, at 8-30 a.m. this morning.

The late Mr. Tairsee was educated at St. Xavier's College and after completing his studies joined business.

He was a member of the Municipal Corporation for a number of years and only in the last elections he did not seek re-election on the grounds of health. Although recently he had ceased to be a Congressman he always put on khaddar. He was a trustee of the Bombay Port Trust, President of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, ex-President of Indian Merchants' Chamber, and represented Indian Merchants' Chamber in the Bombay Legislative Council for a number of years.

In the death of Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee, Bombay has lost one of its ablest citizens carrying on his activities in all spheres of the metropolis, social, commercial, industrial, political, etc. He generally championed unpopular causes, and fought strenuously for what he believed to be the safeguarding of interests of the masses. Often he fought tenaciously and would continue the fight till the bitter end, regardless of consequences or of the fear of making his best friends his bitterest enemies.

He worked for the city in particular and the Presidency in general in various activities, for about half a century. He had his own peculiar style of writing and speaking, often characterised by mordancy and cynicism. Facing tremendous odds and encountering the severest opposition he would yet preserve his temper unruffled.

Fight Against Orthodoxy

Born in the Bhatia community in Bombay in 1875, he figured as one of the leading Bhatia citizens, and as years rolled on his activities were extended to various spheres tending to the welfare of masses. He fought hard, giving blows, and in turn receiving blows particularly in the social field, encountering great opposition from the orthodox section of the Hindu society.

After graduating from the St. Xavier's College he had kept terms for the M. A. Examination also but due to illness he could not appear for the examination. He took to business in his early career, and conducted an export and import office, acquiring later the sole agency of His Master's Voice records. He wholeheartedly supported the swadeshi movement started in India after the Partition of Bengal. He took to wearing swadeshi clothes and made it a point to attend the annual Congress sessions

Home Rule Movement

He joined the Home Rule movement started by the late Lokamanya Tilak and the late Mrs. Besant, taking a very active part in all Swarajya movements from 1916 to 1921; and to prove that example was better than precept he closed his business with British firms.

At a time when the present big labour movement with its varied ramifications had not seen the light of the day, Mr. Tairsee, popularly known as "Tairsee Bha", went to the succour of the downtrodden and masses. He took up the cause of the workers of the G.I.P. Railway when they struck work and also in the strike of the employees of the "Times of India", and succeeded in effecting settlement by peaceful persuasion. Mr. Tairsee can well be dubbed as one of the first labour leaders of our cosmopolitan city.

He waged a ceaseless war against the orthodox Bhatia Mahajan and started the new Bhatia Mahajan in co-operation with about 25 friends. He exposed mercilessly some of the social customs which he believed to be repugnant to a progressive society.

Sportsman And Businessman

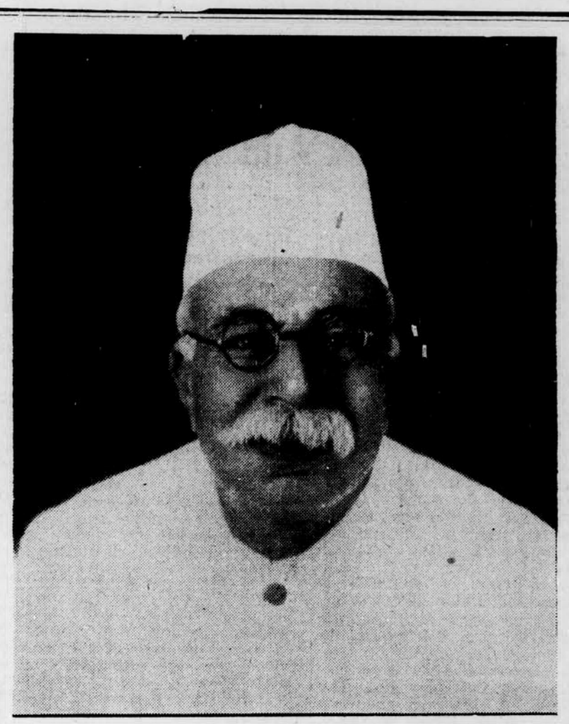
His services as an active Corporator are too well-known to need elaborate mention here. He was responsible for exposing the practice of opening tenders, and fought for changing the practice. The new method brought in an additional revenue to the Corporation to the tune of Rs. 450,000, which fact was admitted by the then Municipal Commissioner. In that civic body he succeeded in passing a resolution for boycott of British goods which created a furore in England.

His services to the Indian Chamber of Commerce and the Port Trust were also very valuable. At the time of the great epidemic of influenza which raged in the city in 1916-1917 exacting a terrible toll, which imposed a great strain on the Hindu Cemetery authorities, in the disposal of hundreds of bodies, he took over temporarily the management of the cemetery and evolved order out of chaos.

His activities in the political domain were not the least important, where due to his extraordinary outspokenness he often created hornets' nest around his ears, and made many enemies. During the last ten years of his life he had been a severe critic of the Congress and often opposed the Congress and supported its opponents. As President of the Hindu Gymkhana he gave his invaluable quota in the spread of manly sports in the city, and the present position of the Gymkhana is in no small manner due to his perseverance, tact and sagacity, which defied all resistance, at all times. Those who knew him intimately are aware that Mr. Tairsee's fondness for literature was great.

Mr Tairsee has left behind him two brothers, one sister, and three daughters. He lost his wife a few years ago. She was a devout Vaishnav, but he never came in the way of her beliefs, and kept the Balkrishna Temple at Muttra going, respecting all her wishes.

Of tall build and keeping a smiling face on all occasions, Mr. Tairsee was a picturesque figure, and was much respected in whichever society he moved. Truly we shall not see his like again. May his soul rest in peace.



The late Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee.

A MAN OF ROBUST COMMONSENSE

Sir H. P. Mody's Tributes To Tairsee

Interviewed by "Chronicle" Sir H. P. Mody said:—

A picturesque public figure has been removed from our midst by the passing away of my old friend Tairsee.

He had many lovable qualities and behind a rugged exterior and a certain eccentricity of manner, he possessed a kind heart and robust commonsense. His most distinguishing quality was his independence of judgment combined with a fearlessness which was strikingly exhibited on many public occasions. There will be many in Bombay and outside who will regard Tairsee's death as a personal loss.

WITH HEART OF GOLD HE MEANT ILL TO NONE

Mr. Meyer Nissim said:—

"In the death of Mr. L. R. Tairsee I have lost a staunch and esteemed friend. His sincerity, spirit of reform, intolerance of hypocrisy and fearless expression of opinion were the dominating features of his life. Although he had a blunt mannerism, he had always a heart of gold and he meant ill to none. His death is a great loss to the cause of social reform and clean sport. He will also be keenly missed in civic and commercial circles where his outspoken advice was of great value."

Corporation Standing Committee's Tribute

The Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation paid its tribute to the memory of the late Mr. L. R. Tairsee who was a civic father for many years.

On Wednesday, Dr. J. V. Vora referring to the sad event said the late Mr. Tairsee was a member of the Municipal Corporation for 12 years and a member of the Standing Committee for nine years. Mr. Tairsee, he said, was connected with a number of public institutions and was well-known for his business acumen and broad outlook in political and social matters. He took keen interest in sports and was President of P. J. Hindu Gymkhana.

He then moved a condolence resolution placing on record the Standing Committee's deep sense of sorrow at the sad death of Mr. L. R Tairsee.

THE LATE G. V. KAPADIA

Dr. Vora also made reference to the late Mr. Gunvant V Kapadia, who died on Monday last. Mr. Kapadia, he said, was a Municipal Councillor for four years and a half and by his death the Corporation has lost an esteemed colleague and the city an ardent and useful worker. A condolence resolution was also passed which would be sent to the family of the deceased.

A True Sportsman

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta said:—

The news of the death of Mr. L. R. Tairsee will come as a great shock to the public both commercial and otherwise. One of the most Catholic of men, I have found in him a true sportsmen always. As President of the Hindu Gymkhana he had imbibed in his life the principles of a real cricketer He worked at all sorts of things in his life time, but he harboured no grudge against his opponents and bore no ill-will after a defeat.

As President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and a member of the Committee, he had rendered a great service to this institution. It will not be easy to fill up his loss.

LAST TRIBUTES TO TAIRSEE

Mr. L. R. Tairsee's funeral took place at 11-30 this morning. The funeral procession started from his residence at Walkeshwar Road and reached the Land's End cremation grounds, where the last rites were performed.

Among those who attended the funeral were Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta, ex-Sheriff of Bombay, and Messrs Mathuradas Tricumjee, Syed Abdulla Brelvi, Sunderdas Morarjee, H. Ramimtoola Mr. J. K. Mehta, Mr. Narayanlal, Mr. R. K. Tatnis, Mr. M. B. Kolaskar, Dr. Nerurkar, Mr. Ganpatishanker Desai and others.

HONEST AND SINCERE IN WHATEVER HE DID

Mr. Mathradas Vissanji said:—

"The sad demise of my friend Mr. Tairsee has removed a prominent figure from the Society, particularly the Hindu public who have lost in him a staunch stalwart. In the sporting world his place will be difficult to fill while in politics it cannot be denied that in whatever he did, he was honest and sincere to the core."

Bombay's Loss

By the death of Mr. Tairsee Bombay has suffered a great loss. He was a true friend, sincere worker and honest patriot. His activities were varied and services many. His place will always be vacant. May his soul rest in peace!

CHIMANLAL SETALVAD.

Difficult To Find Another Tairsee

A sincere friend, a loyal colleague and an indefatigable worker—Bombay will find it really difficult to find another Tairsee. May his soul rest in peace.

OSMAN SOBANI.

J. C. Setalvad's Tribute

Mr. J. C. Setalvad said:—

I deeply deplore the death of Mr. Laxmidas R. Tairsee. He was a man of many sided activities, social, political and commercial I came into contact with him in his capacity as President of the Indian Merchants Chamber and as a Member of its Committee. Throughout my connection with him, I found him to be a man of honour, integrity, loyalty and great courage. The Chamber has passed through several critical times and I must say that he always stood by it loyally and boldly without any regard for favours or frowns because he considered that the Chamber was bigger than any individual.

He co-operated with me to a very large extent in raising the Memorial to the late Seth Lalji Naranji, a memorial which has now taken the form of the Indian Merchants Chamber Building. My only regret is that he could not attend, owing to his illness, the opening of the Building nor could he attend any meeting afterwards. It would have given considerable joy to his heart to see the building in its present form. His services to the Hindu community are too wide and too well-known to be mentioned here.

Uthamna Ceremony

The Uthamna ceremony of the late Mr. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee will be performed at the Fort (Bohra Bazar) residence of the deceased at 3-40 p.m. to-morrow (Friday).

Champion Of Lost Causes

Mr. J. K. Mehta said:—

"By the death of Sjt. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee, Bombay has lost a great soul An ardent and devoted social reformer, he worked for his ideals ceaselessly undaunted by frowns or threats of attacks. He was a champion of lost causes and whether it was the Harijan cause or the cause of social purity or the cause of fighting against priestly classes, he was always earnest and sincere in his efforts. There was several occasions when even his life was threatened and yet he went on in his normal manner with his round of duties without, as he himself said, losing a pound of weight.

He was a great reader which is a thing to be marked in these days when reading is no longer in vogue. He was always collecting books both in English and French and his tastes were wide and varied.

RESENTED SNOBBERY

He was a great democrat and constitutionalist and resented anything and everything in the way of snobbery or dictatorship.

He played a great part once in the National Congress and though he severed his relations with it afterwards, he remained an ardent nationalist throughout his life.

To his friends he was always sincere, loyal and affectionate; to his opponents he bore no ill-will.

May his Soul rest in peace.

B. P. C. C. Offices Closed

The offices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, remained closed on Wednesday on receipt of the sad news of the demise of the late Mr. L. R. Tairsee, who was an ex-Secretary and Treasurer of the B.P.C.C.

He was also a member of the Tilak Swaraj Fund and an ex-Trustee of the Congress properties in Bombay.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER'S TRIBUTE

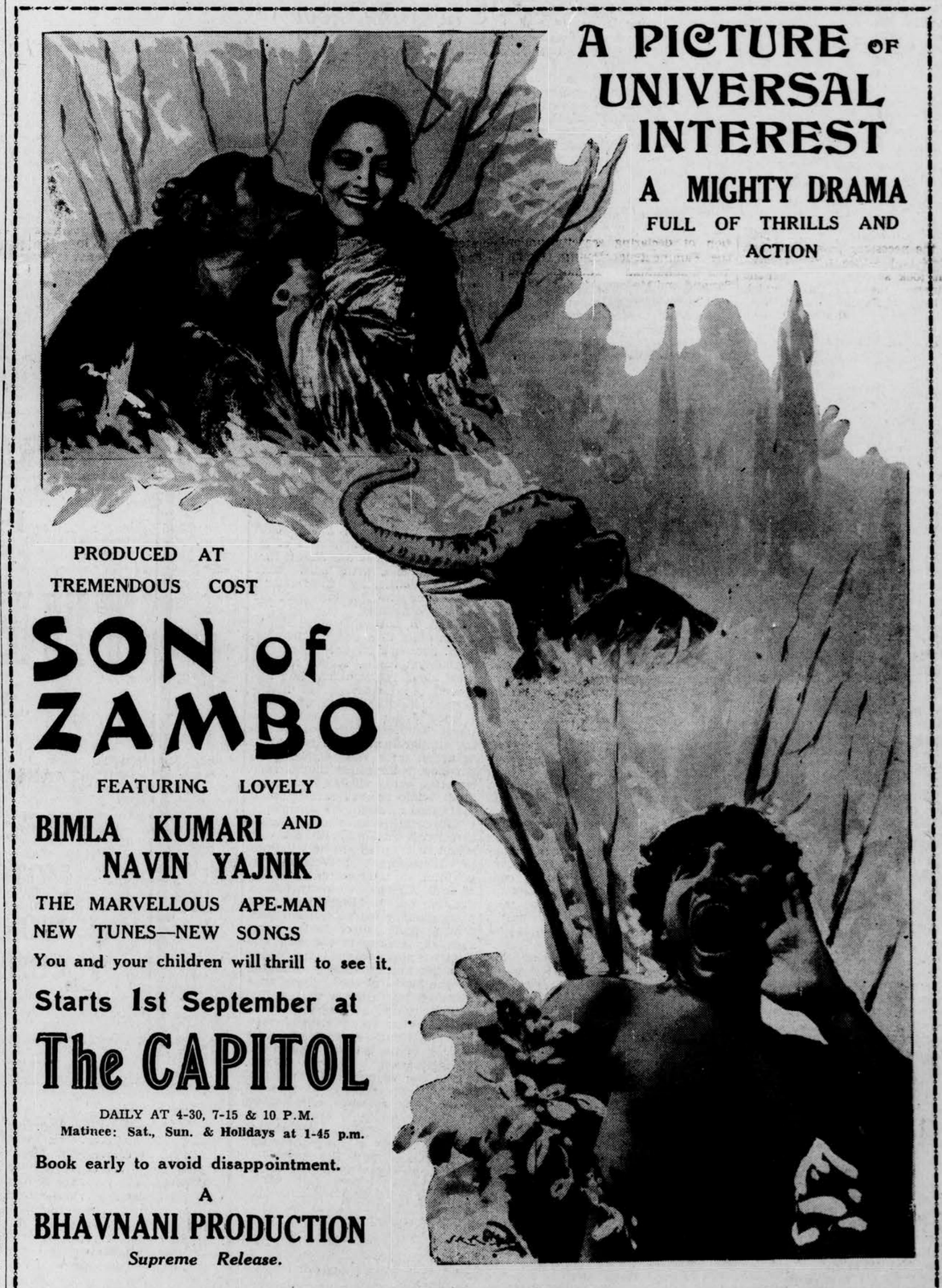
The following resolution was passed by the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber at their meeting held on Wednesday, the 30th August 1939 at 6 p.m. (S. T.) after which the meeting was adjourned without transacting any further business:

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants Chamber place on record their deep sense of the heavy loss caused to the country in general and the Indian commercial community in particular by the sad death of Seth Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee. As Vice-President and President of the Chamber during the years 1928 and 1929 and as representative of the Chamber on the Bombay Port Trust and on the Bombay Legislative Council and as a member of the Committee since a long time past, he rendered great and meritorious service to the cause of the institution. He was always loyal to the cause of the Chamber and helped it in a material way in his achievements in different directions. The Committee send their deepest condolences to his family in their bereavement."

OFFICE CLOSED AS MARK OF RESPECT.

The office of the Indian Merchants Chamber will remain closed on Thursday, the 31st August 1939 as a mark of respect to the

(Continued on Page 12 Col. 5.)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Timely Rains Come To Rescue Of Peasants

MEASURES TO COMBAT FAMINE CONDITIONS

Revenue Minister's Review Of Swift Govt. Action

POONA: August 30.

"The rainfall came just in time to save the situation from getting worse. It is yet too early to judge the full effects of these rains, but it seems quite clear that the fodder situation has decidedly improved and that, perhaps, after some time, some relaxation in the control of export of fodder may be possible," declared the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, making a statement in the Bombay Assembly to-day, on the scarcity situation in certain parts of the Province of Bombay.

Crop Prospects Better

He added: "The prospects of standing crops everywhere are distinctly better now, and we may, perhaps, reasonably and hopefully look forward to better 'Rabi' crops even in places where 'Kharif' crops have suffered beyond revival."

Mr. Desai gave an assurance that Government did not intend to relax its efforts or to stop its vigilance until the situation had cleared and there was definite evidence of the absence of distress.

REVENUE MINISTER'S STATEMENT

Reviewing the scarcity situation in the affected areas of the province and the measures taken by Government to meet it, the Hon. Mr. Desai said:—

These conditions became particularly acute in Viramgham Taluka by the second week of August and it was there that the first signs of scarcity manifested themselves. As tnhe rains continued to hold back, the scarcity deepened and extended to other districts enveloping in quick succession parts of the districts of Broach and Panch Mahals, Kaira, East and West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Nasik and Poona. The other districts were slightly more fortunate but there, too, the progress of drought was such as to cause anxiety.

FODDER EXPORT CONTROL

Faced by this unprecedented situation, Government took emergent action. The situation as Government viewed it revealed that control over the export of fodder and grain was a dire necessity. Government did not possess the necessary powers for such control and consequently Government took such powers under the Ordinance, the contents of which are by now common knowledge. In pursuance of that Ordinance, scarcity has been declared in Ahmedabad, Broach and Panch Mahals and East Khandesh Districts. Export of grain and fodder has been banned except under permits to be issued by the collectors from Ahmedabad, Broach and Panch Mahals, Surat, Thana, Kaira, East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Poona and City of Bombay. Concession rates have been introduced for the carriage of fodder to places in the northern sub-division affected by the scarcity conditions. The export of grass produced in the Northern Division to places outside the province has been banned. Government has also fixed standard prices for fodder in the Districts of Thana and Surat and for fodder and grain in the Districts of Ahmedabad, Broach and Panch Mahals and Kaira. Government has also authorised Collectors to take all necessary measures in an emergency in anticipation of Government sanction and allotment of funds where such action is necessary to avert serious calamity.

WATER RATES REDUCED

"Government took all this action to ensure that the areas which needed fodder were as far as possible not starved of the same and that the diminution of supply of fodder and grain in consequence of scarcity conditions did not result in an undue appreciation of prices. These steps were further rendered necessary by the prevailing scarcity and famine conditions not only in the neighbouring states of Kathiawar and Western India, but also in States as distant as Jodhpur and Bikaner. While Government has the fuliest sympathy with the famine-stricken people of these tracts Government owes its primary responsibility to the welfare and preservation of the people of this province. Further in order to promote the raising of fodder crops by irrigation. the rate for water for such crops was reduced to Re. 1|- per acre and for Rabi Javari crop to Rs. 3 per acre.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF

"As has already been pointed out to the members, Viramgam and part of Dholka Taluka in Ahmedabad District were the first and the worst sufferers owing to scarcity conditions: the conditions there became acute in the second week of August: due to scanty rainfall practically no grass was available in the Taluka, the plants were withering and cattle began to die of starvation. Government at once imposed a ban on the export by train of fodder from any of the districts of the Northern Division. A state of scarcity was immediately declared in the Taluka and Rs. 50,000 were sanctioned for distribution of tagavi, and another Rs. 50,000 for purchase of fodder.

RELIEF WORK

The necessary establishment was also sanctioned and to relieve the Revenue Officers of work the extra Sub-Judge, Viramgam was ordered to take up the Magisterial work of the whole Taluka. Proposals regarding the grant of Rs. 1,00,000 for sinking 20 ft. bores in Viramgam, Nalkantha and Bhal are under consideration and orders will issue shortly. The Collector has also been authorised to incur expenditure in an emergency in anticipation of sanction. As the scarcity had further deepened by 20th of August 1939, the Collector raised the amount for tagavi distribution and purchase of fodder to Rs. 1,00,000 each The question of declaring scarcity under the Famine Relief Code in Dholka and Dhandhuka Talukas and Sanand and Modasa Mahals is under consideration. To provide employment to the affected people. Government has sanctioned relief works for deepening of tanks, improving drainage channels and construction of new roads.

IN PANCH MAHALS

"The next district to suffer under scarcity conditions was Broach and Panch Mahals. The conditions in Broach Sub-Division were, however, not so unsatisfactory, but those in the Panch Mahals were more acute though little better than in Ahmedabad due to more ample initial rains. The Honourable Members are aware that this tract had only recently suffered due to famine conditions and consequently it was felt that not only arrangements for the supply of fodder will have to be made, but due to the low economic condition of the people, gratuitous relief will also have to be provided. Consequently Government sanctioned an allotment of Rs. 5,000 for gratuitous relief, Rs. 50,0000 for the opening of relief works and Rs. 30,000 for distribution of tagavi, for the preservation of cattle, construction of kacha wells and deepening of existing wells. Orders for placing a further sum of Rs. 70,000 for distribution of tagavi will shortly issue.

IN KAIRA AND NADIAD.

"In the Kaira District, the initial rains were even more satisfactory than in the Panch Mahals and consequently the problem was much less acute. The only Talukas where the power of resistance had been weakened due to poor economic condition of the people were Matar, Mehmedabad and the North and East part of Nadiad. Even there the position was not serious by the middle of this month. But as day after day of drought passed, the faith as well as the strength of the people weakened and measures were taken to alleviate distress. Rs. 15,000 were sanctioned for starting relief works, Rs. 1,000 for gratuitous relief to old and infirm persons and Rs. 30,000 for distribution of tagavi for raising fodder crops by well irrigation. Orders for placing a further sum of Rs. 100,000 as tagavi are under consideration.

IN KHANDESH.

"In the East Khandesh District, the condition of all crops was satisfactory upto the 15th of August, but there was danger of the crops withering away if there was no rain during the following few days. The scarcity of fodder was, however, being felt. In the West Khandesh District also the conditions were similar. Government has sanctioned Rs. 80,000 for distribution of tagavi in the two districts and to give employment to the agricultural labourers, Government sanctioned the starting of relief works, more especially of the work of breaking and carting metal.

FODDER EXPORT BAN.

"Nasik and Ahmednagar seemed to be on the verge of showing signs of scarcity conditions and Government has already taken precautionary action to retain the available fodder supply in the Districts. The Collectors of the two Districts have also been instructed to keep a close and careful watch on the conditions. In the District of Sholapur which is predominantly a Rabi District, the problem of fodder supply was satisfactory due to good rains in June and July, but as it was anticipated that the available stock might be depleted by export. A ban on export of fodder has recently been placed.

SWIFT ACTION.

"The Honourable Members will, therefore, notice that Government has got the situation under control. All necessary measures have been taken to solve the pressing problems of each particular district and the Collectors have been given discretion to take necessary measures in an emergency even in anticipation of Government sanction in order to avert serious calamities. They have also been instructed to see that there is no distress for want of timely help and action. The House, I am sure, will appreciate the swiftness of the action taken when it is realised that all these measures have been crowded within the short period of one week.

UNLUCKY SHOLAPUR.

"However the prospects that boded so much ill have, due to rainfall within the last 6 or 7 days, completely altered for the better. The Honourable Members will, no doubt, be both happy and relieved to hear that during the last three or four days rainfall has been general and evenly distributed throughout the province. All the Talukas of Ahmedabad District have had very ample rainfall between 5 and 9 inches. The other Districts of the Province have also had similar luck, except Sholapur where the rainfall has been slight ranging from 22 to 50 cents The situation in Sholapur is being watched very carefully and immediate action will be taken if there are no rain within the next fortnight or there are signs of distress in the District."—A.P.

Jamnadas Mehta Ordered Out Of House

(Continued from Page 9).

nadas Mehta time to consider his amendment and in the meantime called upon Mr. S. M. Mitha to move his amendment.

Mr. Mitha moved his amendment which sought to give a period of six months time to taxpayers before the penalty would come into operation.

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker then called upon Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta to move his amendment.

Mr. Mehta protested that the time given to him was not sufficient and asked whether it was the Speaker who was legislating or the House.

The Speaker asked Mr. Mehta to withdraw his words.

Mr. Mehta: It is impossible to legislate in this way.

Hon . The Speaker: Let the Hon. Member withdraw it before I take drastic step.

On Mr. Mehta refusing to withdraw his words, the Speaker called upon him to withdraw from the House.

HIS PROTEST

Remarking that it was no use being a member and that the Speakers ruling "is most outrageous" and "the Speaker is legislating and not the House" Mr. Jamnadas Mehta left the House. Mr. Mehta added that he was not afraid to leave the House even if it came to be the whole of the session. "I am leaving the House in all honour," He said.

After Mr. Mehta had left the House, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Leader of the Opposition, wanted to know from the Hon. the Speaker as to what gave offence to Mr. Jamnadas Mehta so that he (Sir Ali Mohamed) could be able to take such step as he thought fit.

DIGNITY OF CHAIR AND HOUSE

Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker: "In the first instance the question is fit to be put to the member himself. I put the amendment as usual to the House and resumed my seat expecting to see if anybody wanted to speak. Finding nobody came forward, I put the amendment to the House. When the member desired to address the House I pointed out that it was too late."

The Speaker added that it was the duty of the members to be on their alert and not be speaking to others. The remarks of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta were derogatory to the dignity of the Chair and to the House. That was what happened. It was never the Chair's desire to disallow anything. The Chair was not concerned as to how many days were taken up by a Bill. The Chair was only concerned to see that the debate was carried on within the bounds of relevancy and decorum. It was improper on the part of any member to attribute motives and to go on making statements in the manner in which the Hon. Member did towards the Chair. He (Mr. Jamnadas Mehta) was given an opportunity to move his amendment. He was also given an opportunity to withdraw whatever he said. Not only did he not think it proper to reconsider his position and withdraw the words as the House knew, he went out loudly making allegations against the Chair. "This piece of conduct," concluded Mr. Mavlanker, "I must deprecate in the strongest language. It is not the question of an individual. It is the question of the dignity of the House and the Chair."

The House then rose for the day.—A. P.

Police Behaviour With Public

POONA, Aug. 30.

"No specific instructions to this effect have been issued but under general instructions issued to the Police in regard to their dealings with the public they are required to act with discretion, to use tact and employ conciliatory methods so as to obviate the necessity of having to use force in ensuring that any directions are complied with."

Thus replied Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister to a question from Mr. S. H. Jhabwala in the Bombay Assembly to-day. The question was whether Government had issued any instructions to the Police to use tact in preference to force in controlling meetings or processions and demonstrations.

Hon. Pt. Gobind Ballabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces was an interested visitor in the Speaker's Gallery.—United Press.

DELIGHTFUL CONCERT AT 'IDEAL MUSICO'

The 'Ideal Musico'—Dadar arranged a delightful concert on Monday night at Kitti Bhandari Hall, Gokhale Road when Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar gave a masterful exposition of classical Indian music. 'Behag', Kamach Tumri, Tilang, Tilak, Kamod, 'Giya Malhar', 'Kapi' and 'Vasant' were some of the Ragas with which she moved the audience into raptures. The concert continued till 3 a.m.

The 'Ideal Musico' is an association of music lovers which arranges classical performances as a relief against the unscientific film music. It has kept the membership at eight annas. Its membership is cosmopolitan in nature.

It expects to celebrate its Second Anniversary in October when Sjt. Patwardhan would give a performance

FIRE IN TOY FACTORY

The premises of Muhammadali Rajahussein and Co., a celluloid and a wooden toy manufacturing factory at New Chinchbunder Road. caught fire on Wednesday night.

The premises, it appears, were closed down at 5 in the evening; but late at about 8 p.m. a fire broke out and started spreading fast in the interior of the building. Huge clouds of fumes, were noticeable from outside, and neighbours who became suspicious informed the Fire Brigade immediately.

Within a few minutes, several fire engines rushed to the spot and brought the fire under control only after battling with the devouring flames for more than half an hour.

The total damage is estimated at Rs. 6,000

Tri-Colour And Madras Corporation

MADRAS, Aug. 30.

It is learnt that the Leader of the Congress Party in the Council of the Madras Corporation has received a communication from Mahatma Gandhi to the effect that the tri-colour National Flag might continue flying over the Corporation buildings if a majority of the Councillors were in favour of its flying.—United Press.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 25th day of August, 1939.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES—	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	37,88,92,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	169,40,30,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	9,48,29,000
Total Notes issued	216,77,51,000
Total Liabilities	216,77,51,000

ASSETS—	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,48,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	59,50,11,000
Total of A.	103,91,57,000
B. Rupee Coin	75,46,87,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	37,39,07,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	...
Total Assets	216,77,51,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 47.937 per cent.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 25th August, 1939.

LIABILITIES—	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	9,21,35,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,98,84,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	3,93,28,000
(b) Banks	26,98,40,500
(c) Others	69,54,000
Bills Payable	10,20,000
Other Liabilities	1,54,48,000
Rupees	54,46,09,000

ASSETS—	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	37,84,66,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	4,26,000
Rupee Coin	8,04,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,25,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	...
(b) External	...
(c) Government Treasury Bills	41,94,000
Balances held abroad*	7,44,11,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	61,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	2,00,000
Investments	6,81,56,000
Other Assets	1,13,27,000
Rupees	54,46,09,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Aug 30

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names	Latest prices.
Amalgamated Tin Mines of Nigeria Ltd.	0 4 6
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold	1 3 6
Turner and Newall	3 17 6
Associated Electric Industries	1 18 0
Attock Oil	2 12 6
Barsi Light Railways	50 0 0
Automatic Telephone and Elec Ordinary	2 4 0
Castlefield (Klang) Rubber	0 2 1½
Beira Railways	1 0 0
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0 8 3
Marconi International Marine	1 7 6
Western Union Telegraph	—
General Electric Ordinary	3 14 0
Fairey Aviation Co, Ltd.	0 18 9
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	0 13 0
International Railways of C America	—
Malayalan Plantations	1 7 6
British Burma Petroleum	0 4 9
Soudn Plantation Syndicate	1 4 6
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 0 3
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0 11 0
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 2 3
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	—
Mariu Gold Mining Areas Ltd	0 8 6
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd	0 4 0
Trust of Bank and Insurance Shares	0 17 6
Trust of Bank Share Units	0 16 9
Trust of Insurance Share Units	0 19 0
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	3 14 5.44 p.c. p.a.

Dealings in American Securities on the London Stock Exchange have been suspended.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA

Interim Dividend

The Manager, National Bank of India Ltd., Bombay, writes:—

We have received telegraphic advice from our Head Office London, advising that an interim dividend has been declared at the rate of 16 per cent per annum less income tax, payable 26th September.

Mercantile Bank Of India Limited

The Manager, The Mercantile Bank of India Ltd., Bombay writes:—

We are in receipt of a telegraphic advice from our London Office intimating that the Board of Directors have declared an Interim Dividend for the half-year ending 30th June, 1939, at the rate of 12 per cent per annum, less Income Tax.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Aug 30

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	95/10
4 per cent 1960/70	108/8
5 per cent 1945/55	112
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	96/8
Bank of Hindusthan	27
Bank of India	138/12
Central Bank	32/4
Imperial Bank F P	150/5
Imperial Bank P P	370/10
Indian Overseas Bank	47
Reserve Bank	109/8
Union Bank	5/11/6
TEXTILES	
Ahmd New Textiles	310
Ambica	203/12
Arun	190
Arvind	105/5
Asok	171/4
Bharatkhand Textiles	1575
Bombay Dyeing	740
Buckingham and Carnatics	...
Calico	550
Central India	210/10
Century	211/4
Colaba	111/14
Elgin	103/12
Gokak	130/10
Hukumchand	165/10
Indore Malwa	30/10
Jubilee	202/8
Khatau Makanji	81/4
Kohinoor	222/8
Laxmi Cotton	417/8
Madhusudan	2x0
Marsden	72/8
Morarji	119
Mysore	78/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	182/8
Raipur	575
Rajnagar	127/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	69
Sholapur	2600
Simplex	66/2
Swadeshi	200/10
Vishnu	1000
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord	1442/8
Tata Hydro Ord	152/8
Tata Power Ord	1276/4
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	143/2
Ajmer Electrics	10/15
Amalgamated	11/12
Bombay Suburban	165
Bombay Tram	125/15
Lahore Electrics	225
Surat Electrics	161/4
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	382/8
Associated Cements	117/8
Belapur	170
Bombay Burma New	156/14
Bombay Burma Old	461/14
Bombay Steam	267/10
Bombay Telephone	87/8
Br B Petrol	3/9/6
Burma Corporation	5/4
Dalmia Cement	9/14
Indian Bleaching	89/12
Industrial Investment Tr	48/4
Indian Radio Ord XD	348/12
Indian Radio Defd XD	332/8
Indian Copper	1/13
Indian Iron	24/2
Mysore Sugar	30/8
Port Canning	75/12
Premier Construction	69/12
Rohtas Industries	90
Scindia Steam	17/15
Shivrajpur	32/12
Steel Corp of Bengal	11/8
Tata Oil	54
Tata Steel ordy	267
Tata Steel defd	1367/8
JUTES	
Birla Jute	15
Howrah	48
Hukumchand	441/3
Kamarhatty	440
Kankinarrah	344
Lawrence	320
Reliance	54

The CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: ESPLANADE Rd FORT, BOMBAY.

110 BRANCHES AND PAY-OFFICES THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Authorised Capital	...	Rs. 3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	...	Rs. 3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital	...	Rs. 1,68,13,200
Reserve & Other Funds	...	Rs. 1,01,47,000
Deposits as at 30-6-39	...	Rs. 32,74,84,000

DIRECTORS.

Sir H. P. Mody, K.B.E., CHAIRMAN. The Rt. Hon'ble Nawab Sir Akbar Hydari, Kt., P.C., Ardeshir B. Dubash, Esquire. Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire. Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire. Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire. Sir Dossabhoy H. Bhiwandiwala. Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire. Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire. Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire.

LONDON AGENTS:—Messrs. Barclay Bank Limited and Messrs. Midland Bank Limited.
NEW YORK AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.
PARIS AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.
BERLIN AGENTS:—The Deutsche Bank.

Banking Business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN., Manager.

(Established—December, 1911)

ADD BOVRIL TO THE INGREDIENTS

All good cooks know that a little BOVRIL goes a long way and greatly improves their savoury dishes. This improvement takes two forms; in the first place it brings out the flavour of the dishes to which it is added, and secondly, it adds nourishment to the food.

Scientific investigation has conclusively proved that the body-building power of BOVRIL is from 10 to 20 times the amount taken.

ENRICH YOUR MEALS WITH

BOVRIL

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON NINE POINTS DOWN

Developments In Europe Looked Upon With Optimism

STERLING APPRECIATES ON IMPROVED ENQUIRY

Marked Fall In Local Bullion Prices

BOMBAY: August 30.

NEW YORK COTTON

The market presented cheerful tone. The optimistic view of European developments induced some covering purchases. Prices gradually improved on good trade and foreign support.

BOMBAY COTTON

Broach slightly declined as there were no encouraging cables from abroad.

EXCHANGES

After opening at 4.38 the cross rate declined to 4.34, but subsequently rallied to 4.40 on good enquiry.

Franc appreciated to 175.12 on improved demand.

All groups were stronger on London Stock Exchange. Kaffirs ruled somewhat hesitant.

BULLION

Silver prices in London declined further on account of selling pressure.

Gold was slightly higher at £7-18-6.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939.

New York, Aug. 30.

Previous closing	8.46
To-day's opening	8.46
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	8.37
Difference	—.09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939.

Liverpool, Aug. 30.

Previous closing	4.77
To-day's opening	4.68
Difference	—.11
To-day's closing	4.58
Difference	—.19

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1940 ..... Rs. 157-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug. 30.

New York cotton exhibited cheerful sentiment following more optimistic view of developments in Europe which induced some covering purchases.

The trading in October began at 8.46 i.e. unchanged from the last. Prices advanced on good trade and foreign support with some covering with October gradually improving to 8.51.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Locally, Broach April/May opened to-night at Rs. 158-4. The market declined slightly following discouraging cables. Lower levels attracted some buying. Market closed at Rs. 157-8.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 30.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

October (8.54/8.53) 8.47/8.46
December (8.39/8.38) 8.34/8.34
January (8.23/8.23 8.20/8.20

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Aug. 30.

American October (4.84) 4.68
American December (4.78) 4.64
Giza October (6.77) 6.64
Giza December (6.74) 6.62

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Aug. 30.

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Indian Pekoe higher (1-8 1/2) 1-8 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop August September (unquoted) unquoted
Dundee August (£24 1/2 sellers) £24 1/2 sellers
Lightning August (£23 sellers) £23 sellers.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay July August (unquoted) unquoted
Linseed Calcutta July (unquoted) £13 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (unquoted) unquoted
Groundnuts Coromandal August (unquoted) £12 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (8 7/8 paid and value) 8 3/4 buyers
Forward October December (8 15/16 paid and sellers) 8 13/16 paid and buyers

METALS

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers, £230 sellers) £229 7/8 buyers £230 sellers Quiet.
Lead (£16 3/8 buyers £16 1/2 sellers. Easier) £16 1/2 buyers £16 5/8 sellers. Firm.
Copper (£52 1/2 to £54 1/2) £52 to £54
Iron (£102) £102

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Aug. 30.

The Liverpool wheat market closed at 46 7/8d for October position to-day while yesterday's closing was 46 1/4d.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Aug. 30.

Previous closing	4.40
To-day's opening	not received
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.39 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug. 30.

Previous closing	4.38.25
To-day's opening	4.38.00
To-day's closing	4.39.50

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Aug. 30.

Previous closing	175.31
To-day's opening	175.25
To-day's closing	175.15

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 30.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.38 and then eased to 4.34 on lack of support but subsequently rallied rapidly to 4.40 on better enquiry.

France opened at 175.25 and appreciated to 173.12 on improved enquiry with subsequent changes being small.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32 sellers) 1-5 31/32 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.103) 13.103
New York on Bombay (32.12) 32.90
Berlin on Milan (0.80 3/8) 0.80 3/8
London on Milan (82.75) 84.00
London on Shanghai (0-4 nominal) unquoted
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (3 7/8 to 3 15/16 per cent) 3 7/8 to 3 15/16 per cent
4 months (4 1/4 to 4 1/4 per cent) 4 1/8 to 4 1/4 per cent.
6 months (5 to 5 per cent) 5 to 5 per cent

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-17-0) £7-18-6
Silver (19 1/2d) 19 1/16d

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Aug. 30.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received in Bombay "Indian and speculative selling met small demand. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 30.

Spot	(19 1/2d) 19 1/16d—7/16
Forward	19 3/16d) 18 11/16d—1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 30.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-17-0) £7-18-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations

SILVER

Silver ready	49	5	0
Silver Shravan (Second)	49	1	0
Silver Bhadrapad	48	15	0

GOLD

Gold ready	38	6	6
Gold Shravan (Second)	38	6	0
Gold Bhadrapad	38	6	0
Sovereign	23	10	6

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Closing Night Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Wheat September	3	0	0
Wheat January	3	3	9
Wheat May	3	3	6
Linseed September	5	3	3
Wheat May	3	1	0
Groundnuts February	30	10	9
Castorseeds September	29	8	0
Castorseeds May	29	4	0
Cottonseeds September	28	2	0
Cottonseeds May	22	8	0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug. 30.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with Oct. at 45 1/4d. The market displayed steadiness but rates were slightly lower on continued favourable political outlook.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug. 30.

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 0.66 7/8. There was very little doing in the absence of any speculative interest as traders are awaiting developments abroad. The rat eased slightly to 0.66 3/4.

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotation

Bombay, Aug. 30.

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper closed at Rs. 95-13 for spot at 5 p.m. Budlee rate declined to as 2 1/2 as against short sellers.

3½% INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London Aug. 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £82

Closing quotations of the same Loan on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, August 22, £82.
Wednesday, August 23, £82
Thursday, August 24, £80
Friday, August 25, £80
Monday, August 28, £80
Tuesday, August 29, £80 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 30.

London Stock Exchange displayed better feeling to-day.

Giltedged securities were also in request. Three and half per cent was quoted at £81 i.e. ten shillings higher than the last closing.

INDIAN LOANS

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92) £82
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£90 1/2) £81
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£104) £105 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£105) £106 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-68 (£100) £100
5 per cent 1942-47 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
4 per cent (£94) £94 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£95) £97

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£64) £66 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£87 3/4) £89 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 3/4) £100 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£102 5/8) £104 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£89) £90 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£102 1/4) £103 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-6) 16-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (60-0) 69
Hydro Electric (no dealings) dol 3
Elec Music Industry (9-6) 9-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (21-10 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-3) 30-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (62-9) 64-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£16) £16 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (28) 28-3
Unilever Ordinary (34-7 1/2) 34-3
Ford Motors (16-6) 17-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£46)' £47
British American Tobacco Ordinary (92-6) 95-0
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/16) £6 1/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (132-6) 132-6
P and O Def (17-6) 18-0
Distillers (95-0) 96-9
Bredford Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanes (6-1 1/2) 6-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-3) 28-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-7 1/2) 30-3
Final Cotton Spinners (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-6) 17-6
Inter Nickels (no dealings) dol 53 1/2
Indian Iron (35) 33-9

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Donaro Tea (28-9) 28-9
Empire of India (22) 22-0

JUTES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-3) 24-0
Guio Kelampong (16-3) 16-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-3) 26-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (26-3) 27-6
Burma Corporation (7-9) 8-0
Rio Tintos (£10) £10 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (31-3) 50
Rand Mines (£9) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£16 1/4) £16 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (66-3) 70-7 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (83-9) 86-3
Sub Nigel (£11 1/8) £10 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 26-3
Union Corporation (£7 5/8) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 20-0
Anglo Iranian (67-6) 66-10 1/2
Burma Oil (66-10 1/2) 66-3
Mexican Eagle (5-10 1/2) 5-10 1/2
Shell Transport (86-10 1/2) 86-3
Royal Dutch (no dealings) no dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/2) £28 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
London North-Eastern Def (£3) £3
London Southern Def (£12 1/2) £12 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£108) £108 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£66 1/2) £66 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug. 30.

The following are the opening rates:

General Motors (dol 45 1/2) dol 46
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25) dol 25 3/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 48) dol 48
U S Steel Preference (dol 106) dol dol 107 1/2

CHEERFUL DAY ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Substantial Gains: Kaffirs Weak

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 30.

On the Stock Exchange after a cheerful day all groups show substantial final gains apart from Kaffirs, which reacted sharply on the announcement of South African Government's decision to appropriate all proceeds from gold dealings above £7/10 per ounce. Bullion market interprets the decision as an application of a brake to speculation in gold mining shares arising from the high price of gold.

Wall Street opened firm

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes And Speculative Better

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

Jutes:—Slightly better feeling was noticed in this section and moderate business was put through. Coals revealed no most feature. Teas rather dull. Miscellaneous: Speculative issues displayed slightly better movement. Govt. securities ruled better.

Govt. Securities: Three and half per cent Govt. paper 95/6; three per cent new loan 1963/65 96/5 small lot; four per cent loan 1960/70 108/10 small lot five per cent loan 1945/55 112/14; five per cent U.P. Bonds 1944 108/8 small lot

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1520 small lot do conty 377; Reserve 109.

Railways: Arrah Sasaram Rly. 49 Ex Div; small lot; Bankura Damoodar 90/8 small odd lot; Bukhtiarpur Bihar Rly. 41 small odd lot; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Guar 98.

Coals: Bhulanbaragee 7/6, Equitable 29/14 small lot; Hurriladih 11/2 small lot; Mundulpoor 7/2; Satpukuria and Asansol annas ten.

Jutes: Agarpara 14, Anglo-India 301 small lot do pref 147; Bally pref 135; Belvedere pref 145 small odd lot; Budge Budge 260; Gourepore pref 150; small odd lot; Howrah 48/10; Hukumchand 1/5; do pref 21; Kinnison pref 147;

Miscellaneous: Burma corpn 5/4; Ex Div; Indian copper 1/12; do pref 13/8; Burn and Co. ord 271; Hukumchand steel ord 4/15; do defd one Ct Indian iron 24/2; Steel corpn ord 11/12; do pref 94; Ct National Indian Life Insurance 346 small odd lot; Calcutta trams pref 13/8, Dunlop rubber ord 17/12; do second pref 104 small lot; B B petrol 3/8; Midnapore Zemindary 58 small lots; Humayun property defd annas eleven; India General Navg. ord 85/8; do pref 141/8; Carew and Co. ord 10; Samastipore 6/8; Bishnauth tea 21/4 C Div.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66; Howrah Bridge 100; three and quarter per cent 1966/76; Rangoon Municipal 101 small lot; seven per cent 1936/51; Mahaswastika sugar 96.—A. P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Aug. 30.

Received cable from London, Mysore gold sn 26 buyers 28 sellers; Champion reef sn 36/6 buyers 40/6 sellers; Mundidrug sn 20/6 buyers 20/6 sellers. Burma Corporation sn 6 buyers 8/6 sellers.

Government Securities were the firmer market and 3 1/2 per cent paper appreciated considerably. Bank shares remained unchanged. Among miscellaneous shares there was no feature of note. Planting shares remained steady with a fair enquiry for lower priced shares.

Exchange transactions 3 per cent 1951-54 G I loan Rs. 98/8, 3 per cent 1948-65 G I loan Rs. 96/2, 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 G I loan Rs. 102/12 small lot, 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes Rs. 95, 95/4 1st Sept 94/7, 18th Sept 95/3 ready 95/4, 3 1/2 per cent 1951-68 Mysore Rs. 106/6, 4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore Rs. 112/10, 5 per cent 1955 Mysore Rs. 124/3 124/14 small lot, 3 1/2 per cent 1956 Travancore Rs. 102/12, 3 per cent 1952 Madras Rs 97/13.

Bank of Hindustan Rs. 27/4, Central Bank of India Rs. 32/8.

Cotton and plantations ordy Rs. 2/2, 2/4, Midland rubbers Rs. 2/14, E I D sugar pref sn 22/1 1/2, Peypore sugars ordy Rs. 5/2, Mysore papers Rs. 6/6 Anguthanjan pref Rs. 78, 79, Indian steel rolling ordy Rs. 2/14, 3 Tata defd Rs. 1351/4, Sept 1360, Oct. Tata ordy Rs. 283, 283/14, Sept 285/8, 286, Oct. 30th August 1393.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Aug. 30.

To-day's closing quotations:

Cotton Sind Jan. 15/6/6, Punjab Jan. 13/1/6; Dessi American Jan. 17/14 quiet; wheat Sept. 22/3/9, Nov. 23/0/6 quiet. Weak gram Sept 29/6/9, Nov. 29/9, Toria Sept. 35/15, November 36/6, Cottonseed Sept 26/8, Jan. 19/9/9

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay, Aug. 30.

(From The Pepper and Ginger Merchants Association Ltd.)

	Rs.	a.	p.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	82	8	0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy	81	8	0
Pepper Bhadarva Sud 15th per candy	82	0	0
Pepper Asho Sud 15th per candy	81	12	0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy	84	0	0
Pepper ready Lampong in Bond per cwt.	11	12	0
Pepper Lampong C.I.F. per cwt.	11	4	0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt	11	4	0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt.	13	0	0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt	14	0	0

National Planning

Insurance Sub-Committee Meeting

BOMBAY, Aug. 30.

The Insurance Sub-Committee of the National Planning Committee met this afternoon under the presidency of Sir Chunilal Mehta.

The "United Press" understands that the Committee considered the draft memorandum which was before it relating to the possibilities of developing insurance as an institution for the service of the society. It was decided that this questionnaire should be issued to the various Insurance companies and chambers of commerce etc. with a request that the replies to the questionnaire be sent to the office of the Planning Committee by the end of September next.

The next meeting of the subcommittee is expected to be held early in October.

The Manufacturing Industries Sub-Committee also met to-day. The Secretary reviewed the work so far done by the Committee.

"United Press" learns that the committee decided to define its scope of enquiry by defining the manufacturing industries. A list of these industries was drawn up and various persons specially interested in these industries would be requested to supply information to the committee. After the information and date have thus been gathered, they would be sorted out and placed according to the order of their importance for planned work. In this task the guiding factors, it is further learnt, should be the present consumption, market availability of raw materials and supplies, technical skill, finance and tariff etc.

The Committee adjourned after authorising the Chairman and the Secretary for carrying on the preliminary work. The next meeting of the sub-committee is expected to be called after the preliminary work has been completed and the necessary dates collected.—United Press.

TRIBUTES TO TAIRSEE'S MEMORY

(Continued from page 10)

memory of Mr. L. R. Tairsee, an ex-President of the Chamber.

An Outspoken Citizen

Mr. Hussainbhai Laljee says:—To think that dear old Tairsee is no more makes one feel very much. To me he had been a good friend for years and his frankness endeared him to me and everyone, who knew him. He and Sir Purshottamdas were my constant and best counsellors during the years 1930-1931 when I was the President of the Indian Chamber and the President of the Municipal Corporation, and if during those most anxious times the Indian Chamber, the Corporation and myself had been able to contribute something tangible towards the settlement of the non-co-operation movement, boycott movement and the pact between Indian and European business people and finally towards the famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact, it was due to his wholehearted support to me from the time the negotiations between Sir Frederick Sykes, the then Governor of Bombay, and myself started which was in May 1931 to the time that famous Gandhi-Irwin Pact was made. I mention this as I consider it is due to him.

To lose such a friend is a severe blow but the great regret which will be felt will be that we have lost a really frank and outspoken citizen whose contribution as municipal councillor and member of the Port Trust, and President and member of the Indian Merchants Chamber has been also considerable.

Condolences

The Hon. Secretaries of the Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association, Bombay, write:—

The Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association have expressed condolence on the sad demises of Messrs G. V. Kapadia and L. R. Tairsee.

Mr. G. V. Kapadia was a prominent member of the Association.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee was an ex-President of this Association.

The Association extends to their families their deep sympathy in their sad bereavement. The office of the Association was kept closed in their honour

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Scindia Steam Nvg. s.s. Jalaveera of 3089 reg tons Capt W J Turner arrived from Bassein via Madras Colombo Tuticorin and Cochin with rice and general cargo

B I S N s.s. Gazana of 3191 reg tons Capt H S Graham arrived from Rangoon via Cochin and Calicut with rice timber and general cargo

Scindia Steam Nvg. s.s. Jalaputra of 3113 reg tons Capt N D Anderson arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal

Anglo Iranian Oil s.s. British Trader of 2314 reg tons Capt N Tinkney arrived from Abadan with cargo of furnace oil

SAILED

B I S N s.s. Kenya of 4646 reg tons Capt H M MacDonald sailed for Durban via Karachi and East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 30-8-39

S S Lahore (MM) for Australian Ports via Colombo

S S Ranpura (MM) for China Japan Ports via Penang and Colombo

S S Jehangir (TM) for Karachi Port Sudan Ports via Red Sea Ports and Jeddah

S S Badarpur (Br. Shell Oils and D) for Rangoon.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Aug. 30.

3 Britannia 5276 Glasgow 8-9 Anchor Line
8 City of Norwich 4346 U Kingdom 31-8 K Nixon
9 Burdwan 2679 London 31-8 M M
10 Vita 1956 Karachi NF M M
13 Vasna 2026 NF NF M M
14 Cathay 8746 N F N F P Sea T Officer
1 Kenya 4646 Durban 30-8 M M
15 Mount Othrys 2956 Port Said 1-9 Ralli Bros

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Nawab 3424 Calcutta 31-8 T Morrison
3 Bankura 1896 Persian Gulf 30-8 M M
8 Ryuhuku maru 4239 Karachi 30-8 O S K Kaisya
10/11 Toyama Maru 4383 Cochin 31-8 N Y Kaisha
L Kalarand 859 Bedi Bunder 30-8 B S N
N/O Jalavecra 3089 NF NF Scindia S N

PRINCE'S DOCK

F Jehangir 2157 N F N F T Morrison
H Shrivati 250 NF NF Malabar Steamship
H Revati 232 NF NF Malabar Steamship
M Kalmarsund IX 611 N F N F Merchant S N
P Stanwold 603 Bedi Bunder N F B S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Maloja 7-9-39 P and O S N
Durenda 2-9-39 M M
Ranpura 31-8-39 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Dundee 1-9-39 K Nixon
Circassia 8-9-39 Anchor Line

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Van Buren 7-9-39 F F Campbell
Silverteak 3-9-39 Volkart Br
Pres. Harrison 21-9-39 F F Campbell

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Melbourne Maru 18-9-39 O S Kaisha
Carthage 15-9-39 P and O S N
Zinzan Maru 17-8-39 N Y Kaisha
Singapore Maru 2-9-39 M B Kaisha
Canton 1-9-39 P and O S N
Tango Maru 29-8-39 N Y Kaisha
London Maru 8-9-39 O S K Kaisya

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 31-8-39 M M
Varsova 2-9-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 8-9-39 P and O S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalapalaka 2-9-39 Scindia S N
Jalajyoti 31-8-39 Scindia S N

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 2-9-39 M M

FROM KARACHI

Toyama Maru 4-9-39 N Y Kaisha

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Narkunda 9-9-39 P and O S N
Carthage 16-9-39 P and O S N
Burdwan 30-8-39 P and O S N
Canton 2-9-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 8-9-39 Anchor Line
City of Norwich 30-8-39 K Nixon
City of Benares 1-9-39 K Nixon

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Van Buren 9-9-39 F F Campbell
Bidevind 29-8-39 Volkart Bros
City of Corinth 23-8-39 F F Campbell
Pres Harrison 23-9-39 F F Campbell

FOR PORT SAID

Mount Athrys 1-9-39 Ralli Bros

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Vitorlock 7-9-39 N Y Kaisha
Toyama Maru 9-9-39 N Y Kaisha
Ranpura 31-8-39 P and O S N
Tango Maru 13-9-39 N Y Kaisha
London Maru 25-9-39 O S K Kaisya
Melbourne Maru 20-9-39 O S K Kaisya
Ryubuku Maru 8-9-39 O S K Kaisya

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 7-9-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 6-9-39 M M
Bankura 30-8-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 13-9-39 M M
Karanja 27-9-39 M M

FOR CALCUTTA

Orna 3-9-39 M M

FOR MAURITIUS

Akbar 14-9-39 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Toyama Maru 31-8-39 N Y Kaisha
Viterlock 27-8-39 N Y Kaisha
City of Cardiff 28-8-39 J Finlay

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Cathay 28-8-39
S S Britannia 28-8-39
S S Orna 28-8-39
S S Costacappelle 28-8-39
S S Kalavati 28-8-39
S S Toyama Maru 29-8-39
S S Burdwan 29-8-39
S S Kalarand 29-8-39

EXPORTS

Bombay, Aug. 30.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 71 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla; 57 bales cotton twist waste M Narotamdas; 107 bales cotton twist waste Champakial; 50 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros; 116 bags kang grain F Gokalchand; 51 dms castor oil A Hargovindas; 3840 bags gr nut cakes exp K Devchand; 600 bags linseed cakes exp K Devchand; 1950 bags gr nut oil cake exp The Cotton Agents

For Manchester: 100 bales cotton waste G M Vyas; 38 bales cotton waste oily Champakial; 33 bales cotton waste oily M Narotamdas; 25 bales cotton twist waste P D Vora; 37 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros

For Glasgow: 2580 bags gr nut oil cake exp by Rawji; 300 bags mauroh oil cake exp The Cotton Agents

For Philadelphia: 41 bales raw wool D Abraham and Sons

S S Lahore for Sydney: 24 bales cotton twist waste M Narotamdas

S S Ranpura for Hongkong: 46 bales cotton grey yarn H M Ghayanfor

S S Hyuhuku Maru for Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton A Clayton

IMPORTS

M S Thalatta Agent Lionel Edwards from Gothenburg: 3062 bdls boxboards; 50 bags glass powder; 227 cases hams; 40 bales wood wool; 139 bales boards; 603 bales paper; 210 cases petroleum stoves blow lamps and spare parts; 100 bales old news paper; 201 cases steel hinges.

From Oslo: 7680 bdls boxboards; 327 cases nails; 165 pkgs carbide; 1122 pkgs paper; 250 cases plywood pulp; 1000 bdls over issue newspaper

From Lisbon: 272 pkgs cockboard; 70 bags corks

From Hamburg: 250 bales paper; 90 cases padlocks; 300 cases hurricane lanterns; 60 bdls brass rods; 60 cases tacks

From Rotterdam: 450 plates spelter; 40 bales boxboards; 30 cases unsweetened milk; 250 c/john acetic acid; 100 cases skimmed milk powder spray; 65 bxs cotton yarn; 350 bags tarina starch

From Antwerp: 100 bags bone glue; 47 cases oil cloth 162 cases wire nails; 637 bdls m s circles, 142 c/bags bolts and nuts; 100 dms calcium carbide; 179 bales paper; 75 pcs m s shaftings; 200 bags whiting; 130 casks hydrosulnte of soda; 1000 pcs marble refuse loose; 703 bags m s hoops; 1670 bags rivets; 150 bags sulphate of alumina; 100 cases salammonic

S S Gurna Agent M Mackenzie from Cochin: 1207 bals coir yarn; 2015 odls coir rope; 951 bags cocoanuts; 100 cases coffee; 80 cases roasted coffee beans; 72 bdls rubber; 200 cases cashew kernals

From Rangoon: 9342 bags rice; 100 bags white beans; 1998 dms oil; 450 pkgs wax; 270 pkgs grease; 64 bales cotton and woollen mixed new weaving apparals; 450 cases safety matches; 900 90037 pcs and bdls teak wood

From Colombo: 67 bales mixed waste paper.

'SUPPORT OF EUROPE ASSURED'

Sir Shafaat Ahmed On India's Loyalty

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 30.

"Unflinching support of the Empire in this hour of its trial is absolutely assured," declared Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan in a statement to the Press.

He added: "Her young manhood will prove now as it did in 1914 that it is as determined to maintain and fight for democracy. Whatever views one may hold about the waning and waxing influence of Mr. Chamberlain's policy since September last, on one point there can be no doubt, whatsoever, and that is India's steadfast loyalty to the British Empire, during its severe trial."

Sir Shafaat emphasised that no section of the Indian population would stand aloof.

"This is not the time," he said, "for a species of Dutch Bargaining nor is it an occasion for haggling."—A. P.

C. P. Govt. Contemplates Emergency Measures

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 30.

It is understood that the Central Provinces Government are engaged in exploring measures for the protection of public utility services against sudden strikes and sabotage, for control of food prices and for the checking of undue profiteering on essential commodities in case of an emergency.—A.P.

Azad For Ranchi

LUCKNOW, Aug. 30.

Moulana Abul Kalam Azad is proceeding to Ranchi to-morrow to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee if the dates of the meeting are not changed. He is expecting another telegram from the Congress President.—United Press.

American Markets Optimistic Concerning European Situation

ACTIVE TRADE AND FOREIGN BUYING

Bombay Selling: In N. Y. Cotton Markets

BOMBAY, August 30.

More optimistic ideas concerning Europe were equally reflected in the New York Cotton Market on Tuesday after the firmness of stocks and sterling. Bombay was a late seller but the market's technical position improved after previous day's heavy sales.

The market opened firm. There was active trade and foreign buying with light offerings created by the more optimistic view of the European situation. Prices reacted on increased hedging and some local selling on a larger private crop estimate with less urgent trade demand. The market quietened and became nervous pending further foreign developments. Mr. Jackson Curtis estimate crop 11,700,000 bales and condition 68 per cent.

NEW YORK MARKET.

At the opening October was quoted 17 points higher at 8.54 which was the highest level for the day. Later prices declined on increased selling and October was quoted 8.41 which was the lowest level. The Market finally closed at a net rise of 9 to 13 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 9 points at 8.91 c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was fairly steady with improved buying and closed at a rise of 8 to 12 points. Spot Cotton prices were raised 6 points at 8.86 c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points with October 4.88. There was no speculative interest and the market was nervously awaiting the outcome of the eleventh hour efforts to save peace. There was hedging and local selling and liquidation on Steadier Sterling. The political outlook was slightly more optimistic. There was Bombay selling and hedging against trade calling. The Market closed at a decline of 13 to 9 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 7 points at 5.66 d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was increased selling in Egyptian Cotton. Giza futures declined 17 to 14 points with Spot Cotton 12 points down at 7-32. Uppers futures closed 14 to 8 points lower.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton Market was quiet with scattered selling. Sakels futures closed one point up to 9 points down. Ashmouni futures lost 10 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York Old October highest (10 a.m.)	8.54+17
New York Old October lowest (11-48 a.m.)	8.41+01
Liverpool October highest	4.88—02
Liverpool October lowest	4.76—14

Messrs. Govkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends:—

"Contracts were not plentiful at lower levels.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market sensitive to International money market and is controlled largely by foreign exchange quotations.

Some replacing and trade buying. Selling scattered mostly foreign and hedge selling.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:

Market controlled by unforeseable crisis. Crop developments mixed little net change. Export business slow; domestic foreign cloths slow; mill activity unchanged. Business commodity price indexes unchanged.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Early advance attracted foreign selling steadied on continued trade buying.

Market affected favourably by political situation in Europe reacted on selling by abroad decline checked by fixing on buyers call weather more favourable

Weather Over U. S. A. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, Aug. 30.

Weather cool in Eastern Belt, light rains in Western Belt. Forecast Entire Belt partly cloudy.

small business in dry goods there is a tendency to expect better European situation.

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

New York, Aug 29

OCTOBER	8.69+18
DECEMBER	8.46+10
JANUARY	8.32+17
MARCH	8.33+14
MAY	8.21+12
JULY	8.06+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Contracts

New Orleans, Aug 29

DECEMBER	8.52+11
JANUARY	8.40+12

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 29

October	8.48+09
December	8.31+11
January	8.17+12
March	8.12+13
May	8.00+12
July	7.85+12
Middling Spot	8.91+09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Aug 29

October	8.56+08
December	8.40+12
January	8.28+12
Middling Spot	8.86+06

NEW YORK

New York, Aug 29

11 A.M. RANGES

October	8.52/8.52
December	8.36/8.36
March	8.15/8.15

NOON CALL

October	8.42
December	8.26
March	8.05

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug 29

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	21,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	9,000 bales
Day's exports to China	

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug 29

August	5.05—06
September	4.90—13
October	4.77—13
November	4.75—14
December	4.74—13
January	4.72—12
February	4.72—12
March	4.73—11
April	4.73—10
May	4.73—09
June	4.72—09
July	4.72—09
October	4.67—10
January	4.67—10
March	4.67—10
May	4.67—10
Middling Spot	5.66—07
	11-12 a.m quotations
October	4.87
January	4.79

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug 28

Broach A/M highest 162 lowest 159 closing 160

Oomra D/J highest 150 lowest 147 1/2 closing 148 3/4

Bengal D/J highest 125 lowest 122 1/2 closing 123 3/4

Night session: Broach A/M opening 159 5/8 higgest 160 1/2 lowest 159 3/8 closing 159 3/4

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Aug 29

SAKELS—

November	13.10+1
January	13.00—9
March	13.03—9
ASHMOUNI—	
October	10.13—10
December	10.16—9
February	10.25—8
April	10.33—8
GIZA—	
November	12.02—7
January	12.10—7
March	12.26—5

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach April May New York May Rs. 31

Broach April May Liverpool May Rs. 46 1/4

New York Liverpool: October 25 December 36 January 46 March 53 May to July 78

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Aug 29

GIZA 2—	
Spot	7.32—12
October	6.6/—10
November	6.72—16
January	6.68—17
March	6.68—14
May	6.69—14
July	6.71—14
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.25—12
October	5.76—14
November	5.76—14
January	5.74—14
March	5.72—12
May	5.72—8
July	5.72—8

LONDON SEEDS

London, Aug 29

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. per ton Unquoted

Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. per ton Sept sellers £13-5-0

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton Unquoted

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. per ton Unquoted

Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. per ton Unquoted

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Aug 29

Rozario Santa Fe Sept sellers	19/9
Barletta Russo	unquoted
South Australian	unquoted

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug 29

Linseed oil naked London per cwt Sept sellers	29/9
Linseed oil naked London per cwt Jan April sellers	26/3

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug 30

Following a rise of 9 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 159 for Broach A/M delivery. The market opened at Rs. 158/8 and improved to Rs. 159/2 under scattered buying, but later on there was realising on hopeful outlook of the European political situation and prices declined to Rs. 158/4. Later on there was scattered buying and prices steadied at Rs. 158/8.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 2 points but it opened 11 points down. In the local market there was scattered selling and Broach A/M delivery declined to Rs. 158/2. Later on Liverpool was 8 points down and prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 158/12. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—	
Broach A/M	Rs. 158 6 0
Fine M G—	
Oomra D/J	147 12 0
F G M G—	
Bengal D/J	122 12 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Aug. 30.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F G	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U.P.	133	130	127	124
Punjab	133	130	127	124
Rajputana	136	133	130	127
Oomra No. 3	162	160	157	154
C. P. No. 1	173	171	168	165
C. P. No. 2	166	164	161	159
Broach No. 2	168	166	163	161
Punjab-Ame.	188	186	183	121
Surat	205	203	200	195
Rajpipla	202	200	197	198
Navsari	214	212	209	107

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Bengal Fine	130/32
Bengal F.G.	127/29
C. P. 1	159/61
C. P. 2	157/58
Berar	156/57
Khandesh	140/45
Jalna/Saili	144/46
Khandwa	155/56
Broach	158/60
Punjab 4 F.	173/75
Punjab 289F.	263/08
Sindh N.T.	178/88
Surat	195/96
Navsari	206/08
Western Farm	168/76

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Aug. 30.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		38,887	53,967
Central India		225,421	52,267
Barsi and Nagar		96,055	130,486
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,474	40,380
Berar		162,957	335,233
Central Provinces		39,699	86,990
Total Oomras		567,491	719,278
Dholera		278,019	159,555
N.-W. Provinces		10,731	3,112
Rajputana		81,787	16,929
Sind-Punjab	161	339,543	528,190
Broach		415,085	267,698
Coompta and Dharwar	234	155,705	86,000
Westerns-Northerns	40	99,309	30,190
Cocoanada		98	23
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,677	9,480
American		3,487	177,961
Egyptian, African and Sudan	345	393,086	547,034
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		267	1,240
Total	800	2,347,285	2,546,685
Arrived by road to 24th Aug. 39		392,855	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 24th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

	28-8-39	This year.	Last year.
Europe	754	318,599	343,959
Japan and China	50	1,371,435	746,910
Coast Ports		35,894	63,336
Up-country by Rail		292,736	390,591
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		30,142	21,131
Total	804	2,048,806	1,565,926

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 23-8-39	436000	313000
Receipts Yesterday 29-8-39	21000	18000
Exports to date 29-8-39	226000	224000
Stock at Ports 25-8-39	2078000	2415000
Stock at Interior Towns 25-8-39	2407000	1919000
Stock at Liverpool 25-8-39	600000	1157000
Visible Supply 25-8-39	4897000	5559000
Quantity in sight 25-8-39	583000	488000
Quantity out of sight 25-8-39	476000	508000

Cotton Teji Mandi

Broach A/May settlement 24/3/1940.

D/Option premium Rs. 17 1/4; Teji 8 3/4; Mandi 8 1/2

Teji on Rs. 10 difference Rs. 5 3/4; Mandi 4 1/2

Teji on Rs. 15 difference Rs. 4 1/2; Mandi 3

Teji on Rs. 25 difference Rs. 3; Mandi

Teji on Rs. 175 Rs. 5

Teji on Rs. 180 Rs. 4

Teji on Rs. 185 Rs. 3 1/4

Teji on Rs. 190 Rs. 2 3/4

Teji on Rs. 200 Rs. 1 3/4

Mandi on Rs. 150 Rs. 4 3/4

Mandi on Rs. 145 Rs. 3 1/2

Mandi on Rs. 140 Rs. 2 1/2

Mandi on Rs. 135 Rs. 1 3/4

Broach A/May settlement 21/9/1939.

D/Option premium Rs. 6 1/2; Teji 3 1/4; Mandi 3 1/4

Teji on Rs. 5 difference Teji 1 1/8; Mandi 1 1/2

Teji on Rs 10; Teji 7/8; Mandi 3/4.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Aug 29

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers 8 13/16

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug 30

Yesterday London gold prices declined shillings four at £7-17-0. London Paris Exchange rate was 25 points higher at 175.31. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.38.25 at London and 4.40 at New York.

London silver prices advanced 3/8d. at 19 1/2d. for Spot and forward prices were also raised 3/8d. at 19 3/16d. Offerings were small, there was some speculative buying and the market was quiet but steady. Later with buyers reserved the market closed very steady. There were sellers at prices fixed and 1/16th under. New York Spot silver prices advanced 7/8c. at 37 cents. Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 3 1/2d. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 51/12 and forward parity was Rs. 51-0-9. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate business and silver prices fluctuated between Rs. 50 and Rs. 50/8. Gold was steady with a restricted turnover. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	38 6 0
Shrawan delivery	38 8 0
Bhadrapad delivery	38 7 0
Bhadrapad Tejimandi	1 8 0

SILVER

Ready	50 5 0
Shrawan delivery	50 4 0
Bhadrapad delivery	50 2 0
Bhadrapad Tejimandi	3 8 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 29

Spot	19 1/2
Forward	19 3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 29

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-17-0

LONDON METALS

London, Aug 29

Copper	£45 18 9
Lead	£16 3 9
Spelter	£14 18 9
Tin	£226 10 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Aug. 30.

London Market—

Standard copper cash	£45/15
Standard copper 3 months	£46/0
Electrolytic copper	£45/10
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 39/8
Copper sheets	Rs. 51/8

Tone:—Steady.

Groundunts Coromandel Shelled

London, Aug. 29.

September	£12-2-6.
November	£11-12-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Castorseeds, Sept—	
Opening	29 11 0
Highest	29 11 0
Lowest	29 10 0
Closing	29 10 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	29 7 0
Highest	29 8 0
Lowest	29 6 0
Closing	29 6 0
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	30 13 0
Highest	31 0 6
Lowest	30 11 0
Closing	30 11 0
Cottonseeds Sept—	
Opening	28 0 0
Highest	28 2 0
Lowest	28 0 0
Closing	28 2 0
Cottonseeds Jan.—	
Opening	22 2 6
Highest	22 4 3
Lowest	22 1 9
Closing	22 2 3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Aug. 29.

October	46 1/4d.
December	47 1/2d.
March	48 1/2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Aug. 29.

September	dol 0.66 7/8.
December	dol 0.67 1/4.
May	dol 0.67 3/4.

New York Sugar

New York, Aug. 29.

September	1.96.
November	2.00.
January	1.94.
March	1.95.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Aug 29

December sh. 6 3/4d

Foreign Wheat Markets

Bombay, Aug 30

Liverpool wheat market on Tuesday declined sharply on stoploss selling induced by reports of a change in policy of American isolationists in the event of war.

Chicago declined in sympathy with Winnipeg, disappointing demand. There was general liquidation following some alleviation in the political tension.

The latest Reuter's cable reads:—Buenos Aires.

"Rainfall averaged 0.5 inches in north and nil in the south. Weather is unsettled. There is general frost with rains favourable for focusts reported from Santa Fe and Erios."

C. P. And Berar Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. 55,00.000 of six months' Government of Central Provinces and Berar Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday, the 30th August 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 55.00.000.

Tenders at Rs. 98-4-0 were accepted in full. Total amount accepted was Rs. 55.00.00. the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 3-8-0 per cent per annum.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug 30

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 Loan	96/10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Dash)	95/14
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan	98/12
3 per cent 1941 Bond	101/12
3 per cen 1963/65 Loan	96/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan	102/4
4 per cent 1943 Bond	106/8
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan	108/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan	115/12
5 per cent 1940-43 Loan	103
TAXFREE LOANS	
5 per cent 1945-55 Loan	112/2
4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore Loan	111/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan	121/0
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T	1974 107/8
4 per cent M Deb	1974 106/8
5 per cent M Deb	1959 114
6 per cent M Deb	1954 127
6 per cent K P T	1955 127/0

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 95/14 improved to Rs. 96 and declined to Rs. 95/12. Budlee difference came down from annas 8 to annas 6.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Aug 30

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 7/8 to December 6

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32 Aug/15th Sept.

Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32 Aug.

Bank's buying D D 1/5 1/16

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 5/16 to 28th October.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 310 nominal

Bank's buying T T 299 nominal

Bank's buying D D 298 nominal

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,290

Bank's buying T T 1,320

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 1/2

Bank's buying T T 77 1/4

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 58 1/2

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 58 3/8

HUNGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 25 1/2 nominal

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 158 1/8

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 81

CROSS RATE—

Hongkong London 1/2 15/16 30th instant

Shanghai London 0/3 31/32 30th instant

Japan London 1/2 1/64 30th instant

Java London 8.14 30th instant

New York London 4.39 1/4 29th instant

London New York 4.38 1/4 29th instant

London Paris 175.31 29th instant

London Italy 82.75 29th instant

London Belgium 25.85 29th instant

London Switzerland 19.37 1/2 29th instant

London Berlin 11.12 29th instant

London Stockholm 18.20 29th instant

London Amsterdam 8.15 1/2 29th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.

Gold £7-15-6 26th instant

Gold £7-17-0 29th. instant

Silver London Reddy 20 1/16 26th instant

Silver London ready 19 1/2 29th instant

Silver London Forward 19 7/8 26th instant

Silver London forward 19 3/16 29th instant

Silver New York Ready 39 3/4 26th instant

Silver New York Ready 37 29th instant

London discounts 3 months 3 7/8 per cent 26th instant

London discounts 3 months 3 15/16 per cent 29th instant

London discounts 6 months 5 per cent 26th instant

London discounts 6 months 5 per cent 29th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 4 per cent

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 months 1 per cent

6 months 1 1/4 per cent

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Aug 29

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	67 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	80 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	94
4 per cent 1948/53	100
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	104
4 1/2 per cent 1956/68	105
5 per cent 1942/47	103 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	92
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	64
3 1/2 per cent War loan	89
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	103
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	35

Bombay Yarn Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—	
August	96 0 0
October	96 0 0
December	97 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—	
August	109 0 0
October	110 0 0
December	110 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—	
August	137 0 0
October	137 0 0
December	138 0 0
Yarn No. 40s—	
August	208 0 0
October	208 0 0
December	209 0 0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 29

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£68
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	67 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	80 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	104
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	64
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	88
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	89
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	103
Victory Bonds	102
Chartered Bank of I A and China	6
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	70
National Bank of India	28 1/4

Tata Steel Shares Look-Up

COTTON MILLS AND BURMAS VERY STEADY

Associated Cements Decline

BOMBAY, August 30.

The local Share Bazar opened quiet and with scattered buying prices ruled steady. There was not much speculative enterprise pending clarification of the European situation where eleventh hour peace move is in progress.

Yesterday the Wall Street market was fairly firm though operators were cautious. The market was influenced by revival of hopes of peace. U.S. Steel shares advanced 1 1/2 at 47 1/2. Anaconda Copper Shares closed 7/8 up at 25. General Motor Shares improved at 1 3/8 at 45 3/8 dollars.

It appears that in view of European situation operators are cautious and prices are fluctuating within a narrow range. The dividends declared on Tata Steel Shares are considered very satisfactory and now there being no areas of second preference shares and fairly large forward business booked it is anticipated that next year's dividends would be higher. Thus present prices seem attractive for a long range outlook but at present the market is mainly influenced by European political developments.

It being end of the month there was fair amount of transfer business but carry-over premiums narrowed to about Rs. 4/2 for Tata Steel Dfds.

The market opened quiet with Tata Steel Dfds. quoted at Rs. 1,337 and declined to Rs. 1,332 which was the lowest level. Later on there was steady buying and prices hardened to Rs. 1,365 and closed at Rs. 1,363. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 279 and rose to Rs. 287.

Cotton Mill Shares ruled steady with a moderate turnover and prices closed slightly higher. There was improved demand for Bombay Dyeing Shares which after opening at Rs. 732 advanced to Rs. 740.

Bombay Burma Shares ruled firm and closed at Rs. 462. Associated Cement Shares were easy and prices after opening at Rs. 119 declined to Rs. 117/8.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, August 30.

100	Amed. Advance	246 14
250	BOM. DYEING	740 0
100	CENTURY	211 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	211 0
100	COLABA	112 0
100	Coorla	84 0
250	David	25 0
250	Dawn	235 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	90 8
100	GOKAK	131 0
1,000	Hindustan	1660 0
100	Indore	30 12
100	Khatau	81 8
100	KOHINOOR	222 8
350	Laxmi	417 8
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	110 8
250	Model	38 8
50	MYSORE	79 4
200	NEW GREAT	183 0
100	Oosmanshahi	41 0
100	PHOENIX	226 4
25	SASSOON SILK	69 4
50	SIMPLEX	83 4
1,000	Sholapur	2,600 0
100	SWADESHI	201 0
100	SWAN	80 12
500	Vishnu	1,000 0
1,000	Westerns	850 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	96 8
35-50	Central D	32 4
500	Imperial	1,505 0
50-100	Imp. Conty.	370 10
50-100	India	138 12
100	Reserve Bank	109 8
100	Union	5 13
	CEMENTS	
100	ASSOCIATED	117 8
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	640 0
15-100	Jupiter	12 10
20	Mercantile	56 0
15-75	New India	36 4
290	Oriental	4340 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 0
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ahd. Old	143 2
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,442 8
10	Ajmer	11 2
50	BOMBAY TRAM	126 0
100	Bombay Suburban	165 0
10	Broach	10 11
100	Karachi	191 4
100	Poona	183 8
100	Surat	161 4
100	TATA HYDRO	152 8
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,276 4
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	1,002 8
100	C. Province	99 0
100	Dh. Baramati	101 8
100	Gujarat	98 8
100	Mandra Bhon	100 0
100	Pachora Jamner	85 8
100	Sara Serajganj	102 0
500	Tapti Valley	776 4
	MININGS	
9	Burma Corp.	5 4
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 13
10	Indian Iron and Steel	24 2
10	SHIVRAJPUR	32 12
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1,363 12
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	287 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	383 0
10	Air Service	6 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	170 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	602 8
250	BOMBAY STEAM	261 0
125	B. BURMA	462 0
50	B. BURMA CONTY	156 14
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	87 8
100	IND. BLEACHING	84 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	44 4
100	I. Radio Defd.	347 8
100	I. Radio Ord.	340 0
100	Port Canning	71 12
20	PREMIER CON.	69 12
15	Scindia	17 12
25	Tata Oil Mill	34 0
	PREFERENCE	
1	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,482 8
6	p.c Bombay Steam	297 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.) XD.	76 8
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	560 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	110 4
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	147 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1,575 0
6	p. c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	207 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Aug 30

Bombay Dyeing (737/8) 732 728 735 740

Century (214/8) 208 210 209 211/8

Central India (209/8) 206 207 209 211

Kohinoor (225) 222 221 222/8

New Great (184) 180 181 183

Simplex (69) 68 67/8 68/4

Swadeshi (200/8) 199 201

Associated Cement (119/8) 119 118/8 117/8 118 117/8

Andhra (1440) 1440 1442

Tram Ord (125/8) 126

Tata Hydro (152/4) 152

Tata Power (12/0) 12/5 1277 1275 1276

T Steel Defd (1345) 1337 1332 1345 1355 1365 1362 1363

T Steel Ord (282) 279 280 279 285 284 286 287

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (161/8) 162/4

Bellapur (169/8) 169 170

B Steam (261) 261

B Burma (463) 460 461 460 462

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Aug 29

Messrs. Bachvala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
American Power and Light Common	4
American Power and Light 5 per cent Pfd	40
Electric Power and Light 7 per cent Pfd	29 1/2
Amr Water Works and Elec dol 6 Pfd	93
Electric Bond and Share Common	8 7/8
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	98
American Telephone and Telegraph	162 5/8
Western Union Telegraph	22 1/2
Great Northern Pfd	23
New York Central	13 1/4
Liggett Myers B	104
Union Carbon and Carbide	79
Gillette Safety Razor dol 5 Pfd	49
Guaranty Trust	256
Chase National Bank	29 3/4
Amrex Corporation	19 3/8
Texas Corporation	36 1/4
United States Steel	47 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	59
Crucible Steel	30
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	17
Republic Steel	16
U S Smelting	50
Anaconda Copper Mining	25
Int Nickel of Canada	48 1/8
Chrysler Motors	80 1/2
General Motors	45 5/8
American Radiator	10
General Electric	36 1/8
Lockheeds	22
Socony	10 7/8
Consolidated Oil	7
National City Bank of N Y	23 1/4

Turnover 480,000 shares. Fundamental conditions continue to improve.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Aug. 30.

Wheat	26,317 cwts.
Linseed	1,830 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	250 cwts.
Gingellyseed	755 cwts.
Poppyseed	41 cwts.
Groundnuts	6,672 cwts.
Castorseed	276 cwts.
Rice	6,251 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,081 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,654 cwts.
Mowraseed	301 cwts.
Gram	1,241 cwts.
Joowar	2,242 cwts.
Maize	29 cwts.
Bariey	452 cwts.
Bajree	381 cwts.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug 29

T T London on:—	
New York	4.38.25
Paris	175.31
Berlin	11.12
Madrid	unquoted
Montreal	4.46
Amsterdam	8.15 1/2
Brussels	25.85
Milan	82.75
Berne	19.37 1/2
Copenhagen	unquoted
Stockholm	18.20
Oslo	19.00

7½ p.c.	Tata Steel 2nd.	162 4
7 p. c.	Vishnu	975 0
	DEBENTURES	
3-3/4 p.c.	Andhra Valley	101 12
6 p.c.	Andhra Valley	105 0
4 p.c.	Bombay Telephone	52 8
7 p.c	Sholapur	78 6
6 p.c	Tata Hydro	105 6

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1939

SKIN BOONE LOTION
CURES rapidly BARBER'S ITCH, RING-WORM of all kinds and anywhere on the body. INSTANT CURE for STINGS of MOSQUITOES and other insects. Will not stain clothes. Will not injure the most delicate skin. No discomfort of Grease or Oil. Will dry up instantly on application. Cure guaranteed.
Agents:
Sorabji Hormusji & Co.,
BOMBAY 2.

Britain Examines Hitler's Reply

No More Statement Likely At Present

Nazi Press Plead For 'Genuine Anglo-German Understanding'

But Harping On "Injustice Of Versailles" Continues!

LONDON, Aug. 30.

It is learned that Herr Hitler's reply was received at the Foreign Office in London late to-night and is being examined by Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax.

No further statement can be expected at present.

IT IS LEARNED THAT THE GERMAN REPLY WAS OF A DETAILED CHARACTER. IT WAS HANDED OVER IN GERMAN AND TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH TOOK SOME TIME. FURTHER DETAILS WERE ADDED BY ORAL EXPLANATIONS TO SIR NEVILE HENDERSON.

SIR NEVILE HENDERSON WAS ALONE WHEN HE VISITED THE FUEHRER.

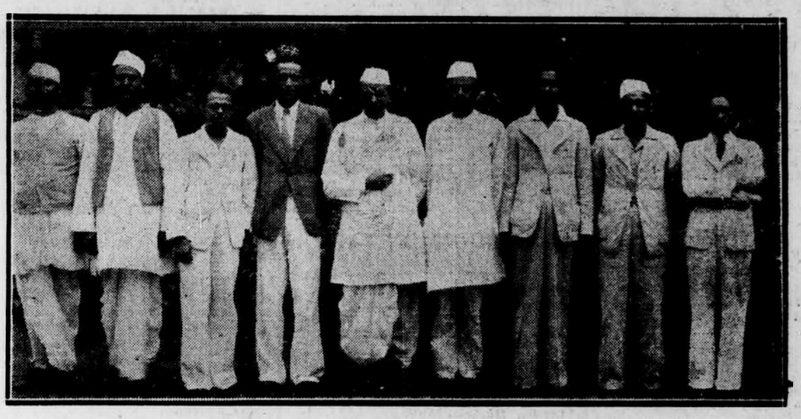
Commenting on the exchange of notes between Berlin and London, the "National Zeitung" of Essen, which is associated with Field Marshal Goering, says, "The Fuehrer's preparedness to examine even partially bearable and reasonable proposals and to make an effort to approach the necessary solution is exemplary for any statesman.

"Even if diplomatic conversations between Berlin and London continued, the situation remains as before very serious and it must be added that it will remain serious until the hour when the just German demands are fulfilled."

The possibility and desirability of an Anglo-German understanding on a wide basis has suddenly come to the fore in Germany. The subject is generally discussed in the morning papers following Mr. Chamberlain's statement in the House of Commons yesterday and the exchange of communications between Herr Hitler and Mr. Chamberlain.

"Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung," for example, says: Herr Hitler's goal is peace in Europe brought about by the removal of injustice of Versailles and also to create the foundation for a genuine Anglo-German understanding within the framework of this greater goal. Mr. Chamberlain has agreed to this distant goal in his speech but the speech has also showed that the unsolved German-Polish question stands between the two nations and the attainment of this goal.

"Frankfurter Zeitung" says: Mr. Chamberlain's statement clearly reveals that the big question is whether and how the desire for a lasting Anglo-German understanding can be made compatible with the solution demanded and the British guarantee which has rendered the German-Polish question so difficult.—Reuter.



The Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, received a deputation of E. S. T. employees at Poona on Tuesday. The deputation was led by Mr. M. R. Masani, who is seen to the right of the Premier. Mr. Gulzari Lal Nanda, Parliamentary Secretary (to the left of the Premier) was also present.

Mahatma's Message To Poles

Truth And Love—True Foundations Of Human Welfare

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, August 30.

I UNDERSTAND THAT GANDHIJI SENT A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO THE PEOPLE OF POLAND WHICH IS APPEARING IN TO-NIGHT'S ISSUE OF "WIODOMOSCI LITERACKIE," A POLISH NEWSPAPER FROM WARSAW.

THE MESSAGE SAYS, TO ALL THOSE IN POLAND WHO BELIEVE THAT ONLY TRUTH AND LOVE CAN BE FOUNDATIONS OF BETTER DAYS FOR HUMANITY AND WHO ARE DOING THEIR BEST TO SERVE THOSE IDEALS WITH THEIR LIFE I SEND MY GOOD WISHES AND BLESSINGS.—M. K. GANDHI.

INDIAN STUDENTS IN GERMANY RETURNING TO LONDON DEPRIVED OF MONEY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, August 30.

SEVERAL INDIANS MOSTLY STUDENTS WHO ARRIVED IN LONDON LAST NIGHT FROM GERMANY UNDER ADVICE OF THE BRITISH CONSULATE WHEN THEY REACHED THE FRONTIER, THE GERMAN CUSTOMS POLICE SEARCHED THEM CAREFULLY AND CONFISCATED ALL MONEY THAT THEY HAD IN CASH.

THUS PRACTICALLY ALL OF THEM NOW FIND THEMSELVES STRANDED IN LONDON.

Settle Polish Problem First

British Press On Anglo-German Relations

LONDON, Aug. 30.

Anglo-German relations are the theme of several editorials.

"The Times" says that Anglo-German relations must ultimately depend on the complete abandonment of methods of menace by force in Germany's dealings not only with ourselves but also with others.

They must be part as the Prime Minister indicated yesterday of a general settlement. Germany's methods towards Poland therefore constitute a test case of her readiness to conduct her relationships with other people on the only lines which would make any trustworthy International agreements possible.

CONFERENCE METHOD

The "Daily Telegraph" says that a permanent settlement of differences would be welcomed nowhere more fervently than in this country but there can be no approach to it as long as the preliminary condition remains that Hitler shall be allowed to wreak his will on Poland.

If the desire for peace outweighs the wish for aggrandisement, the Fuehrer has but to bring his case to a conference of equal nations without previous commitments on either side or alternatively submit the quarrel forced upon Poland to conciliation and the shadow of war will pass.

SETTLE POLISH PROBLEM

The "Daily Herald" says: "We are ready to negotiate with Germany on her problems and grievances and try to reach such a settlement as will make possible the opening up of world resources to the benefit of men and women of all nations, but only after there has been a free, full settlement of the German-Polish dispute on terms which Poland no less than Germany feels she can fairly accept.

The "News Chronicle" says: Hitler has to choose. He can seek to have his way with Poland or he can seek peace with Britain, but if he desires, as he has so often declared, to live on good terms with the British Empire he must respect those things which the British Empire has pledged itself to honour.—Reuter.

Germany Completes Mobilisation?

Telephone Connections With Danzig Cut Off

WARSAW, August 30.

Reports of German aggressions on German and Slovak frontiers are multiplying. A spokesman alleged that incursions from Slovakia were made by German soldiers dressed in Slovak uniforms or Civilian clothes this aggravating the tension.

He declared that Germany had now completed mobilisation and concentrations.

Telephonic communication with Danzig was practically non-existent and Danzigers were rationed as in Germany.—Reuter.

Domestic Happiness On Increase

Beneficial Effects Of Prohibition In Hazaribagh

RANCHI Aug. 29.

Prohibition has diverted the entire income of the labourer to the provision of home necessities. This has led to increased domestic happiness and less domestic brawls. The craving of the Working classes for their daily drink is gradually disappearing.

This epitomizes the achievement of prohibition in the district of Hazaribagh, according to the progress report for the month of July 1939.

It is estimated that only 2 per cent. of the former addicts are still visiting the bordering wet areas for a drink. Even the number of such persons is decreasing. Some of the former addicts belonging to the richer classes consume foreign liquor in reduced doses. This led to an increase in the consumption of foreign spirits and wines by 137 quarts and of beer by 220 quarts. But keeping in view the large number of persons addicted to drink who have been affected by prohibition the increase is insignificant.

Altogether 12 cases against excise laws were detected during the month against 6 last year. This increase is due to the fact that some bootleggers had become active in the already inaccessible and jungly areas which have been rendered still less accessible on account of the rains and flooding of streams.—United Press.

Viceroy's Ordinance Asks Britishers In India To Get Themselves Registered

All Details Must Be Supplied In 14 Days: Fine Of Rs. 500 In Case Of Failure

SIMLA, August 30.

European male British subjects between the ages of 16 and 50 are called upon by Ordinance No. 2 issued by the Viceroy this morning to register themselves within 14 days of issue of the Ordinance. Non-compliance is punishable with a fine up to Rs. 500.

The Ordinance does not apply to members of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces or ministers of the church in India or persons confined in a prison or lunatic asylum.

Particulars required to be furnished by those registering themselves include previous training of any description or service in any naval, military or air force and the duration of such training or service, and whether they possess a flying licence, present profession or occupation with full qualifications, number of dependents and their relationship.

The period of 14 days allowed for registration applies to persons present in India at the commencement of the Ordinance while in the case of persons becoming subject to the Ordinance after its commencement, 14 days are allowed from the date on which they become so subject.—A.P.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST DR. PATWARDHAN

Sequel To Anti-A. I. C. C. Demostration

AKOLA.

Vidarbha Provincial Congress Executive Committee at its recent meeting Hon. Mr. Biyani presiding, decided debarring Dr. S. G. Patwardhan, a member of the Provincial Congress and Amraoti Nagar Congress Executive, from holding any elective post in the Congress for one year for participating at Amraoti in anti-A. I. C. C. demonstration on 9th July.

Dr. Patwardhan is the organiser of the Forward Bloc in Berar.—A. P.

Crop Failure In Dhalbhum

RANCHI, Aug. 28.

Certain areas in Dhalbhum subdivision of Singhbum district sustained partial failure of the last paddy crop following which, it is understood, Government had been approached to declare those areas as famine areas.

A sum of Rs. 75,000 has been advanced as agricultural loans to the distressed areas, and Rs. 6,000 as Land Improvement Loans. Rs. 6,000 was spent on relief works and Rs. 13,000 has been given for construction of wells. Remission of chaukidari tax has also been granted and the current year's demand has been postponed till October 31, 1939.

Other measures for the amelioration of the people of the subdivision in various directions are also being taken.—A. P.

REPRESSION WON'T SUPPRESS US

Mysore Congress President's Warning To Govt.

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

Shri T. Siddalingaiya, Acting President, Mysore Congress has issued the following statement to the Press:—

I reiterate my firm conviction that no amount of repression will ever succeed in suppressing the legitimate aspirations of an awakened people and unequivocally declare my sincere anxiety to avoid a clash and make it clear that the responsibility for the struggle, should it arise as a result of this aggressive attitude of the Government, rests entirely with the Government.

I appeal to all Mysoreans and Congressmen in particular always to keep in mind that truth and non-violence are the fundamentals of our movement and to close up their ranks and be prepared for all suffering and sacrifice in the cause of the Country.

Notorious Dacoit Shot Dead

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Aug. 30

A notorious dacoit named Jethaji who was a terror in Ahmedabad district was shot dead yesterday by Limbdi State Police near Limbdi. Jethaji was leader of a gang of dacoits under whose guidance many dacoities and robberies in various villages of the district were it is alleged, committed.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE POISON THORN

I GOT A GUN IN THIS POCKET. BRING OUT THEM JEWELS, BROTHER!
YES, SIR!
PRIVATE
MANAGER
AH, YOU'RE TOO SLOW- I'LL CLEAN IT OUT, MYSELF!
WILKINS, I HEARD GLASS BREAKING. WHAT'S---- A ROBBERY! HELP, POLICE! HELP!
PRIVATE

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